



Universitat de Lleida

Bachelor's Degree self- assessment report

AQU Catalunya

ASIIN (EUR-ACE®, Euro-Inf®)

2021

Polytechnic School - UdL

**DOCUMENT ESBORRANY
EN PROCÉS DE REVISIÓ LINGÜÍSTICA I TÈCNICA**

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Acronyms and Initialisms

	Significat	Significado	Meaning
ACUP	Associació Catalana d'Universitats Públiques	Asociación Catalana de Universidades Públicas	Catalan Association of Public Universities
ADE	Grau en Administració i Direcció d'Empreses	Grado en Administración y Dirección de Empresas	Bachelor's degree in Business Administration and Management
AQU	Agència per a la Qualitat del Sistema Universitari de Catalunya	Agencia para la Calidad del Sistema Universitario de Cataluña	Agency for the Quality of the University System of Catalonia
BOE	Butlletí Oficial de l'Estat	Boletín Oficial del Estado	Official State Gazette
CAE	Comitè d'Avaluació Extern	Comité de Evaluación Externo	External Evaluation Commission
CAI	Comitè d'Avaluació Intern	Comité de Evaluación Interno	Internal Evaluation Commission
CAU	Comissió d'Avaluació de la Universitat	Comisión de Evaluación de la Universidad	University Evaluation Commission
CFGS	Cicle Formatiu de Grau Superior	Ciclo Formativo de Grado Superior	Higher education training cycle
CV	Campus virtual	Campus Virtual	Virtual Campus
EPS	Escola Politècnica Superior	Escuela Politècnica Superior	Polytechnic School
ETSEA	Escola Tècnica Superior d'Enginyeria Agrària	Escuela Técnica Superior de Ingeniería Agraria	School of Agrifood and Forestry Science and Engineering
GATE	Grau en Arquitectura Tècnica i Edificació	Grado en Arquitectura Técnica y Edificación	Bachelor's degree in Architectural Technology and Building Construction
GEEIA	Grau en Enginyeria Electrònica Industrial i Automàtica	Grado en Ingeniería Electrónica Industrial y Automática	Bachelor's degree in Automation and Industrial Electronic Engineering
GEES	Grau en Enginyeria de l'Energia i Sostenibilitat	Grado en Ingeniería de la Energía y Sostenibilidad	Bachelor's degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering
GEI	Grau en Enginyeria Informàtica	Grado en Ingeniería Informática	Bachelor's degree in Computer Engineering
GEM	Grau en Enginyeria Mecànica	Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica	Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering
HIDA	Hores impartides de docència a l'aula	Horas impartidas de docencia en el aula	Teaching hours taught in the classroom
INSPIRES	Institut Politècnic d'Innovació i Recerca en Sostenibilitat	Instituto Politécnico de Innovación e Investigación en Sostenibilidad	Polytechnic Institute of Research and Innovation in Sustainability
MEIND	Màster en Enginyeria Industrial	Máster en Ingeniería Industrial	Master's degree in Industrial Engineering
MEINF	Màster en Enginyeria Informàtica	Máster en Ingeniería Informática	Master's degree in Informatics Engineering
PAS	Personal d'Administració i Serveis	Personal de Administración y Servicios	Administration and Services Personnel
PAU	Proves d'Accès a la Universitat	Pruebas de Acceso a la Universidad	University Entrance Exams
PDI	Personal Docent i Investigador	Personal Docente e Investigador	Teaching and Research Staff
PTE	Pràctiques Tutelades en Empresa	Prácticas Tuteladas en Empresa	Internship
RUCT	Registre d'Universitats, Centres i Títols	Registro de Universidades, Centros y Títulos	Registry of Universities, Centers and Titles
SGIQ	Sistema de Garantia Interna de la Qualitat	Sistema de Garantía interna de la Calidad	Internal Quality Assurance System



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	Significat	Significado	Meaning
EPI	Equip de protecció individual	Equipo de protección individual	Personal Protective Equipment
CIC	Consell Interuniversitari de Catalunya	Consejo Interuniversitario de Cataluña	Interuniversity Council of Catalonia
EEES	Espai Europeu d'Educació Superior	Espacio Europeo de Educación Superior	European Higher Education Area
MECES	Marc Espanyol de Qualificacions per a l'Educació Superior	Marco Español de Cualificaciones para la Educación Superior	Spanish Higher Education Qualifications Framework
TFG	Treball de Fi de Grau	Trabajo de Fin de Grado	Bachelor's thesis
TFM	Treball de Fi de Màster	Trabajo de Fin de Màster	Master's thesis

A) About the Accreditation Procedure

This report of accreditation of the degrees in Computer Engineering, Degree in Mechanical Engineering, Degree in Automatic Industrial Electronic Engineering and Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability of the Polytechnic School has been prepared during the months of June and July of 2021. This report is part of the Internal Phase of the EPS accreditation process and consists of the following stages:

- Constitution of the Internal Evaluation Committee (CAI)
- Preparation of the Accreditation report and collection of evidence.
- Publicity of the report.
- Report approvals.
- Sending the report to AQU Catalunya-ASIIN and access to the evidence.
- Preparation of the students' achievements corresponding to the subjects selected by the External Evaluation Committee (CAE).

This process began on 06/02/2021 with a meeting to present the accreditation process, which was attended by the Center's Management and the coordinators involved (0_01_EPS_Reunió accitacions 2021.pdf), where the guidelines for the drafting of the self-report and the work schedule was established (0_02_Cronograma.pdf).

On 06/17/2021, the date on which the Study Commission that acts as the School Quality Assurance Commission met, the Internal Evaluation Committee (CAI) of the accreditation process was set up (0_03_EPS_Acta 2021-06-17. pdf). It should be noted that the composition of the CAI guarantees the participation of all university groups (PDI, PAS and students) in the assessment of training programs.

Regarding the accreditation process, specific meetings have been held with the teaching staff, the students and the PAS to complete the Accreditation Report. Likewise, different university services have been contacted (Library and Documentation Service, International Relations Office, Institute of Continuing Education and Training Sciences, etc.) in order to obtain specific information. Once all the information has been collected, it has been presented jointly, in the form of a report, to all members of the CAI. The evidence (0_04_EPS_Conv_CAI.pdf) contains the minutes of the IAC meeting where the draft report was presented prior to public exposure. It should be noted that all groups (PDI, PAS and students) have representation on this committee. Once the comments, evaluations and corrections of the committee have been incorporated, a complete version has been prepared, which has been publicly exposed (0_05_EPS_ExPublica.pdf). Comments from all EPS groups have been received, and these have been included in the report, which contains the supporting evidence.

As a consequence of the overall process, this self-accreditation report has been drafted collaboratively. It can be seen that the sections regarding each degree have been deployed



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by each programme coordinator. This collaborative process reduces the uniformity among the sections, but enriches the contributions within the framework of each programme.

**General data**

Website of the Higher Education Institution	University of Lleida (UdL) http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/estudis/estudis-de-grau/ http://udl.cat/ca/en/studies/studies_bycentres/
Faculty / Department offering the Programme	EPS - Escola Politècnica Superior (Polytechnic School)

Seals applied for

Name of the degree programme (in original language)	(Official) English translation of the name	Labels applied for^[1]	Previous accreditation (issuing agency, validity)	Involved Technical Committees (TC)^[2] (will be completed by ASIIN)
Grado en Ingeniería Informática (GEI)	Bachelor's degree in Computer Engineering	AQU, ASIIN, Euro-Inf®	AQU, 04.28.2022 ASIIN Euro-Inf, 30.09.2021	
Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica (GEM)	Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering	AQU, ASIIN, EUR-ACE®	AQU, 04.28.2022 ASIIN Eur-ACE, 30.09.2021	
Grado en Ingeniería Electrónica Industrial y Automática (GEEIA)	Bachelor's degree in Automation and Industrial Electronic Engineering	AQU, ASIIN, EUR-ACE®	AQU, 04.28.2022 ASIIN Eur-ACE, 30.09.2021	
Grado en Ingeniería de la Energía y Sostenibilidad (GEES)	Bachelor's degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering	AQU, ASIIN, EUR-ACE®	AQU 06.23.2023 -	



B) Characteristics of the Degree Programme/s

a) name	Final degree (original / English translation)	b) Areas of Specialization	c) Corresponding level of EQF ^[3]	d) Mode of Study	e) Double / Joint Degree	f) Duration	g) Credit points / unit	h) Intake rhythm & First time of offer
Degree in Computer Engineering (GEI)	Ingeniero Técnico en Informática / Bachelor's degree in Computer Engineering	. Information technology . Information systems . computing . Computer Engineering . Software Engineering	Level 6	Full time / part time	-	8 semesters	240 ECTS	70 2010-11
Degree in Mechanical Engineering (GEM)	Ingeniero Técnico Industrial / Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering		Level 6	Full time / part time	-	8 semesters	240 ECTS	50 2010-11
Degree in Automatic Industrial Electronic Engineering (GEEIA)	Ingeniero Técnico Industrial / Bachelor's degree in Automation and Industrial Electronic Engineering		Level 6	Full time / part time	-	8 semesters	240 ECTS	50 2010-11
Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability	Bachelor's degree in Energy and Sustainability	. Environmental mitigation . Energy facilities . Sustainable	Level 6	Full time / part time	-	8 semesters	240 ECTS	40 2017-18



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a) name	Final degree (original / English translation)	b) Areas of Specialization	c) Corresponding level of EQF [3]	d) Mode of Study	e) Double / Joint Degree	f) Duration	g) Credit points / unit	h) Intake rhythm & First time of offer
(GEES)	Engineering	construction						



C) Self-assessment for the ASIIN-Seal

1. The Degree Programme: Concept, content & implementation

Criterion 1.1 Objectives and learning outcomes of a degree programme (intended qualifications profile)

In Spain, Bachelor's and Masters degrees are regulated by Royal Decree RD 1393/2007, modified by RD 861/2010. Since the adaptation of the Spanish university system to the framework of the EEES, the structure of university studies in Spain distinguishes between Bachelor's degrees (4 years of study, usually 240 ECTS) and Master's degrees (1-2 years, between 60 and 120 ECTS).

In addition, the Spanish Government establishes specific rules for the degrees of the called "regulated professions", as is the case of engineering. These professions have specific legislation that defines the competences that the student must acquire at the end of their studies:

Order CIN/351/2009. establish the requirements for the verification of official university degrees that enable the exercise of the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer. This is the case of the GEM and GEEIA Bachelor's degrees. When designing the GEES curriculum, the indications of this same order have been followed. In this way, the content of the first and second years constitute a common core between the three Bachelor's degrees. This allows the student to make the decision to choose one of the three degrees when he has more knowledge.

Order CIN/311/2009 establish the requirements for the verification of official university degrees that enable the exercise of the profession of Industrial Engineer. This is the case of the MEInd (Master's degree in Industrial Engineering).

Resolution of June 8, 2009 establish recommendations for official degrees in the fields of Computer Engineering (MEInf. Master's degree in Computer Engineering) and Computer Technical Engineering (GEI)

As indicated in the previous evaluation, the Polytechnic School began to work on adapting its teachings to the EEES in 2007. To carry out this adaptation, it was necessary to detect the needs of all the parties involved, which required the participation of both social agents: companies, public and private institutions and Alumni (external agents) from each engineering sector, as well as from the different university groups, represented by the teaching staff, the Administration and Services Personnel (PAS) and the students (internal agents). It should be noted that in the search for external agents, the Social Council of the UdL played a crucial role, organizing different meetings with external agents.

This procedure followed the Director Plan for Teaching at the University of Lleida, approved by the University Governing Council on June 10, 2007. Likewise, given the complexity of the process of adaptation of the UdL degrees, the Unit of Teaching Planning was created. The purpose of this unit was to give support to the university community to carry out the adaptation of the UdL to the new EEES framework, in accordance with current regulations and the policy of the Vice-Rectorate of Teaching of the UdL.



The first step in this procedure consisted in deciding which undergraduate degrees should be implemented in the EPS; To this end, a set of meetings / encounters with the different agents were set up in order to detect the training, economic and social needs of our environment. The internal agents prepared a proposal based on the availability of the Center and the departments that taught, which was submitted to the external agents. This proposal consisted of the vertical deployment of the EPS with the aim of implementing long-term first-degree and second-cycle degrees (Master's degrees) in the three branches of engineering at the School (IT, Industrial and Building). Through a meeting for each engineering sector with external agents, this proposal was agreed upon and an important challenge was reached, such as the support of society for the vertical development model proposed by the School.

All the evidences related to the process of preparing the study plans are listed by the code 1_02_EPS. The evidence presented is the composition of the committees for the preparation of the study plans, the minutes of the School Board, the agreements of the academic associations and decrees with requirements for the design of the study plans, the working documents prepared by the Ministry of Education and the Guidelines of the University of Lleida, the White Books of the different degrees, the surveys carried out to social agents on the design of competencies, the results of these surveys and the list of social agents who participated in the process.

The Degree Map project proposed to replace each of the existing technical engineering with a new degree. This proposal culminated in the approval of the Map of Degrees of the Polytechnic School:

- Degree in Computer Engineering
- Degree in Building Engineering
- Degree in Electronic, Industrial and Automatic Engineering
- Degree in Mechanical Engineering

Once the reports of the degrees were finalized, the School proceeded to start the process of implementing the two master's degrees currently taught at the School: Master's in Industrial Engineering and Master's in Computer Engineering.

For the design of the study plans, three phases were established with the participation of various agents:

- Definition of competencies: Internal and external agents
- Preparation and approval of study plans: Internal agents prepare the proposal, consult external agents and the agree. Approval will be made by the governing bodies of the school: Study Commissions and the Center and University Board: Governing Council.
- Preparation and approval of reports: The reports will be prepared by the management team of the Center and will be approved by the governing bodies of the School: Study Commission and Center Board.

To define the competencies of each degree, the following were considered:

1. The competencies defined in the royal decrees that regulate the engineering professions.



2. The transversal competences that each University and School could define. As a result of the collaboration of the different groups, the list of Transversal Competences of the Polytechnic School was drawn up. This list would be the reference for the preparation of future study plans for degrees and masters and would complement the strategic competences of the University of Lleida and those specific to each degree. The strategic competencies of the EPS were approved by the Plenary Commission of the Degrees of Industrial Engineering, Computer Engineering and Building Engineering on June 16, 2008.

It must be said that in the three fields of study, Industrial, Computer Science and Technical Architecture, monitoring commissions were established, basically channeled through professional associations that meet with the main objective of monitoring the development of the degrees, as well how to generate initiatives that improve them. As a result of these commissions, the Awards for the Best Academic Record and the Award for the Best Final Degree and Master Project of each degree are awarded.

The implementation of the Master in Industrial Engineering was the culmination of a very old claim of the professional sector of Industrial Engineering in our environment. It should be noted that until 2010, the start date of these new master's studies, students from Lleida who wanted to continue their studies in Industrial Engineering had to travel to Barcelona, Terrassa or Zaragoza to study second cycle, which caused a great lack of qualified professionals in the Industrial Engineering sector. This fact caused the professional sector, channeled by the College of Industrial Engineers of Catalonia (demarcation of Lleida), to firmly support the implementation of these studies and actively participate both in the preparation of the study plan,

Regarding the Master's Degree in Computer Engineering, work began a year later, given that the School already taught Second-cycle Computer Engineering studies. Following the same criteria used with the Master in Industrial Engineering, a commission was defined in which a representative of the Association of Information Technology Companies of Lleida (AETI) participated, considering the strong roots that this association has in Lleida and that it represents to the vast majority of companies in the city's ICT sector.

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The curriculum of the Degree in Computer Engineering complies with the resolution of June 8, 2009 of the Secretaría General de Universidades, which establishes recommendations for the proposal by universities of reports of application for official degrees in the field of Computer Engineering, (1_01_ResolInformatica.pdf) and by Royal Decree 1393/2007, of October 29, 2007, which establishes the organization of official university education (1_01_RD1393-2007.pdf). The curriculum deploys three of the majors defined in the royal decree: Computing, Software Engineering and Information Technologies. In addition, the degree was accredited during the 2015-16 academic year, obtaining the distinction of Excellence. All this validates and guarantees that the study plan and the structure of the curriculum are coherent with the profile of competences and with the objectives of the degree.



In recent years, the following actions to improve the degree have been carried out:

- An International Minor referred to as Global Acting in ICT has been implemented with a partnership of five European universities, being the University of Fontys (Holland) the coordinating university. The Minor has a workload of 30 ECTS and is carried out within the Major in Information Technologies of the degree.
- The number of teaching groups has been increased. During the last years there has been an increase in enrollment (ref. Indicator [winddat](#)). This, added to the places available for the double degree GEI + ADE students, has caused the teaching classrooms to be overwhelmed. For this reason, the number of teaching groups was increased.
- During the COVID-19 period, teaching has been done using a semi-face-to-face model, that is, part of the teaching was done online (at a distance), and the other part was done face-to-face, so the professors have adapted their classes and materials to this new modality (we will elaborate it in criterion 2.3 Methodology).
- The deployment of the on-line lectures and assessments during the COVID-19 period has been closely monitored. The coordinator has kept track of any requirement, incidents or groups confinements, by leading the actions to be taken. There have also been scheduled meetings with teachers and students (two per semester), and a discussion forum has been activated on the virtual campus.
- During the COVID-19 we tried whenever possible to prioritize the face-to-face laboratory classes particularly for first and second year students. This caused the further increase of the laboratory groups in order to accomplish with the sanitary restrictions.

Different activities have been driven to encourage the exchange of experiences and cooperation between teachers. These activities are really important to promote a review of the knowledge, the improvement of the methodologies and the adaptation of these methodologies to the students' learning model. These activities have also resulted in the proposal of new training courses for teachers as well as cooperation activities between teachers in subjects such as the introduction to programming, transversal to many of the degrees in the first years, or the project management at last course on the major in Software Engineering.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

The structure of the Degree in Mechanical Engineering conforms to the current regulatory guidelines at the state level. The number of European credits (ECTS) of the degree, 240, are defined in article 5 of Royal Decree 1393/2007. The organization and type of credits follow Order CIN / 351/2009, connected with RD 1393/2007. In this order it is specified that the qualifying degrees must have minimums, which are: 60 ECTS from the basic training block, 60 ECTS from the block common to the industrial branch, 48 ECTS with the specialty block (in this case mechanical) and 12 ECTS that correspond to the final degree project. The 60 credits that remain from the 180 specified up to 240 are defined by the center that plans the degree and are verified by the relevant regulatory bodies at the regional and state level. The 240 ECTS are organized into four academic courses of 60 ECTS each. It is essential to consider that each of the blocks, and the different subjects included in the degree memory, must cover all the necessary competencies and regulated in the aforementioned Order CIN / 351/2009.

Under these conditions, the Degree in Mechanical Engineering, in its report approved in the first instance by the Council of Universities in July 2010 and published in the Official State



Gazette, has the structure shown in the table below. The different supervision processes at the regional and state level to which the report and the included curriculum of the Degree in Mechanical Engineering have been subjected are fully guarantors that the objectives and learning results of the same are adequate and relevant.

Designation Module	ECTS
Basic formation.	66
Common Training for the Industrial branch.	60
Specific technology training: Mechanics.	60
Elective Training.	24
Tutored Practices in the Company.	15
End of Degree Project.	15

Concerning elective training, subjects can be selected among the following specializations: Mechatronics, Energy Facilities or Sustainable Construction.

As can be seen, and it could not be otherwise, the structure of the Degree in Mechanical Engineering scrupulously complies with the provisions of RD 1393/2007 and Order CIN / 351/2009.

Emphasize that the study plan was agreed upon and developed collaboratively with leading entities in the industrial field, such as the Associations of Industrial Engineers and Industrial Technical Engineers and different Federations and highly relevant companies in Lleida.

Regarding the learning and competencies results associated with the different subjects of the degree, the degree report, in its last verification of 2021, describes them in a complete, updated way and adjusting to what is included in Order CIN / 351 / 2009 so that graduates have acquired the necessary skills to practice the regulated profession of Industrial Technical Engineer, mechanical specialty.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The objectives, competencies and learning results of the Degree in Industrial Electronic and Automatic Engineering (GEEIA) are collected in the report of the degree reviewed periodically and verified by external evaluation committees. Also, as it is an approved official degree, its structure can be consulted in the register of Universities, Centers and Titles (RUCT) (<https://www.educacion.gob.es/ruct/home>) of the Ministry of Education. In addition, to facilitate access to this information, it is also included on the degree website, regularly updated and accessible by students, staff and any other interested person (<http://www.grauelectronicaiautomatica.udl.cat/ca/>).

The design of the degree has been defined respecting the guidelines established in Royal Decree 1393/2007, of October 29, which establishes the organization of official university education, with those of ORDER CIN / 351/2009, of February 9, which establishes the requirements for the verification of official university degrees that enable the exercise of the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer.

For the development of the objectives and learning outcomes of the degree, an internal commission approved by the School Center Board (EPS) was set up, which took place on



December 20, 2007 (Act No. 61). This commission was represented by all the groups involved in the university together with the participation of different social agents representing the social and economic environment of the sector, associations, companies and professionals, which are listed in chapter 2.4 of the memory of the degree.

The objectives were defined so that in addition to acquiring knowledge and knowing how to apply it, they acquire professional skills and abilities in accordance with the current law that regulates it. The participation of the different groups involved was key to developing a programme structure in accordance with the title of the degree, reaching the best levels of excellence.

The objectives of the degree perfectly summarize the training profile of an industrial technical engineer with a specialization in electronics and automation. They are correctly founded and are represented by the competences assigned in each of the subjects that make up the learning modules. These competences have been classified into different types according to whether they are basic, transversal or specific. The teaching guides of the subjects clearly specify the objectives, competencies and expected results. Their information is updated and synchronized according to the memory of the degree, likewise, they are periodically reviewed at the beginning and end of each academic year.

The objectives and learning outcomes that are specified in the degree, are feasible and fully coincide in their actual implementation. In addition, they are in accordance with the learning criteria described in the respective Subject-Specific Criteria ASIIN (SSC), and guarantee the capacities to practice in professional activities related to the degree.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The objectives and learning results of the Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability (GEES) are included in the degree report, positively verified by Resolution of the General Secretariat of the University Coordination Council on 06/23/2017. This fact guarantees the consistency of the learning objectives and results with the requirements of the discipline and the educational level.

The main objectives and expected qualifications profile are summarized below, taken from the title report, the full text of which is urged to consult for further details. The general objective of the Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering is to train competent engineers in the fields of energy and sustainability. The skills acquired in the degree should allow them to develop projects in the process of generation, distribution and storage of energy, as well as projects related to efficiency and energy saving in general. The development of projects for analysis and application of sustainability criteria, and analysis of the environmental impact in related industrial processes are also considered in the competences of the degree. The graduates will acquire basic knowledge common to the industrial branch, as well as specific ones regarding energy resources, thermal and fluid systems, electrical energy systems, energy storage, energy management and efficiency, and sustainability. The curriculum is methodologically organized so that students, in addition to acquiring knowledge and knowing how to apply it, can also acquire professional skills and competencies.

The evidence (1_GEES_Comp_GEES.pdf) includes the table where the competences (basic,



general, specific and transversal) associated with the degree are related with the training objectives (knowledge and understanding, technical analysis, technical design, research, technical practice, transferable skills) that are expected to be achieved in each of them.

The qualifications profile described should allow GEES graduates to access occupations where professionals with an integrated vision of energy systems are required, with the ability to design, optimize and manage energy generation, transport, distribution, storage and production systems. These graduates must be able to design and advise administrations and private entities on the energy policies to be implemented, applying criteria of sustainability and global efficiency. Likewise, it will be about people capable of leading R + D + i in the energy sector.

The adaptation of the learning objectives and results to the professional environment is supported by the process followed to formulate them during the preparation of the title report. In this sense, it is worth highlighting the priority participation of social agents in the definition of the degree, where in addition to the school's teaching staff, organizations and associations, companies and professionals, as well as international experts in the field of energy and sustainability, were included.



Criterion 1.2 Name of the degree programme

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

According to Resolution of June 8, 2009, of the General Secretariat of Universities (BOE no. 187, of August 4, 2009) by which recommendations are established in the field of computer engineering, the name of the degree in Computer Engineering is the most suitable for the studies that are taught, it is clearly associated with the competencies and learning outcomes. It is recognized at national and European level and has clearly associated the professional profiles. The non-substantial changes introduced in recent years do not modify the competencies and objectives required in the degree.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

The name of the degree corresponds to the evolution of the previous title of Industrial Technical Engineer, specialty in Mechanics. The specialty of mechanics has professional attributions and is regulated in order CIN / 351/2009, which establishes the requirements for the verification of official university degrees that enable the exercise of the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer. In this order, it is explicitly mentioned, within the qualifying degrees, the one that corresponds to the specific Mechanics technology. The Degree in Mechanical Engineering and its corresponding report were approved by the Council of Ministers in 2010 and subsequently published in the BOE. This name is common among all state universities, with the support of the respective professional associations.

Additionally, comment that the name has a direct and intuitive correspondence with the Bachelor in Mechanical Engineering, offered in practically all European and American technical universities with similar content.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The name of the degree is the most appropriate according to the training profile, structure and defined content. The name has always been in accordance with the results obtained in learning and has been maintained since it was approved by the Council of Ministers on February 21, 2013 (BOE No. 45, page 14569). Subsequently, on September 12, 2013 (BOE No. 233, page 78947) the Council of Ministers verified the adequacy of the study plan to the degree. The changes made to the degree so far, all not substantial, described in Criterion 1.3 of this report, do not generate any type of disagreement with the initial training objectives and competencies.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability taught by the University of Lleida is a unique degree in Spain, and no equivalent degree is found in the Official Catalog of University Degrees. The degree with the closest profile among those taught in Spanish universities is the Degree in Energy Engineering. The Bachelor's Degree in Renewable Energy Engineering and



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Energy Efficiency, as well as the Bachelor's Degree in Renewable Energy Engineering, each taught at a single university, also presents a close profile.

The name of the degree reflects the general objective of the degree: to train competent engineers in the fields of energy and sustainability. This dual aspect, energy and sustainability, is a differential aspect of the degree and corresponds to the expected learning outcomes (see Criterion 1.1) and to the type of subjects that make up the specific technology training modules and optional training. Among the 11 subjects that are part of both modules, 5 include the term energy in their name and another 4 include the terms sustainable or environmental. Beyond the terminology used, an integrated approach to energy aspects and aspects of environmental, economic and social sustainability is carried out in all subjects.

Criterion 1.3 Curriculum

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The curriculum of the Degree in Computer Engineering is adjusted to the recommendations contained in the Resolution of June 8, 2009 of the Secretaria General of Universities (BOE. No. 187, of August 4, 2009), which, according to the agreement of the Council of Universities, must comply with the application reports for official degrees in the field of Computer Engineering. In this way, an adequate competence profile is guaranteed.

Since its verification, and as a result of the internal degree review process, the degree in Computer Engineering has been subject to different non-substantial modifications.

Based on the recommendations from the last evaluation, specifically those received by the ASIIN Accreditation Report, in the 2017/18 academic year the GEI degree was subject to the following non-substantial modifications:

- Recommendation A3. (ASIIN 1.1, 1.3) suggests to ensure that fundamental knowledge of the theoretical principles of Computer Science is part of the education in the early stage of the curriculum as a mandatory module, irrespective of the chosen specialization. In this sense, the subject 102062 Languages, Automata and Grammars was added as mandatory (2nd year) with 4.5 ECTS. This adaptation has produced changes such as Algorithmic and Complexity subject (2nd year) reduces the number of ECTS from 6 to 4.5. and Legal, Social and Professional Aspects (3rd year) reduces them from 6 to 3 ECTS. The subject of Computational Models and Complexity (3rd year on the Major in Computing) reduces the number ECTS from 6 to 4.5, as part of the syllabus has been transferred to the new subject 102062. In addition, the subject Advanced Programming in Artificial Intelligence (3rd year in the Computing Mention) increases the number of ECTS from 6 to 7.5.
- Following recommendation A4. (ASIIN 1.1, 1.3), the subject of Web Systems and Technologies (3rd year) is reviewed, adding the methodology of PBL (Project Based Learning) and changing its name to Web Project to envision that the teaching methodology is based on project development.
- There was a review of the contents in the subject Hardware and software validation systems and the competence GII-C7 was eliminated for consistency with the contents of the subject. This competence is addressed within other subjects of the Computing speciality: Advanced Programming in Artificial Intelligence and Automatic Learning and Reasoning thus guaranteeing the acquisition of the competence.
- In the Software Engineering major, co-requisites were added in the subjects: Requirements Engineering, Quality Management and Improvement, and Process Models, each is co-requisite of the rest. Thus, students must enroll all these subjects



together, unless one of them has already been passed. The motivation is that a common project is carried out in these three subjects. The establishment of co-requisites makes latent the need to carry out all the subjects at the same time and helps to make the execution of a common project visible.

In the 2019/20 academic year, the GEI degree was subject to the following non-substantial modification:

- Course exchange of two subjects on the major in Information Technology: User-Centered Design (6 ECTS) goes from 3rd year 2nd semester to 4th year 1st semester, Distributed Computing and Applications (6 ECTS) goes from 4th year 1st semester to 3rd year 2nd semester. The motivation for this change was participation through the User-Centered Design subject in a International Major. With the aim to synchronize temporality of this subject with our international Partners we need to taught this subject on the 1st semester.

In the 2021/22 academic year, the GEI degree was subject to the following non-substantial modification:

- In order to take a step forward in the approach to the gender perspective within the curriculum of the degree, it is explicitly incorporated the transversal competence CT "Apply the gender perspective to the tasks of the professional field" in the subject Legal, social and professional aspects.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

The study plan and the curriculum are totally coherent and adequate in terms of the competences of the degree, both following what is established by the ministerial order CIN / 351/2009 that regulates the study plans that enable to practice the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer. As it has been included in Criterion 1.1, the degree syllabus structures the 240 ECTS in 4 academic years, which contain all the blocks set out in the aforementioned ministerial order (basic training block, common training block for the branch industrial, specific technology training block, optional training block, supervised practices in the company and the final degree project).

The Degree in Mechanical Engineering was evaluated in 2016 by ASIIN obtaining the EUR-ACE® "label" on 4/24/2016 without requirements. Although initially the Degree in Mechanical Engineering obtained the seal with requirements, it is worth mentioning that there were no specific requirements for this particular degree, but general ones common for the EPS degrees in industrial engineering. Since the last EUR-ACE® accreditation, the degree curriculum has not undergone notable modifications, but only some non-substantial changes that are included below:

COURSE	Modification type	Description of the change	Center commission approval date
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2017-18	Not substantial	Elimination of the registration co-requisite in the Sustainable Construction and Energy Facilities optional lines. Previously, students had to be enrolled in elective I in order to enroll in electives II and III. This co-requisite is eliminated so that students can freely enroll in any elective course offered within the blocks: Sustainable Construction and Energy Installations.	05/18/2017
2018-19	Not substantial	Reorganization of the contents of the subject Thermal and Fluid Systems	04/05/2018
2018-19	Not substantial	Reorganization of the contents of the Computer science subject	04/05/2018
2018-19	Not substantial	Modification of the name of a subject. The compulsory subject called "Production Management" was renamed "Production Organization".	04/05/2018
2018-19	Substantial	Correction of the adaptation table of ETIM the GEM The ETIM Mechanical Technology subject leads to recognition of the Manufacturing Technologies subject.	07/02/2018
2020-21	Not substantial	1) Semester exchange of two second year subjects: Fluid Mechanics passes to C2 S1 and Thermal Engineering I passes to C2 S2. 2) Modification of the name of a specialization and its 3 optional subjects: Installations by Energy Facilities.	01/30/2020
2021-22	Not substantial	Incorporation of transversal competence CT6: Apply the gender perspective to the tasks of the professional field in section 3 of the report and the study plan in the subject: "Business organization"	03/18/2021

As can be seen in the table above, in addition to the non-substantial modifications, a substantial one appears. However, this substantial modification does not affect in any way the operation of the degree as it is an update in the recognition table between the extinguished pre-bologna programme on Industrial Technical Engineering, mechanical specialty, to the Degree in Mechanical Engineering.

Non-substantial modifications, as described in the table, are totally minor, such as changing a subject name for better adaptation, rearranging the contents of a subject or exchanging two subjects from different semesters. As an example, Thermal Engineering 1 moved to the first semester and Fluid Mechanics to the second to balance the dedication and academic effort of the students between the two semesters. It is worth mentioning that the non-substantial modification referred to the inclusion of the CT6 competence on gender perspective in the Business Organization subject. As a result of the inclusion of the competence, the following learning outcomes have been added to the matter that contains the mentioned subject:

- Knowing how to develop research with a gender perspective: knowing how to use and create qualitative and quantitative indicators, including statistical ones, to better understand gender inequalities and the differences in the needs, conditions, values and aspirations of women and men.
- Knowing how to approach the assigned projects and the assigned research work integrating the variables sex and gender with relevance to the problem or issue raised.
- Consider the target customer segment (women / men) in the product / process development phase, taking into account their characteristics and needs, also paying attention to other categories such as age, race or functional diversity.



From the different improvement actions planned in the period 16 / 17-20 / 21, some important milestones reached in the grade and in the EPS are derived. Mention, as an example:

- Realization of a common entry for students of the industrial branch (18/19).
- Deployment of the double degree in Mechanical Engineering between the UdL and the Brazilian university FACENS (19/20). This fact reinforced and consolidated the entry of Brazilian students into the EPS, counting on a regulated framework that allows them to graduate from the UdL and, if they wish, continue with the master's degree in Industrial Engineering. At the same time, it allows EPS students (from third year onwards), taking the subjects planned for an academic year, to acquire the degree in Brazilian Mechanical Engineering, expanding their job opportunities in Latin America and in Portuguese-speaking countries.
- Adaptation of the teaching periods of the zero courses to the most suitable dates so that new enrolled students can take it with the greatest ease and guarantees possible.
- A double degree was designed: the Degree in Mechanical Engineering and the Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering. A 5-year curriculum was developed that began the 2020-21 academic year with great success. Comments regarding the double degree are included in the Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability.

In relation to the possible improvement actions that could be implemented in the next courses, as long as the health situation allows it:

- Explore the possibility of implementing integrative projects, developed across several subjects, in Lleida to industrial degrees.
- Study the possibility of participating again in the MotoStudent. Participation in MotoStudent would imply the possible implementation of an integrating project between the degrees of the industrial branch of the EPS since all of them converge perfectly in the design and manufacture of a motorcycle (mechanics, energy, electronics, chemistry and industrial organization and Logistics). The coordinators of the degrees involved are expected to participate directly in the EPS team, as well as the teaching staff from related areas.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The study plan of the Degree in Industrial Electronic and Automatic Engineering (GEEIA) responds to the ministerial file ORDER CIN / 351/2009 that establishes the study plans that enable the exercise of the regulated profession of Industrial Technical Engineer. In this way, an adequate competence profile is guaranteed.

The GEEIA curriculum consists of 240 ECTS, distributed in four academic years with 30 ECTS per semester, 66 ECTS of basic training, 150 ECTS of core / compulsory subject and 24 elective ECTS. Criterion 2.1 details its structure and modules.

The design of the degree was positively verified by ASIIN on April 8, 2016. The verification commission resolved that the study plan was consistent with the competency profiles and the objectives of the degree, allowing the correct development of skills. Although the offer of optional subjects has not been modified in the last years, it is worth mentioning that the



objectives and contents have been adjusted according to the demand of the local industry and to the experience that the teachers involved in these years have acquired. The improvement in the results achieved with the optional blocks in these years is valued very positively, for which reason it is currently not a priority to increase or modify the optional offer.

Since the last accreditation, the entire structure, objectives and competencies of the degree have been maintained. Only 3 non-substantial changes have been made that have not affected the profile of competencies or the planned objectives. On the contrary, they have been actively implemented improving the natural functioning of the degree. It should be noted that the correspondence between the validated report and its actual delivery is total, not only in the non-substantial changes made but in the entire structure of the study plan defined from the beginning of the degree.

The information on the objectives of the degree, competences and structure of the study plan, detailing the different training modules and the teaching guides for each subject, is available and updated, with public access on the degree website (<http://www.grauelectronicaiautomatica.udl.cat/en/>). Likewise, all non-substantial changes have always been introduced in the memory of the degree, have been updated in the informative channels of the center, and have been given successfully in the following academic years since their approval in the Study Commission and its subsequent ratification by the Governing Council of the UdL. All the modifications that have occurred since the last verification of the degree by ASIIN are detailed below. In this case, they are all non-substantial:

- **Course 18/19.** Non-substantial modification. Approved by the Governing Council of the UdL on June 19, 2018 (agreement 148/2018). Reordering of the content of Thermal and Fluidomechanical matter.

The contents of the subjects Thermal Engineering 1 and Fluid Mechanics are reordered. The objective is that they are more appropriate to the knowledge to be acquired by an industrial technical engineer. This change has emerged from the analysis of the responsible teaching staff.

Reordering of the contents and the learning results of the Computer science subject. The objective is that they are more appropriate to the knowledge to be acquired by an engineer in the industrial branch. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 04/05/2018.

Modification of the name of a subject. The compulsory subject called "Production Management" was renamed "Production Organization".

- **Course 20/21.** Non-substantial modification. Approved by the Governing Council of the UdL on February 18, 2020 (agreement 27/2020). Semester change between two 2nd year subjects.

It is proposed to exchange two semester subjects of the common training module of the industrial branch. This modification is made in order to balance the academic effort of the students between the two semesters:

Fluid Mechanics: from the 2nd year - 2nd semester to the 2nd year - 1st semester.
Thermal Engineering I: from the 2nd year - 1st semester to 2nd year - 2nd semester.

- **Course 21/22.** Non-substantial modification. Approved by the Governing Council of the UdL on April 22, 2021 (agreement 65/2021). Introduce the new transversal competence "Apply the gender perspective to the tasks of the professional field".

This competence has been assigned to the Business subject, one of the basic training of the degree, specifically to the Business Organization, because it is the one that best fits with its content. The new built-in learning outcomes are:

- Knowing how to develop research with a gender perspective: knowing how to use and create qualitative and quantitative indicators, including statistical ones, to better understand gender inequalities and the differences in the needs, conditions, values and aspirations of women and men.
- Knowing how to approach the assigned projects and the assigned research work integrating the variables sex and gender with relevance to the problem or issue raised.
- Consider the target customer segment (women / men) in the product / process development phase, taking into account their characteristics and needs, also paying attention to other categories such as age, race or functional diversity.

The inclusion of this competence allows to accomplish with the requirement of the AQU to assess the deployment of the gender perspective.

Regarding the gender perspective, apart from the incorporation of a new competence, equality measures have been incorporated in the writing and content of the teaching guides and presentation and monitoring materials of the degree, visualizing bibliographic material written by women and use of inclusive language without discrimination. The effort made on the gender perspective in recent years is positively valued and is expected to have an effective impact on the social and inclusive training of students and therefore on society.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability began to be taught in the 2017-18 academic year and has been progressively implemented (one course per academic year) until its deployment is completed in the 2020-21 academic year. The implementation this last year represents a relevant milestone since it has also implied the graduation of the first energy and sustainability engineers. The implementation process is valued positively, having complied with the schedule foreseen in the verified report of the degree.

The curriculum is consistent with the overall objectives and expected learning outcomes, as detailed in Criterion 1.1. Likewise, the memory of the title clearly defines the knowledge, skills and competences to be acquired in each module. It should be noted that the contents of the modules are continually subject to review and updating to improve their adaptation to the aforementioned objectives and learning outcomes. As a result of this continuous review process,



the following non-substantial modifications have been applied to the title memory:

- Rearrangement of the contents of Thermal and Fluidomechanical matter. The objective is that they are more appropriate to the knowledge to be acquired by an engineer in the industrial branch. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 04/05/2018.
- Reordering of the contents and the learning results of the Computer science subject. The objective is that they are more appropriate to the knowledge to be acquired by an engineer in the industrial branch. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 04/05/2018.
- Elimination of the obligation to take one of the three mentions. The experience in the remaining degrees of the industrial branch indicates that it may be interesting for some students to pick only some of the subjects of each mention, so they can define their own specialization profile. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 04/05/2018.
- Modification of the name of a subject. The compulsory subject called "Production Management" is renamed "Production Organization". The objective is that the name is more similar to the name of equivalent subjects in other universities. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 04/05/2018.
- Semester exchange in two second year subjects: Fluid Mechanics goes to C2 S1 (second year, second semester) while Thermal Engineering I goes to C2 S2. This modification was made to balance the academic effort of the students between the two semesters. 01/30/2020
- Modification of the name of the subject "Tutored Internships in Companies: Installations" by "Tutored Internships in Companies: Energy Installations". This modification was made to equalize the name of all the subjects that make up the subject "Energy Installations". Modification of the name of the subject "Tutored Internships in Business: Mobility" by "Tutored Internships in Business" and it is situated as a subject outside of "Mobility". This modification broadens the range of PTE offerings since students are not forced to take the internship within one of the mentions. Date of approval by the centre's commission: 01/30/2020.
- Incorporation of the transversal competence "CT6. Apply the gender perspective to the functions of the professional field in section 3 of the memory of the degree and to the study plan in the subject "Business Organization". Date of approval by the centre's commission: 03/18/2021.

Among the previous modifications, the incorporation of the gender perspective competence (CT6) stands out, which implies an expansion of the competence profile of the degree. The objective is for the gender perspective to be worked on throughout the bachelor's training plan, which is why it has been chosen to explicitly incorporate it into the subject "Business Organization" belonging to the basic training module that all students must be enrolled in the first year. Furthermore, the subject is particularly suitable for applying this competence given its obvious links with the professional field. Consistent with the introduction of the gender perspective competency, the following learning outcomes have been added to the subject "Business Organization":

- Knowing how to develop research with a gender perspective: knowing how to use and create qualitative and quantitative indicators, including statistical ones, to better understand gender inequalities and the differences in the needs, conditions, values and



aspirations of women and men.

- Knowing how to approach the assigned projects and the assigned research work integrating the variables sex and gender with relevance to the problem or issue raised.
- Consider the target customer segment (women / men) in the product / process development phase, taking into account their characteristics and needs, also paying attention to other categories such as age, race or functional diversity.

Once all the courses of the degree have been displayed, there is a high correspondence between the verified report (with the non-substantial modifications incorporated) and the actual implementation of the degree. As of the date of this report, the introduction of new modifications in the memory of the title is not being considered.

Among the improvements applied throughout the period analyzed (academic years 2017-18 to 2020-21), the followings stand out:

- As a result of the experience acquired during the first years of teaching the degree and considering a growing demand of highly qualified engineers, a double degree has been designed between the Degree in Mechanical Engineering and the Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering. This double degree has a duration of 5 years (303 ECTS) and began to be taught in the 2020-21 academic year with good enrollment figures (see Criterion 1.4). The purpose of this double degree is to train engineers with a profile that combines knowledge of mechanical engineering with knowledge of energy and sustainability engineering, attending to the complementarity of these areas.
- Throughout these courses, numerous actions to promote the degree have been carried out, including the organization of workshops for secondary school, visits to institutes and vocational training centers, dissemination through the local media (interviews, articles), dissemination through social networks, participation in the virtual fair UNIferia Grados 2021, etc. Due to its specificity, it is worth highlighting the organization in April 2019 of the "1st Edition of the Energy and Sustainability Week of the EPS" dedicated to giving visibility to those aspects related to the interaction between research, energy and sustainability in accordance with the Sustainable Development Goals. The 2nd edition, scheduled for April 2020, could not be held due to the pandemic.

As future improvements it is proposed to:

- Explore the feasibility of a double degree with a European university.
- Strengthen the relationship between vocational training schools with the Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability.



Criterion 1.4 Admission requirements

The admission procedure is organized and coordinated by the catalan government, and it is the same for every university in the catalan system.

Each student obtains an acces mark which is computed from its own marks at high school (60%) and the marks obtained in a general access exam (40%) denoted as PAU or selectivitat exams. After that, students are requested to define their prioritized selection of they preferred programmes. According to these prioritization and their access marks, the admission office of the government assigns students to each programme. After this procedure, the lowest mark to enter a programme is published (named cut-off mark), which serves as an orientation for students in subsequent years.

All this procedure is public, transparent and traceable in the university portal of the Generalitat de Catalunya.

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The demand for the degree has been growing in a sustainable way during the last years. Hence, in the last academic years all the vacancies have been fulfilled, and the cut-off mark has significantly increased (7,166 this last year). Furthermore, 94% of new students have chosen this programme as their first preference. This is definitely due to the increasing digitization of society and the alignment of the professional profiles offered by the degree with the profiles most demanded by today's society.

Regarding the profile of new students, 81.7% come from high school, while students from vocational training cycles have been reduced to 18.3%. The following Tables show the evolution of the enrollment, the cut-off mark and the access marks.

Supply, demand, enrollment

	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22
Available places	70	65	70	70	70	70
Demand 1st option	67	80	77	82	-	88
New access students	54	72	69	62	72	-
Access percentage 1st preference	91%	88%	99%	82%	94%	-

Cut-off mark

	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22
June cut-off marks	5	5	5	6.06	6.61	7,166



Access Notes

	5-6	6-7	7-8	8-9	+9
Bacca laureate	8.6%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	39.7%
CFGS		46.2%	23.1%	23.1%	7.7%

One of the endemic problems for Computer Engineering degrees is the very low tax of enrollment of women compared to men, a problem that exists globally (ref. [ACM Vol. 62 No. 5, pp. 56-63](#)). In the Polytechnic school we are fully aware of the problem, and we are committed to fighting stereotypes and promoting different activities that help promote technical and scientific skills among the youngest and particularly women.

In spite of this low enrollment, we have been able to observe a slight increase: in the 2010-11 academic year the women enrolled were 5%, 7% in the 2020/21 academic year and 9% for the last year. We hope this percentage will continue to increase and we will continue working hard to make it happen, particularly in our area of influence.

COMMON CORE OF INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING DEGREES

Since academic year 18/19, the access to the three industrial bachelor's degrees offered at EPS-Lleida was unified, the Bachelor's Degree in Mechanical Engineering (GEM), the Bachelor's Degree in Electronic and Automatic Engineering (GEEIA) and the Bachelor's Degree in Engineering of Energy and Sustainability (GEES), conforming the Common Core of the Industrial Engineering Degrees of Lleida. The main objective of this modification is to facilitate the student's choice of the industrial specialty that, until the 2nd year, will not have to make a decision, either between the three offered in Lleida (mechanics, industrial electronics, energy) or the two in Igualada (chemical and industrial organization). Therefore, admission requirements during this period will be analysed jointly in this section. In the subsequent sections, admission will be analyzed separately for each programme, corresponding to the period previous to 18/19.

In academic year 18/19, the number of new students in the common branch was 131 out of an offer of 130, with a cut-off mark of 5, the same as in previous years. The union of access through the common branch showed an increase of 10 students (+ 8.2%) compared to the previous year with separate access. The following academic year (19/20) remained similar, however, in this last academic year (20/21) there has been a decrease in new students from 126 to 98. To properly assess these figures, the implementation this last year (20/21) of the Double Degree in Mechanical Engineering and Energy and Sustainability Engineering, with 12 new students. Considering the enrollment of the double degree, the real decrease produced is from 126 to 110 (-13%). Initially, this decrease is associated with the exceptional consequences produced by the COVID-19 pandemic during the last two years, which has made it difficult for both students to access education and to establish face-to-face teaching. This hypothesis is supported by the



recovery in the preliminary pre-enrollment figures for academic year 21/22 available at the date of writing this report. Also in relation to the enrollment of new entrants, it should be noted that, unfortunately, the gender bias (9 women and 89 men) common in engineering degrees in the industrial branch continues to be observed. This hypothesis is supported by the recovery in the preliminary pre-enrollment figures for academic year 21/22 available at the date of writing this report.

Regarding the cut-off mark for new admission, although in some year the entire offer of places was covered, it has never been enough to exceed 5. Even so, the percentage of new-entry students who have an access mark between 5 and 6 it remains at 18.3% (22.2% among women and 17.9% among men), the same as in the 15/16 academic year. In general, the distribution of access grades is quite uniform, concentrating the bulk of students between 6 and 12 (81.6%). The change in access, unifying the industrial branches, has not affected in this sense.

The main access route continues to be through the Baccalaureate with 79.6% of the students enrolled in this last year 20/21, vocational training add up to 19.4%, while those students over 25/40 years-old cover the remaining 1%. There is a significant number of students who each year enter the degree through professional training. This fact accentuates the complicated adaptation of the students in the most basic subjects of first grade such as mathematics and physics. For this reason, teaching mechanisms continue to be promoted within the framework of the Internal Quality Assurance System (SGIQ) of the UdL, such as the Zero Mathematics courses (http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/info_per/curs-zero-de-matematiques-per-a-lenginyeria/) and Physics (http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/info_per/curs-zero-de-fisica-per-a-lenginyeria/), as well as the duplicate offer of subjects with more difficulty in the two semesters of the same course, where the student has the option of recovering a suspended subject without having to wait and lose an entire academic year. These practices were very well received in the last evaluation of the design of the degree and have been successfully maintained.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

The requirements for access to the Degree in Mechanical Engineering and all related information are included on the degree website:

<http://www.graumecanica.udl.cat/es/futurs-estudiants/acces-admissio/>. The degree began in the 2010/2011 academic year, and after its first five years it was evaluated by ASIIN to obtain the EUR-ACE® label. In the period from academic year 16/17 to academic year 20/21 there was a change in access to the degree, in academic year 18/19, so that pre-registration became unique for degrees in the industrial field, such as and as indicated above. It is for this reason that access to courses 18 / 19-20 / 21 have previously been included jointly under the heading "Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees - Lleida".

Regarding courses 16/17 and 17/18, both are discussed specifically below:

Cuso 16/17

The number of places offered in the 2016/17 academic year was 75, covering 75% of them (56/75).



The predominant access route continued to be, as in previous courses, through selectivity tests, with a percentage of 80.4%. Of this 80% of new students, 60% agreed with a selectivity grade equal to or greater than 7. This value agrees with the average of the average grade obtained in the PAU in Catalonia in 2016 (6,642) and with the average grade of access to university (7,035). In reference to the origin of new students, as has happened since the introduction of the new degree, most of them came from Catalonia. However, it should be noted that as a result of the actions of national and international dissemination and promotion of the degree by the EPS, the number of students from outside Catalonia increased by 10%. The figures for the 2016/17 academic year are approximately 75% of Catalan students (in the 2015/16 academic year the percentage was 84%).

Course 17/18

As a result of the reduction in the number of students enrolled in previous courses and taking into account that the new degree in the industrial field of the EPS began in the 17/18 academic year: Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability, it was decided to adjust the offer of 50 places. Of these 50 places, 108% (54/50) were filled.

The predominant access route continued to be through selectivity tests with a percentage of 79.6%. Of this 80% of new students, 76.7% accessed with a selectivity grade equal to or greater than 7. This percentage has increased considerably in reference to the previous year (60%). This change was assessed as positive.

Regarding the origin of new students, as a result of the actions of national and international dissemination and promotion of the degree by the EPS, the number of students from outside Catalonia increased by 10%. The figures for the 2017/18 academic year stood at approximately 65% of Catalan students (in the 2016/17 academic year the percentage was 75%).

Regarding access to the degree segregated by gender, it should be noted that the figures show a very clear bias towards a selection of the degree mainly by men. Specifically, in academic year 16/17 the percentage of women was 5.8% and in academic year 17/18 it was 10.2%. In this sense the EPS carried and carries out various activities and conferences especially aimed at attracting a female audience, but as the figures indicate in the case of mechanical engineering, the success of these actions is still limited. However, EPS continues and will continue to promote industrial engineering with special emphasis on women.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

Admission procedures to official university degree courses in Spain are set out in the regulations approved in Royal Decree 412/2014 of June 6, 2014.

In the Academic regulations of the UdL [degrees](#), updated in each academic year and approved by the Governing Council, the pre-enrollment and enrollment instructions are defined. Likewise, the admission profile and the access routes are publicly accessible in Catalan, Spanish and English on the same degree website.

[\(http://www.grauelectronicaiautomatica.udl.cat/es/futurs-estudiants/acces-admissio/\)](http://www.grauelectronicaiautomatica.udl.cat/es/futurs-estudiants/acces-admissio/).

In academic years 16/17 and 17/18, after the last verification of the degree and prior to the unification of the common access for industrial degrees, the number of new students remained



around 40 students, following the trend of the years prior to verification. These data have practically always completely covered the places offered for the degree. Previously, in the 15/16 academic year, the number of places assigned increased from 40 to 45 due to the excess of stable demand (between 4 and 17 excess students), however, in the 16/17 academic year, new students entry dropped from 41 to 36, so in the 17/18 academic year the limit of 40 places was reestablished. Although, in the following academic year 17/18 the demand grew again with a total of 47 assigned places (41 newcomers). In general, in these years, the number of new students remained above 90% of the offer, with a very high first-preference access percentage (> 94%).

The total number of students enrolled in the 3rd and 4th year, is 78 , which is a very stable value since all courses of the degree were implemented ($\sigma = 4.34$, between courses 14/15 and 20/21). The majority of students are still from the same province, 79.5% in the 20/21 academic year, while 20.2% come from outside Catalonia. Values are practically identical to previous years, which confirm the excellent consolidation of the degree to cover the industrial demand of the territory.

In relation to the gender perspective, 16.4% of the students enrolled in the current course are women, very similar to the other industrial degrees in the center (between 16 and 18%), less in the Degree in Chemical Engineering where there are more women (56.7%) than men. In the Degree in Industrial Electronic and Automatic Engineering (GEEIA) there is a significant bias between the sexes, a more common fact than desired in engineering degrees. However, it should be noted that, in recent years, there has been a slow but constant tendency to reduce this difference. Female representation has increased by 8.0% compared to the 13/14 academic year. Considering the different admission routes, access from Baccalaureate has a better equity index, with 15.0% presence of women. On the contrary, in the access from vocational training, there is no female representation. If we look at the access grades of new students by gender segregation, both groups present practically the same distribution.

In recent years, several actions have been deployed in order to attract students outside the local sphere, both Spanish and international, as recommended in the previous verification of the degree. Some of the actions have been the presence of the degree in the virtual fair UNIFERIA that was held February 22, 2021 (<http://www.uniferia.org/>) and the digitization of several promotional resources for the presentation of the center, such as a virtual tour accessible from the school's website where you can visit the different spaces, including the GEEIA laboratories (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/lescola/Installacions/Tour-Virtual-EPS-360/>). In the same direction, the dissemination of the Open Doors Days has been improved, changing to a virtual format in the last two courses (due to COVID-19). This format has been very well received, as it has enabled a higher participation of families from further locations.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The procedures and requirements for admission to the degree are clearly structured and the information is available on the school website (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/>). Likewise, the admission profile and the access routes are publicly accessible in Catalan, Spanish and English



on the degree website (<http://www.grauenergiaisostenibilitat.udl.cat/ca/futurs-estudiants/acces-admissio/>).

The Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering (GEES) began the 2017-18 academic year with a new enrollment of 26 students out of an offer of 40, with an access percentage in first preference of 81% and cut-off mark of 5. In this first year, 72% of the students accessed through baccalaureate / PAU, 8% with training cycles and 20% with other accesses (transfer of file, etc.). As of the 2018-19 academic year, access to GEES, as well as to the other two industrial degrees taught at EPS-Lleida (GEM and GEEIA is done through a single pre-registration entry. You can consult the new entry data corresponding to the 2018-19 academic year and later in the section "Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees - Lleida". Considering only students from high school / PAU, In the 2017-18 academic year, the GEES access grades were: between 5 and 6 (17%), between 6 and 8 (33%), between 8 and 9 (22%), higher than 9 (28%). This distribution of grades is similar to that observed in later courses with unified access through the aforementioned Common Core.

The total number of students enrolled in the degree (not including the Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees) has ranged between 17 and 26 since the beginning of the studies in the 2017/18 academic year. It should be taken into account that since 18/19 the students in the common core are not accounted anymore in the figures of the GEM. This meant that the total number of enrolled students, fell from 26 (academic year 2017/18) to 17 (academic year 2018/19). It is foreseeable that as the students from the Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees reach the third year of the degree, the total number of enrolled in the degree will increase. This trend has already been noted with the progressive increase in the total enrollment figures for the last two courses: 23 students (2019/20 academic year) and 25 students (2020/21 academic year).

In relation to the gender perspective, among the 25 students enrolled in the 2020/21 academic year, there were 4 women (16%) and 16 men (84%). During the period analyzed (academic years 2017-18 to 2020-21), the percentage of women in the degree has ranged between 13% and 27%. There is thus a clear bias that, unfortunately, is common in industrial grades.

The double degree: Degree in Mechanical Engineering and Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering (GEM-GEES) began in the 2020-21 academic year and presents a differentiated access route from the Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees. In this first year, a total of 12 accessed new students, exceeding the number of places offered (10), with a 100% access percentage in first preference and cut-off grade of 5. The vast majority of students (11) came from high school / PAU, with only 1 student from training cycles. 75% of students accessed with a grade higher than 9, a percentage much higher than the 37.2% registered in the Common Core. These access grades are consistent with the difficulty of a double engineering. New access students include 25% women. a percentage that still remain low is clearly superior to that usually seen in industrial grades.

2. The Degree Programme: Structures, Methods & Implementation

Criterion 2.1 Structure and modules

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The curriculum for the Computer Engineering degree is structured in five modules, and these are organized into study areas and subjects. The module structure allows the definition of individualized itineraries, so that students can adjust their studies to their interests. Below is a brief description of each of the modules:

The Basic training module consist in four fundamental study areas: Informatics, mathematics, physics and business, covering compulsory basic training competencies for engineering qualifications. The subjects in this module are mostly located in the first year of the degree, except for one subject in the second year (Discrete Mathematics).

The second module consist in a set of compulsory training competencies corresponding to the common training for the Computer Science qualifications. The subjects of this module are located in the second and third years of the degree.

The third module consist in 48 ECTS of elective subjects. The subjects of this module are located in the third and fourth years of the degree and the student can choose to specialize in three different areas: (a) Major in Computing, (b) Major in Information Technologies and (c) Major in Software Engineering. The student can also choose to take the credits of any of the specialties through a mobility programme.

The fourth module consist in 6 ECTS of elective subjects. The objective is to help a comprehensive training of the student on topics as disparete as gender equality, ethical commitment in professional performance, culture, sport, communication, marketing, etc.

The fifth module consist in 15 ECTS corresponding to the Internship in a company. The Internship is done in the fourth year and is equivalent to 320-hours. The student can choose to participate in International Internship programmes such as IAESTE or ERASMUS, or chose among a large number of companies in the UdL's area of influence. The high-performance business fabric in Lleida allows us to offer internships in companies in very diverse sectors and sizes.

The Bachelor's Thesis consists in 15 credits, it must be done once the first three courses (180 credits) have been passed and it is a work that each student performs under the guidance of a director or two co-directors. In the case the work is done during the internship in a company, the co-director corresponds to the co-tutor in the company. The Bachelor's Thesis represents the realization of an original project that requires the application of the knowledge acquired during the degree and where the communication skills, project management, decision-making, self-



management, etc. are also developed.

Regarding the language, basic and common training CS modules are taught mainly in Spanish or Catalan. The 30% of ECTS in each specialization are taught in English. Each student irrespectively of the specialization chosen receive 21 ECTS in English. This guarantees that the students, even when they decide not to participate in a mobility programme, receive a minimum of credits in a third language, in this particular case English, that is essential for the exercise of their profession.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Regarding the structure and modules of the degree, much of the information has already been entered previously (Criterion 1.1). This information appears in detail in the memory of the degree. As a summary, the following table includes the modules that make up the degree:

Module	Denomination	Type of matter	ECTS
Module I	Basic training module	Mandatory	66
Module II	Training module common to the industrial branch	Mandatory	60
Module III	Specific Technology Training Module: Mechanics	Mandatory	60
Module IV	Optional training module	Optional	24
Module V	Module of supervised internships in the company	Compulsory external internships	15
Module VI	End of Degree Project Module	Mandatory final degree project	15
		Total	240

Module I of basic training is located fundamentally in the first year (with the exception of two subjects in the second) and contains all those subjects that introduce the basic contents that will later allow to assume more advanced and applied subjects. The subjects of the basic module are:

NAME	Course (C) and Semester (s)	ECTS
LINEAR ALGEBRA	C1 s2	6
CALCULUS	C1 s1	9
NUMERICAL METHODS	C2 s1	6
STATISTICAL METHODS	C2 s2	6
PHYSICS I	C1 s1	6
PHYSICS II	C1 s2	6
GRAPHIC EXPRESSION I	C1 s1	9
CHEMISTRY	C1 s1	6
BUSINESS MANAGEMENT	C1 s2	6
COMPUTER SCIENCE BASICS	C1 s2	6



Module II, which is focused on common training for the industrial branch, is made up of mainly second-year subjects. The subjects of this module are detailed below:

NAME	Course (C) and Semester (s)	ECTS
THEORY OF MECHANISMS	C2 s1	6
THERMAL ENGINEERING I	C2 s2	6
FLUID MECHANICS	C2 s1	6
MATERIAL SCIENCE	C1 s2	6
ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING BASICS	C2 s2	6
INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION	C2 s2	6
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING BASICS	C2 s1	6
ORGANIZATION OF PRODUCTION	C3 s1	6
ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES AND SUSTAINABILITY	C2 s1	6

Correlatively, module III corresponds to the specific training in mechanics. The subjects in this module are mainly in third grade and are those that are linked to the competences that an engineer with the attributions of an industrial technical engineer, a mechanical specialty, must acquire. The specific subjects are:

NAME	Course (C) and Semester (s)	ECTS
THERMODYNAMICS ENGINEERING II	C3 s1	6
FLUIDS ENGINEERING	C3 s2	6
THEORY OF MACHINES	C3 s1	6
CALCULUS AND MACHINE DESIGN	C3 s2	6
ELASTICITY AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS I	C2 s2	6
ELASTICITY AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS II	C3 s1	6
THEORY OF STRUCTURES AND INDUSTRIAL CONSTRUCTION	C3 s2	6
MATERIALS FOR MECHANICAL MANUFACTURING	C3 s1	6
MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGIES	C3 s2	6
GRAPHIC EXPRESSION II	C3 s2	6

The optional training module (IV) is 24 ECTS, of which 18 ECTS correspond to the optional blocks of Sustainable Construction, Energy Facilities and Mechatronics. In addition, a fourth elective block of 18 ECTS credits called mobility is included, which aims to encourage undergraduate students to carry out subjects with various mobility options (Erasmus, Sicue, etc.) through direct recognition. Finally, 6 ECTS correspond to the cross-curricular subject. The objective of the transversal subject is to offer the student the possibility of acquiring a complementary training to that of the degree in different aspects.

Module V consists of the compulsory internship in a company (PTE), which, as its name indicates, is aimed at students applying the knowledge acquired in industries and companies whose activities are directly related to mechanical engineering. PTEs are planned in the fourth year of grade.

The last of the modules (VI) corresponds to the final degree project, located in the fourth year



of the degree and which, according to Order CIN / 351/2009 is a: "Original exercise to be carried out individually and presented and defend in front a university court, consisting of a project in the field of specific technologies of Industrial Engineering of a professional nature in which the competences acquired in the teachings are synthesized and integrated. "

It is worth mentioning that the elective blocks of the degree are carried out in English and, together with other subjects of the common or specific training module, add up to 60 ECTS of the mechanical engineering degree that are taught in English. This strategy responds to two different goals: on the one hand, the commitment for training engineers under a global perspective and, on the other one, to attract international incoming students.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The GEEIA degree programme consists of 240 ECTS, distributed in four academic years, with 30 ECTS per semester. The structure is made up of 6 modules which are organized into subjects. These subjects were defined according to the objectives and competencies required to meet the expected qualifications profile. Each subject brings together a set of courses that are intertwined, sharing objectives and competences. Apart from the basic training module, which are taught in the 1st and 2nd year and are part of the common branch of the centre's industrial degrees, the programme includes a specific training module that defines the profile of an industrial technical engineer with 24 ECTS in electronics, 24 ECTS in automation and control, 6 ECTS in electrical engineering and 6 ECTS in industrial computing.

Specialization subjects are distributed in time according to the requirements among them, adopting an adequate temporary learning fulfillment. In the first years of the deployment of the degree, some non-substantial changes were made to improve this aspect. Currently the structure and organization is consolidated and works excellently.

The specific training of the degree programme is complemented in the 4th year with the optional module consisting of the cross-curricular subject (6 ECTS) and the optional block (18 ECTS). Currently, three very diverse training blocks are offered: the Systems Integration block that contemplates the design and integration of electronic control systems, the Programming and Communications block, which includes a further profile of industrial systems programming, data management and interconnection of devices, and finally the Mechatronics block, where the application of measurement and control systems for industrial actuators is worked on. The latter is shared with the Degree in Mechanical Engineering, which allows multidisciplinary work groups to contribute very positively to the formation of teamwork. The center ensures that the electives are of the highest educational quality possible. One of the actions has been to limit the electives to 10 students and maintain a corequisite format between subjects of the same elective block. In this way, knowledge has been deepened and a higher level of training has been reached in the context of each elective block.

The degree structure is consolidated by the Final Degree Work modules (TFG) (15 ECTS) and the internship in companies (PTE) (15 ECTS) that are mandatory. These modules allow the



student to give a real approach to the knowledge acquired during their training and put together the competences acquired in a final project, normally linked directly to the local industrial sector or to active projects of both research and technology transfer. These modules are planned in the 4th year, but have some flexibility to ensure their excellent integrity within the programme. In the case of the TFG, there are two enrollment periods (September and February) and its development and presentation can be done at any time during the course that the student and director (or co-directors) deem most appropriate. In addition, for enrollment it is not necessary to have the entire previous course completed, but to have passed 180 ECTS. This gives more scope for students who are in 4th grade and have a previous pending assignment. However, to be able to present it, you must have the previous courses approved. In the case of the PTE, there is the figure of the school-company coordinator, who is in charge of individually advising each student in the appropriate selection (prioritized by the respective academic record grade) of the company within the list of available company agreements. Also, the academic internship tutor is in charge of monitoring and supervising the student so that everything runs smoothly and without incident. The student can also enroll in the PTE in two enrollment periods, September and February, depending on whether they want to do it in the first or second semester. In general, the PTE must be done during the 4th year within the academic calendar. However, exceptionally they can be done in summer in case of students who are on Erasmus mobility in 4th year or are doing an internship abroad in summer (IAESTE). There is also the possibility of recognizing previously carried out internships with companies related to the degree or with students who combine studies with work in a related company.

For years, the school has had a strategic objective of internationalization which has been crucial both to attract foreign students and to improve the quality of training of our students with a wide range of possibilities to internationalize their studies (internships in international companies, take courses in prestigious foreign universities, international double degrees, etc.). It should be noted that in recent years the offer of international double degrees for GEEIA students has been expanded. In the 4th year, if they meet the requirements, they can enroll in the double international degree in Electrical Engineering with the University of Novia in Finland or the double international degree in Electrical Engineering with the University Facens in Brazil. They have to study a minimum of 2 semesters of the GEEIA at the external university. In this way, students obtain an equivalent international degree with the recognition that this entails. In the other sense, in order to attract international students, in recent years the offer of subjects taught in English has been increasing. Currently this offer is more than 60 ECTS for each degree.

The guidelines of the degree programme are established based on the different academic regulations of the degrees approved by the Governing Council of the UdL: Assessment and Qualification Regulations, Permanence Regulations, Curricular Qualification Regulations, TFG Regulations, PTE Regulations and Regulations of Cross-curricular subject (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/normatives/portada/>). Likewise, the general bases of organization of the school's undergraduate degrees are defined in the Academic Framework of the EPS, and are periodically reviewed and updated by the study commission (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/normatives/marc-academic-eps/>). All this



information is available on the internet and is accessible to all the public. In addition, the structure of the degree programme and its modules are also detailed on the degree website.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The study plan for the Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering is structured in five modules, and these are organized, in turn, into subjects. The modules present concerted content that guarantees that the expected learning objectives and outcomes can be achieved (see Criterion 1.1). On the other hand, the structure of modules allows the definition of individualized itineraries, so that students can adjust their studies to their interests (mobility, work placements, electives, etc.). Below is a brief description of each of the modules extracted from the verified memory of the title:

- Basic formation

This module corresponds to the compulsory basic training competencies. The subjects of this module are located in the first year of the degree, except for two located in the second year. This module is common with the other degrees of the industrial branch that are taught at the school.

- Common training for the industrial branch

This module corresponds to the competences of compulsory training common to the industrial branch. The subjects of this module are located in the second year of the degree, except one located in the third year and another located in the fourth year. This module is common with the other degrees of the industrial branch that are taught at the school.

- Specific technology training: Energy and sustainability

This module corresponds to the subjects that encompass the specific competences related to energy and sustainability. All the subjects corresponding to this module are located in the third year of the degree, except one located in the second semester of the second year. The subjects are the following: Renewable Energy Resources, Sustainability, Thermal and Fluid Systems, Electric Energy Systems, Energy Storage, Energy Management and Control.

- Elective training

The optional training is located in the fourth year of the degree. Three mentions associated with the optional training module have been defined: Environmental Mitigation (33 ECTS), Energy Installations (33 ECTS), and Sustainable Construction (33 ECTS). Each of these mentions includes the completion of 15 ECTS of Tutored Practices in Business (PTE) on the subject of the chosen itinerary.

A fourth optional option is the completion of the Mobility itinerary (18 ECTS) that allows the student to study in a mobility programme some subjects that are not included in the study plan. Likewise, within the optional offer the student can choose the Cross-curricular Subject (6 ECTS) whose objective is to help the student's integral formation (gender equality, ICT, ethical



commitment, culture, sports, etc.).

A differential aspect of the GEES curriculum is that the PTEs are integrated into the optional training module with the aim of constituting, together with other related subjects, the three mentions of the degree. For this reason, in the subject of PTE four differentiated options are defined: three corresponding to each of these specializations and a general one for students who do not want to take a mention. The PTEs are in the fourth year and have a study load of 15 ECTS, which includes a 320-hour stay in the external entity.

- Final degree project

The final degree project (TFG) has 15 ECTS, must be done in the last year and is a work that each student carries out under the guidance of a director or two co-directors. This work allows the student to show in an integrated way the training content received and the skills acquired associated with the undergraduate degree.

In relation to language, approximately 50% of the degree's teaching is carried out in English. Breaking it down by modules, basic and common training for the industrial branch is taught mainly in Spanish and Catalan. Instead, the specific technology and elective training modules are taught entirely in English.



Criterion 2.2 Work load and credits

For each semester, the academic calendar is organized in 15 weeks devoted to lectures and tutorship and 4 weeks intended for tests, which are organized in:

- one week in the middle of the semester for the partial exams.
- two consecutive weeks at the end of the semester for the final exams
- one extra week devoted to recovery exams, for students who may have failed some part of the assesment.

The exams are scheduled avoiding overlapping and distributing them along the exam period. Furthermore, each subject organizes additional assesments bases on tests, projects, oral presentations, ...

From the School Direction, it was considered appropriate to carry out a study map of the degrees in order to analyze the level of workload of the students during the course to avoid load peaks due to the coincidence in time of a large number of practices and exams. A document was drawn up for each degree called "Map of Practices". This document is revised every 2-3 years

The lectures of each subject are scheduled weekly, so the workload can be distributed along the whole semester. The guide plans of each subjects specify the expected workload.

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The Computer Engineering Degree programme consists of 240 credits, divided into four courses with the following distribution: in the first 60 credits, in the second 57 credits, in the third 63 credits and in the fourth 60 credits. Most of the subjects have an assignment of 6 credits, although four subjects are of 9 credits, two of 4.5 credits, one of 3 credits and two are of 15 credits (Tutored Practices in Company and Final Degree Project). This disparity is due to the change introduced in 2017 in the teaching plan (commented on Criterion 1.3).

Estimated time budgets are realistic to allow students to complete the course without exceeding the expected duration. To help students distribute their work, the teaching guide for each subject includes its development plan. In such a plan, the temporal programming of the subject is detailed, indicating the number of contact hours and autonomous work required for each content. It is evaluated by applying a continuous evaluation methodology, a fact that helps students distribute their work throughout the course. A calendar of activities / practices has also been created to detect if there are any weeks with a peak of work. When it has been detected, we have spoken with the teachers responsible for the different subjects to distribute the work more evenly.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

As it has been introduced in Criterion 1.1, the total credits of the degree (240 ECTS organized in 4 courses) and the different blocks that it must contain are regulated in RD 1393/2007 and in



Order CIN / 351/2009 respectively. In the different courses that make up the degree, the credit load is 60 ECTS, with the most frequent number of credits per subject being 6 ECTS. There are only two subjects of 9 ECTS (Calculus and Graphic Expression I) and another two that are of 15 ECTS (Tutored Internships in Business and Final Degree Project). As a general rule, 1 ECTS is considered equivalent to 10 hours of classroom training and 15 hours of autonomous work. It is important to emphasize that all the subjects contain in their teaching guide the development plan of the subject in which the students, normally in weekly discrimination, exposing in detail the aspects of the content that will be discussed and the time associated with them (<http://www.graumechanica.udl.cat/es/pla-formatiu/pla-estudis-guies-docents/>).

The dedication of a full-time student to take the 60 ECTS per course is considered adequate and usual in university degrees in both the Catalan and Spanish systems.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The GEEIA qualification is organized within the Academic Framework of the EPS Degrees, which very clearly defines the distribution of hours of an ECTS according to the EHEA, 10 contact hours and 15 hours of autonomous work for each ECTS. It also defines that only 10% of contact hours can be dedicated to assessment activities. ECTS are distributed equally by course, semester and week. The heads of study are in charge of making the proposal for the distribution of ECTS (schedules) and it is presented to the Study Commission for approval. The organization of the study plan already provides for a balanced distribution of 60 ECTS per course and 30 ECTS per semester. This guarantees that, from the beginning, the student's workload is well distributed among the four courses of the degree.

All the subjects, except for 2 of the basic training of the first year, the TFG and the PTE, are 6 ECTS and are taught weekly in 2 sessions of 55 minutes with an intermediate break of 10 minutes and a 20 minutes mid-morning break between two different subjects. In addition, for the sessions of problems or practices that are not masterful, the Academic Framework ensures that they are divided into medium groups between 20 and 40 students. In case you have to work in laboratories with limited capacity, it also provides for splitting into small groups of 10 students. From the beginning of the degree, these measures guarantee direct and personalized attention to the student, supervising their learning evolution and at the same time supporting their autonomous workload.

A Coordinator is assigned for any UdL degrees. He is in charge, among other things, of supervising the proper functioning of the degree in relation to the fulfillment of the objectives and learning without exceeding the workload. In this sense, in recent years some non-substantial changes have been made in the syllabus or in the reorganization of subjects with the sole purpose of better distributing the student's work effort (see Criterion 1.3).

According to the statistical data on completion of the degree, the average graduation time in the last courses is 5.5, 5.1 and 5.3 years in the 18/19, 19/20 and 20/21 courses respectively. It has



a stable trend with values very similar to the average of the UdL engineering degrees (5.1 years). The graduation rate per cohort within the expected time has always remained above 60%, despite this last academic year that has dropped to 50.0%. This fact has been reflected at a general level, as all engineering degrees have significantly lowered their index compared to the trend of recent years (-30.2%). Being punctual, this drop is mainly associated with the complications generated by the COVID-19 pandemic. Now, in the last 6 courses, the average graduation rate in the expected time of the engineering degrees at the UdL is 68.8%, and in the case of the GEEIA it remains slightly above with 69.9%. These data are a good indicator that, in general, the difficulty, the effort of the student and the time of dedication is adequate and meets the requirements of the degree.

The student's assessment of the workload (hours to be dedicated), according to the satisfaction surveys of the subjects, is an average of 3.28 out of 5 between the 10/11 and 17/18 courses, very similar to the average from the center (3.31 out of 5). It should be noted that student satisfaction regarding the appropriate workload has an upward trend, in the 17/18 academic year it rose to 3.47, 0.44 points more with respect to the 11/10 academic year. In recent years, student satisfaction with the subjects has been positive and continues to grow, in addition to the satisfaction of graduates who rate the overall educational experience at 3.7 out of 5, and 83.3% indicate that they would choose the same degree and center again if they had to start again. These indices are indicative of good student satisfaction with the organization and implementation of the degree programme.

The average rate of return of the subjects of the degree in the last 4 years is 64.6%. In the specialization subjects (3rd and 4th year), the performance rate rises to 90%, with the worst result being 60.1%. These results show that, in general, students can meet the learning and work loads demanded by the teaching staff. However, in the common industrial branch, 30% of subjects (6 subjects) have a very low performance rate (<50%). These are the subjects of basic training in mathematics, algebra, physics and chemistry, which the problem does not lie in the workload but rather in the inadequate training prior to entering the degree. This aspect has been accentuated even more in this last year, mainly due to the effects of COVID-19 in the education system. The average return rate of the degree in first year has gone from 57.3% to 41.8%. The school contemplates different adaptation plans for students to try to improve these performance figures. The Zero courses of Mathematics and Physics are being taught to reinforce basic knowledge, some of these subjects are also repeated in the second semester of the same course to offer a second opportunity without losing a curricular year, and there is also a tutorial action programme, UdL Acompanya (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/organs/vicerectors/veo/UdL-Acompanya-Programa-Nestor/>), which actively guides and advises students in their adaptation.

In recent years, the UdL has consolidated a programme that ensures the inclusion of people with functional, physical, mental or sensory diversity at the UdL, called UdLxTothom (<https://www.udl.cat/ca/serveis/seu/UdLxtothom/>). This programme offers direct attention to students who present or believe they present some type of functional diversity. There is a tutor in the school for such a programme that has the responsibility of providing support to all students who request it. Depending on the type and degree of disability, you are given specific



adaptations, such as, for example, more time to take the exam, not penalizing spelling errors or having direct support if you have doubts, among others. The operation of this programme is highly valued. In recent years he has helped grade level students to better integrate into their day-to-day work, considerably improving their academic performance.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

The degree programme in Energy and Sustainability Engineering consists of 240 ECTS, divided into four courses of 60 ECTS each. Most of the subjects have an allocation of 6 ECTS, although two subjects are of 9 ECTS and two more are of 15 ECTS (Tutored Practices in Company and Final Degree Project). As an orientation for the student, it is usually considered that 1 ECTS is equivalent to 25 hours of work, of which 10 hours are class and 15 hours correspond to autonomous work outside the classroom (self-study).

The estimated workload distribution is realistic to allow students to complete the course without exceeding the regular duration. In this sense, it should be noted that each course (60 ECTS) corresponds to an annual workload of 1500 hours, which would be equivalent to a full-time job.

To avoid workload peaks, the teaching guide for each subject includes its development plan. In this plan the temporal programming of the subject is detailed, indicating the number of face-to-face hours and autonomous work required for each content. You can consult the teaching guides for the subjects on the degree website (<http://www.grauenergiaisostenibilitat.udl.cat/es/>). On the other hand, the evaluation is carried out by subjects and applying a continuous evaluation methodology (see Criterion 3.1), a fact that helps to minimize the appearance of work peaks.



Criterion 2.3 Teaching methodology

Every year, the university holds a call for grants for projects to innovate and improve teaching. Its main objective is to motivate teachers in the search for active and innovative teachers' methodologies, in the development of teaching resources and materials that favor learning and the improvement of the evaluation process. EPS teachers actively participate in these calls. This information is expanded in criterion 4.2.

At the same time, EPS together with the Professional Associations, awards prizes with various financial endowments to the best Bachelor's Thesis (TFG) and Master Thesis (TFM). This distinction recognizes works with a high level of quality. To apply for one of the awards, the work must be published in RecerCAT. All the awards and distinctions can be consulted in the following link:

http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/info_sobre/concursos_premis/

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The teachers in the different subjects use a wide range of methods, from lectures in large groups, exercises or laboratory sessions in small groups, depending on the subject. Most engineering content subjects include computer practices.

A key aspect in the university is academic research and that students have a first contact with it to provide them with a different vision of the profession. There are subjects of the degree where this aspect materializes since it is related to the subject-matter of some of the research groups (distributed computing, human-computer interaction, and artificial intelligence). Such groups also apply research knowledge in the Bachelor's Thesis. The transfer of such knowledge is evident in the request each year for at least one research introduction scholarship by a student of the degree.

In the particular case of the Degree in Computer Engineering, a document of good practices has been prepared by the teaching staff that is provided to the students. This document distinguishes several levels of expertise and for each level the requirements that the student must put into practice in terms of good programming, debugging and documentation practices. The teaching staff specifies the expertise level that best suits each subject and it allows the student to know the level of demand in each subject in terms of programming skills, debug practices, performance results as well as the detail and quality level of the documentation, diagrams, etc.

The students consider in the surveys that most of the subjects have a very good methodology (more than 4 points out of 5 in 30 subjects out of 44), to a lesser extent they consider that they have a good methodology (between 3 and 4 points out of 5 in 12 of 44 subjects) and a minority consider that the methodology has aspects to improve (between 2 and 3 points out of 5 in 2 subjects of 44). There are no negative evaluations (less than 2 points).

During the 2019/20 academic year, it was necessary to adapt to a radical change in the way of



teaching and receiving classes, going from a face-to-face format to a virtual one. It should be noted the great effort made by both students and teachers adapting the teaching methodology. In the case of teachers, the rapid adoption of online tools (videoconferences, digital whiteboards, online tests, ...) stands out, as well as the application of new teaching methodologies (flipped classroom, gamification, group work through online repositories, etc.). To help teachers, in early 2021 the EPS organized a workshop on teaching in times of COVID, where school teachers were able to share their virtual teaching experience and the tools that had been useful for this purpose. And in June a seminar was held for teachers of the subjects in which computer programming is used, since there are very particular methods and tools for such subjects. Both activities were received with a very positive assessment by the teaching staff.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

The different subjects contained in the degree curriculum define their methodological axes so that students achieve the learning results in an optimal way. The methodological axes followed in each subject are explicitly detailed in its teaching guide. Depending on the subject, their competences and the learning outcomes to be achieved, the teaching methodologies modulate accordingly. Mention among the different methodological axes the master classes, the realization of practices, the elaboration of works, the classes of problems, visits to different industries, learning based on problems or projects, etc. As indicated in the listed methodologies, some of them promote group collaboration, autonomous work, etc., in addition to classes understood in a traditional way.

As students advance in the degree and become familiar with the EPS and its different research groups, encompassed in the INSPIRES research center, they can carry out an introduction and immersion in research, obtaining a scholarship from the university. An important aspect is that the professors of the degree carry out research directly related to the subjects they teach, accentuating this fact as the subjects become more specific in the industrial field and in mechanical engineering. In this way, the different contents introduced are supported with examples and research experiences that enrich the training and improve the motivation of the students by appreciating concrete applications of the concepts of the subjects. In certain subjects and in the elective block in general, students develop major projects for which they must carry out considerable research and apply writing techniques, linked to certain advanced document structures. Finally, the greatest exponent of how undergraduate students carry out research and write a formal document is the final degree project (TFG). The TFG, with a load of 15 ECTS, implies that the student must dedicate a very important number of hours to carry out research on a certain topic and to capture the methodology followed, the results obtained and the discussion and contextualization of the same formally and in an orderly manner.

The students value each course their perception regarding the teaching methodologies followed in the different subjects. The results show that in the period 16/17 - 20/21 the consideration towards the teaching methodology is very positive, obtaining a result of between 3.5 and 4 points out of 5. As an example, in the 20/21 academic year the subjects that were evaluated in the teaching methodology section with a grade ≥ 4 were 41.5%. Those who obtained a figure ≥ 3 and <4 were 29% and those whose score was <3 were 29%. That is, more than 40% of the subjects are valued in terms of their methodology in an excellent way and 70% as satisfactory or very satisfactory.



DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

As a general rule, the UdL's Degree Assessment and Qualification Regulations define that the assessment must be continuous throughout the entire teaching period of the subject. This leads to using methodologies that allow continuous work. The most used are problem-solving activities, laboratory practices in small groups and group work with or without public presentation. The methodologies specified in the definition of the memory subjects of the degree are: lectures, problem solving and practicals. However, recently new methodologies for active learning and self-learning have been introduced, such as, for example, reverse class, reflective teaching (inquiry-based learning) and case studies. In addition, the exceptional situation of the last two courses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has forced the use of methodologies based on online learning, such as videoconference classes, asynchronous classes recorded with recordings, simulations, directed debates and forums, among others.

The UdL has a web platform called virtual campus (CV) that provides a virtual student-teacher working environment with a dedicated workspace for each subject. It has tools to share digital content, organize lesson content temporarily, manage activities, take tests and questionnaires, publish qualifications, as well as an integrated videoconferencing system, and communication tools such as forums, messages, announcements, etc. The use of this virtual platform has been key in the last two courses with periods 100% online and hybrid teaching. There has been a very notable increase in its use, its operation and contribution to the online learning model has been excellent for both teachers and students. In this last year, the student has valued at 4.3 out of 5 the use of the CV for their learning. It is expected that the learning model is increasingly supported by the online tools offered by the CV.

The methodologies and their development plan for each subject are clearly defined in their teaching guides, which are periodically updated and adapted according to their needs. The methodologies used depend mainly on whether they are subjects from the common industrial branch, which tend to be more numerous groups and introduce more theoretical concepts developed mainly in problems, or whether they are subjects from the specialty modules or optional modules. In this case, the methodologies are more practical, increasing laboratory hours with work-oriented learning methodologies and practical group projects. It should be noted that the distribution of teaching in large groups and medium groups in all grades of the EPS, allows problem or laboratory classes to be carried out with a reduced number of students (between 20 and 25). In the case of optional subjects, the number of students is even lower (between 10 and 15). This has facilitated a more personalized attention to students and has made it possible to implement much more proactive learning methodologies.

The EPS has different laboratories to carry out the practicals, mechanics, electronics, mechatronics and chemistry laboratories, without neglecting computer science laboratories mainly for programming and simulation. Thanks to the successive calls for improvement of the EPS teaching infrastructures, these laboratories have been updated and improved in order to



correctly develop all the more practical and specialized training activities in subjects that require it. Emphasize the improvement of the electronics laboratory in academic year 16/17 with the incorporation of equipment for the welding and assembly of electronic circuits. This equipment has been actively used in the last courses of the Systems Integration elective block.

The professors of the UdL have a service called Support and Advice to Teaching Activity (<http://www.saad.udl.cat/ca/>) focused on providing the necessary pedagogical support to improve current teaching methodologies. There is also the Teacher Training Unit (<http://www.fpu.udl.cat/ca/>) that offers different pedagogical training courses for teachers. Thanks to these services and also to the aid for innovation and improvement of teaching promoted by the Vice-Rector's Office for Academic Planning and Quality, the GEEIA degree has adequately updated its methodologies in recent years. Some notable examples are:

- Electronic platform for the creation of feedback control systems, used in the practices of the Basic Control Theory subject:
T. Pallejà, O. Palacín, M. Tresanchez, A. Saiz-Vela, Low-cost teaching material for practices of Basic Control Theory, Didactic Applications SAAEI 2020, pp. 240-244.
- Low-cost digital systems development platform based on the use of FPGAs, used in the practices of the Digital Electronics subject:
Saiz-Vela, P. Fontova, T. Pallejà, M. Tresanchez, JA Garriga, C. Roig, A low-cost development platform to design digital circuits on FPGAs using opensource software and hardware tools, Proceedings of the Technologies Applied to Electronics Teaching Conference (TAEI 2020), pp. 299-306
- Development of an electronic circuit simulator used in the practices of the subject Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering:
<http://robotica.udl.cat/simulador/>

The students' assessment of whether the learning methods used have been adequate is satisfactory. In the last academic years, 18/19, 19/10 and 20/21, the trend in this assessment has been upwards, 3.63, 3.80 and 3.84 out of 5 respectively, reaching in this last year the average of the Center (3.83 out of 5). In the same way, the student's assessment of the methodologies used for the assessment is also very similar to the average of the center and the UdL (3.76 out of 5 in the 20/21 academic year), and remains in the same line as the previous courses.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

A wide variety of teaching methodologies are applied, including lectures, problem solving, practicals, group work, case studies, project development, visits, lectures, written assignments, problem-based learning, and flipped teaching. The specific methodologies used in each of the subjects can be consulted in the teaching guides. The choice of one or another methodology is intended to help students achieve the learning outcomes of the subject and depends on factors



such as the theoretical or applied nature of the subject, or the course in which it is taught.

The familiarization of students with academic research and writing plays a vital role throughout the GEES training programme and particularly in the optional training modules and final degree work (TFG). In this sense, it should be noted that for the completion of the TFG, students must investigate the issue raised, gathering and interpreting relevant information, apply their knowledge and write a professional document in which the work developed is reflected.

In relation to student satisfaction with teaching methods, the surveys for the 2020-21 academic year (only surveys with a minimum of 3 responses are considered) show an assessment equal to or greater than 4 points out of 5 (very satisfactory) in the 53% of the subjects, 21% had a score between 3 and 4 points (satisfactory), 10% between 2.6 and 3 points (satisfactory with recommendations) and 16% with less than 2.6 points. It is concluded that, in general, there is a high assessment by students about the methodologies used for teaching.



Criterion 2.4 Support and assistance

The academic and professional guidance that the school offers to students was rated very positively as "in progress to excellence" in the previous 2019 accreditation, highlighting the good level reached to date by the in terms of advice, assistance and support for learning received by students.

The mechanisms through which the EPS satisfies the academic orientation are the Center's orientation and tutoring Plan, called in the UdL "Acompaña-Plan Néstor", the accompaniment of the Coordinator, the Mentoring of students, and the actions for recognition of academic excellence (awards and scholarships). On the other hand, in terms of support for professional guidance, the main services and activities are the Job Placement Plan, Tutored Internships in the Company, Dual Training, the Internationalization of the EPS, participation in the Industrial Doctorate programme. Furthermore, there are various complementary activities devoted to establish contact between students and professionals in the IT sector, such as the subject "Engineers and their socio-professional environment", specific talks and workshops that take place during the academic year, talks from professional associations and awards that they give to the best TFM, etc..

The main resources devoted to help, counseling and support to students are:

- **Class delegates**

Each class provide one or two delegates. Their role is to represent the interests of the students and facilitate a quick and agile communication channel with professors, the programme coordinator and the head of studies. Furthermore, they are also involved in the Students Council of the faculty.

- **Orientation and accompaniment to the student**

In each UdL center, a coordinator of the UdL Acompaña - Nèstor Programme is appointed in charge of organizing the reception sessions of the center in coordination with the management and guiding and advising the students throughout their learning process.

The plan designates the coordinator as the student's tutor, who works closely with the coordinator of the degree/master, since he represents a reference figure for the student and makes him or her a point of reference for any incident or need for guidance and accompaniment. Therefore, the degree/master coordinator also plays an important role in the orientation of the student, exercising the functions of advisor throughout the learning process and managing the suggestions and complaints of the students, and directing them towards the pertinent areas and services.

On the other hand, in the mobility processes, the coordinator of international relations is in charge of informing and advising the students of the School interested in participating in a mobility programme and participating in their selection.

- **Zero course in mathematics and physics**

Mathematics and physics subjects are present in all engineering and technical architecture degrees. They are subjects that, due to their fundamental and transversal



nature, are considered essential for taking later more specialized subjects. Currently, the access of new students to undergraduate studies is very diverse, and hence the levels of basic knowledge in mathematics are very different. Thus, the main objective of the course is to review and refresh mathematics concepts already presented in the Baccalaureate, in order to equalize the levels of knowledge in this area and, therefore, guarantee adequate monitoring of the mathematics subjects of first year of EPS undergraduate degrees.

- **Autodesk Agreement:** In academic year 17/18, the collaboration agreement was signed between the UdL and the Autodesk company through which, among many other advantages, the educational community has free access to the applications of this company, in academic version, among which the following stand out. of building and architecture, such as AutoCAD and Revit, in addition to being able to issue official certificates of the level reached by students during the career, a fact that allows not only to improve the knowledge of these programmes but also to be able to justify their level in the work curriculum (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/noticies/La-UdL-esdeve-Autodesk-Authorized-Academic-Partner/>).
- **Repeated teaching in subjects with a lower performance rate**
Repeated teaching allows a semester subject to be offered in both semesters. It is designed so that the repeating student can enjoy reinforcement teaching that helps them to achieve the necessary objectives to pass the subject. Some of the subjects of the first semester are associated with repeated teaching to the second semester. Students who have not passed the evaluation in February will be able to enroll in this repeated teaching that will give the right to weekly classes and a new evaluation of the subject.
- **Incorporation of the inclusion coordinator of the center**
The UdLxTothom Programme is part of the services that the UdL offers to the entire university community, students, administration and services staff, and teaching and research staff. It is attached to the Coordination of Social Commitment, Equality and Cooperation and is managed within the University Information and Guidance Unit. Its objective is to promote the participation and inclusion of people with functional diversity, based on the principles of equal opportunities, inclusion and social responsibility.
The inclusion coordinator of the UdLxTothom programme of the center is responsible of responding to the adaptation and habilitation needs derived from situations of disability or specific educational needs of the student.
- **Student Associations; Student Council, IAESTE and LleidaHack.**
The EPS Student Council is the body for consultation, deliberation, communication and representation of the students of the School, which is responsible for matters related to both academic life and university extension involving students. Its objectives are to ensure that the rights and duties of students are fulfilled as well as to promote their participation in all areas of university life and to promote that students receive quality academic and human information. In our faculty, this council is very active, and they have periodic meetings with the faculty management team to coordinate, discuss and



suggest improvement actions.

IAESTE is an international student association, with a very active local committee at the University of Lleida, which aims to provide students who are pursuing scientific and technical careers with the possibility of doing internships in foreign companies and institutions during their training at the University.

LleidaHack is an association mainly conformed by students and alumni of the faculty, whose goal is to foster passion for technology. They organize different activities such as the HackEPS programming competition, the TechMeetings where they invite experts to present some novel ICT topics in a very informal environment, they organize some workshops, talks to secondary and high schools, or they even participate in the Technovation programme by mentorizing young girls interested in ICT.

- **Dolors Piera Center for the equal opportunities and promotion of women.** The main goals of this center are promoting equality policies among men and women as well as motivate the inclusion of the gender perspective in teaching, research and management. In particular, they have developed a protocol to prevent and attend situations of gender-based violence and sexual harassment, addressed to students, PAS and PDI. They have an office which is very visible and accessible for students, located in the classrooms building of the campus.

Since the last accreditation, the EPS has continued to incorporate improvements in the learning support systems, among which the following are specifically devoted to foster the orientation and labor insertion of students:

- **Job placement fair UdL-Treball**
UdL-Treball is a one-day-long yearly organized fair, aimed to bring together companies and students. For students, UdLTreball is the way to know first hand the job opportunities in the territory, receive specific guidance on employability and learn, through the activities that are scheduled, the best way to promote and improve their professional skills. Likewise, for the company, UdLTreball is the way to make themselves known and show themselves as a real option for a professional future, as well as to have direct contact with the options of joint work and continuous training offered by the University of Lleida.
- **Implementation of Dual Training:** In the 15/16 course the Dual Training was launched in the Master of Computer Engineering, and the 16/17 course in the Master of Industrial Engineering whose operation was regulated through a specific procedure (2_4_01_PC008). Dual training allows students to work in the company in the morning, with an employment contract, and attend the university in the afternoon; with an academic recognition of the tasks, skills and competencies developed in the company, becoming an essential tool to insert master's students in the labor market. The School has developed a Methodological Framework for Dual Training to include all the processes related to this methodology, therefore attending to a recommendation from the 2019 External Evaluation Committee (master's degree accreditation).



- **Increase in the number of Industrial doctorates:** EPS has actively participated in the Industrial Doctorate Programme (<http://www.doctorat.udl.cat/es/mencions/doctorat-industrial-00001/>) promoted by the Generalitat of Catalonia and whose objective is to contribute to the competitiveness and internationalization of the industry, reinforce the instruments to attract talent and place future doctors in a position to develop R&D& I projects in a company. Industrial doctors act, as well as knowledge transfer bridges, and contribute to strengthening relations between the industrial fabric and universities and research centers. EPS has not been left out of this great opportunity and has participated in this programme since its inception. To date, two industrial doctoral theses have been already finished (at the Scytl, Ilerfred and Sallen companies) and another three are being developed (two at Lleida.net and one at PMP).
- **Incorporation of professionals from reference companies in the evaluation courts** of the projects in the Learning by doing subjects of the Master's Degree in Computer Engineering. Their participation in these committees is very valuable for students, since they have to present their projects and can receive a face-to-face assesment focused on professional and real company point of view.
- **Promote contact and relationship of students with professional associations:** Professional associations and business associations collaborate closely with the School in different aspects:
 - o **Awarding of prizes and mentions to the best academic records.** These awards are awarded annually within the framework of the Alumni dinner (<http://www.alumnieps.udl.cat/ca/premis/premi-alumni-eps/>).
 - o **Awarding of prizes and mentions to the best TFG / TFM.** These awards allow professional associations to know by first-hand the lines of work in the final degree projects (http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/info_sobre/concursos_premis/). At the same time, it is a good motivation for students to do innovative TFG / TFM.
 - o **Talks organized by professional associations.** These talks are mainly oriented to the final year students, in which they present the challenges and possibilities that the labor market will offer them. In turn, they offer students one year of free tuition, which can accompany them in their professional initiation (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/agenda/Xerrada-Sr.-Eduard-Martin-Dega-COEINF.-La-professio-denginyer-informatic-estudis-i-carrera-professional-00001>).
- **Increase in international in-company internships :** The School supports, empowers and motivates students to participate in the Erasmus-Internship programme where they are the ones who have to look for the European company where they can carry out the internships. This encourages students to face a new situation in their training, such as having to prepare a CV, a cover letter, and begin to "train" their jump to the labor market, since the situation is very similar to that of having to look for work for the first time. Another option for international internships is through the IAESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience). This student association, present in more than 80 countries, has a very active local committee in our university. Students interested in international internship join the association in they first or second year, so they can apply for an internship on their third or fourth year, or even

during their master programme.

- **Implementation of EPS PRO-GATEWAY programme**

The EPS PROfessional Gateway programme consists of a series of activities that aim to provide professional guidance for students. This programme is conformed of:

- Orientation talks from professional associations
- Orientation talks and tutorization offered by the coordinators of the degrees
- EPS company corner: it is a space, physical and temporary, where companies and students can meet and get to know each other, with the main objective that companies present themselves and inform our students of job opportunities, of the possibilities of doing the TFG / TFM, Practices, the possibility of Dual Training, when appropriate. They are usually organized on Tuesday and Wednesday. Each session is devoted to a single company, which is allocated at the lobby of the faculty so interaction with students is casual and informal. However, due to the necessary preentiality of this action, it has been interrupted by the pandemic and it is planned to being restarted on 2021/2022
- Speed dating: it is a dynamic Networking activity that consists of conducting quick and concise interviews between students who finish the Degree or Master and the companies in the area of influence. This format favors close and individual contact, exchange and proximity when it comes to meeting the ideal candidate or company. Some activities have been canceled or reduced as a result of the pandemic, and it is expected that they will resume and intensify as soon as the health situation allows it again.

- **Complementary activities**

Along the whole academic year, there are several activities which are organized together with companies, whose goal is to promote a close contact with the latest projects and technologies used in the professional sector.

- Hackathon: (<https://lleidahack.github.io/hackeps2018/>) This activity is promoted by the School and organized by students of the School under the supervision of a teacher. It is a programming tournament in which a group of companies (sponsors) propose a programming challenge or project. Participating students must solve one or more of these challenges. The solutions are evaluated by an expert committee made up of university professors and company experts. The best solution is awarded by the company or sponsor that launches the challenge. This is an activity designed to motivate students to solve real programming problems and learn programming technologies, techniques and methodologies, but also to bring companies closer to the university environment and make the companies known among students and encourage their contact. What makes this activity essential to enhance the interaction of the school and students with the surrounding companies and promote participation in joint activities of knowledge transfer, creation of projects, etc.
- Summer course of the company GFT on Mainframe technology developed in the EPS facilities that also served to make a selection of personnel for this company (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/noticies/LEPS-i-GFT-ofereixen-aquest->



[estiu-un-curs-gratuit-en-tecnologia-Mainframe/](#).

- o Course at the UdL Summer University offered by the Starloop company in collaboration with the EPS on video game technology (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/noticies/Inici-a-IEPS-del-Curs-de-videojocs-per-a-la-inclusio-adreca-a-joves-vulnerables-en-situacio-de-risc-social/>).
- o Visits to reference companies such as GFT, Minsait, EURECAT, BonArea, Alter Software, STRATESYS, Alier, San Miguel-Mahou, Romero-Polo, Subcoele, etc... with the aim of guiding students in their transition to the professional world.
- o Incorporation of professionals from leading companies and representatives of professional associations in specific talks in the field of EPS master subjects, such as Mr. Guillem Boira (Dean of the College of Industrial Engineers of Lleida), Mr. Josep Freixanet (GFT manager), Mr. Francesc Guitart from GFT, Mr. Aitor Corchero from the EURECAT technology center, Mr. Jordi Gervás from the Lleida Provincial Council, or Mr. Josep Clotet from the Lleida Technology Park, Mr. J. Delfín Peláez from INCIBE, Mr. Josep Solé from URSA Insulation, or Mr. Francesc Adell from INTECH 3D, to name a few.



3. Exams: System, Concept & Organisation

Criterion 3 System, concept and organisation

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Analysis of training activities

The contents, methodology and development plan of the different subjects can be consulted through the teaching guides available in the [degree website](#). All the teaching guides are updated annually so students can check them before they enrol. The teaching guides are supervised annually in order to verify that the competencies are those that correspond to the subject and that the guide is complete. Due to COVID-19, during the 2020-21 academic year, the undergraduate courses were planned following a blended model, where face-to-face classes in the classroom were combined (medium groups, usually laboratory or exercises) with online sessions (theory groups). On November 2020, and following the government indications, we switched to a totally virtual model, maintaining presentality on the exams and some concrete practices. In February and March 2021, the blended model was resumed in the first and second years, respectively. Virtual teaching was maintained throughout the academic year in third and fourth years.

The realization of the supervised internships in companies is valued very positively, an example of this is the fact that 64% of the students have obtained an excellent qualification.

The final degree projects have a high degree of achievement, obtaining more than half of the works presented the grade of outstanding. The topics are broad and correspond to the training profile of the degree and include areas such as: mobile applications with some special purpose, the design and implementation of computer systems in companies (for example, the digitization of non-computer companies, the implementation of e-business, ...), and those related with each of the research groups: distributed computing, human-computer interaction, information security and artificial intelligence. We emphasize that some of the final projects are carried out with external co-direction of professionals and related to their internship, which implies additional enrichment for the student, and usually it gives rise to their first job.

In relation to the global satisfaction of the students with the subjects, it is observed that in the 2020-21 academic year, 26 out of 45 of the subjects presented a score of the global satisfaction of the subject equal to or greater than 4 points out of 5 (very satisfactory), 15 of 45 had a score between 3 and 4 points (satisfactory), and 4 of 45 between 2 and 3 points (satisfactory with recommendations) and there are no lower evaluations. In general, a high assessment is observed by the students. Every year a meeting is held with the students and the values are reviewed to improve the subjects with lower evaluation or with any problem. In this situation, the teachers responsible for the subjects with lowest results are requested to analyse possible improvements.

Assessment system analysis



The regulations of [evaluation and qualification of teaching in the degrees and masters of the UdL](#) and the [Academic framework of the EPS degrees](#) define the GEI assessment system. This system follows a continuous assessment model, where no activity can account for more than 50% of the final grade nor can it be less than 10%. In each subject, a minimum of two exams are usually taken during the weeks dedicated to the midterm and final exams. These tests cannot weigh more than 80% of the final grade. The activities and evaluation criteria for each subject are set out in the teaching guides, and are available before the start of the course. Commonly, each teacher evaluates the same parts of an exam, independently of the group where each student belongs. This practice ensures a more uniform and egalitarian assessment.

The possibility of an alternative evaluation with an exam or work that can reach up to 85% of the final grade is also regulated. This alternative is aimed at those students who have difficulties attending class, for example because they combine work with studies, long-term illness, etc. Furthermore, exams can be replanned for students in exceptional situations, such as illness, student participation in university councils, assistance to professional athletic competitions or the death of a close relative

At the end of each academic year, after the students have obtained their marks, the curricular evaluation procedure is held. The goal of this evaluation is to compensate some subjects, according to some requirements and taking into account the overall academic evolution of the student. This procedure is held for blocks of subjects: the first block corresponds to the first year subjects, and the second block corresponds to the compulsory subjects along the whole programme (2nd, 3rd and 4th years). The criteria to compensate some subjects are established in the Curricular Qualification Regulations. The requirements to compensate a subject are that the student has to obtain a mark above 4 out of 10, the number of non-passed ECTS in the block is below 18 and the average mark of all the subjects in the block is over 5.25. This system of evaluation by blocks is valued positively since it has avoided that students got stucked in one particular subject, when in the rest of subjects in the block has had a positive performance.

Continuous assessment is also applied to the Final Degree Project (TFG) following the different stages. The initial report (10% of the grade), where the objectives and planning of the students are reflected, and is evaluated by the director / co-directors. The follow-up report (10% of the grade), where the student's evolution is monitored, consultations with the tutor, actions taken to alleviate the problems that have occurred, and is evaluated by the director / co-directors. The final report (50% of the grade) where all the work done is valued, consultation of the state of the art, methods used, volume of work done, innovations applied to the project, ... This report is evaluated by the director / co-directors. And the final presentation (30% of the grade) is evaluated by the members of the evaluating panel, which may include the director himself. This presentation is public, and aspects such as clarity in the presentation, the adjustment to the required time, the content of the project... or the answer to the committee questions are assessed.

The evaluation of the supervised practices in the company is based on the [Normative](#) of the University of Lleida and the report issued by the company tutor, the student's memory and the report of the academic tutor, a professor who is dedicated to tutor specifically for the GEI, is



taken into account. The students are required to present orally their report, in order to reinforce their communication skills and respond to the requests of the panel. The academic tutors of the different degree programmes conform this evaluation panel. Hence, uniform assessment criteria are applied among the different programmes.

Analysis of the evolution of academic performance indicators

For the indicators, if we do not take into account the 2019/2020 academic year, for the first year students it is observed that the rate of return in the GEI (approved credits / enrolled credits) has been increasing in recent years:

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Rate of return	54.4%	66.5%	70.9%	64.7%

We have gone from a rate of around 55% to a rate of around 65%, and it seems that it is getting stabilized.

The success rate (percentage of credits passed with respect to credits that have been examined) has evolved in a similar way:

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Rate of success	66.5%	75.3%	79.2%	73.4%

As for the 2019/20 academic year, the effect of COVID-19 can be seen in the two rates, which increased by approximately 5%.

The presented rate (percentage of credits presented with respect to credits that have been registered) has evolved in a similar way to the previous rates:

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Rate of students presented	81.8%	88.3%	89.5%	88.1%

Also, as in the previous rates, it seems that there is a certain stabilization at 88%, except for the 2019/20 academic year, where there was an increase of 1%. The results for the overall degree, the rate of return (credits approved / credits enrolled) has been:

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Rate of return	70%	70.6%	77.6%	69.1%

A clear stabilization is seen at 70%, if the 2019/2020 academic year is excepted.

The efficiency rate (Credits enrolled by graduate students in a course / credits of the degree curriculum) also has a clear stabilization at 70% (also except for the 2019/20 academic year):

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
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R. efficiency	70%	70.6%	77.6%	69.1%
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An endemic data in computer engineering is the drop-out rate, since it is the degree with the highest rate of all the degrees in the Spanish Higher education system (Report [U-Ranking 2019](#)). Therefore, it is positive to see how this rate is decreasing in the GEI

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Dropout rate	50%	46.9%	24.1%	38.3%

This rate corresponds to the dropout rate $t + 1$, which is the percentage of cumulative dropouts produced during five years, with respect to the number of students in the starting cohort.

It is worth highlighting the effort of the students and the teaching staff to adapt to the semi-face-to-face format of the 2020/21 academic year and that it implies maximum normality for everyone. This can be seen in the rates, which had an anomalous behavior in the 2019/20 academic year and have returned to expected values in the 2020/21 academic year. Hopefully we can return to face-to-face as soon as possible, since non-face-to-face activities involve a greater effort for the student, and this affects the performance results.

Among the measures applied to improve the graduation rate, the teaching of Zero Courses in Mathematics and Physics in recent years aimed at newly hired students to facilitate their transition between secondary education and university stands out. Another action aimed at improving the graduation rate is the Comprehensive University Tutoring Plan (Acompaña-Plan Néstor), in the context of which tutors are assigned to guide a group of students throughout their journey through the degree. This tutoring plan is usually well valued by both teachers and students. Repeated teaching courses have also been organized for the subjects of Physics and Introduction to Programming 1. These courses are compound by students who have not passed that subjects in the first semester and have the opportunity to take these subjects again during the second semester with the aim to recover them and do not have to repeat the subject directly in the next year.

Computer engineering job placement is one of the highest. According to the AQU study [The labor insertion of the graduats i graduades 2020 of Computer Engineering](#), 96.5% of graduates are working. In fact, this data is related to the dropout rate mentioned above, since companies offer incorporation before students finish the degree, causing part of the dropout.

Regarding the satisfaction of the graduates, they value with a 4 the study plan, the methodology, and the learning carried out. It should also be noted that 90% would re-enroll at the University of Lleida.

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Training activities and evaluation system

The different subjects deployed in the degree curriculum contemplate the different training activities that allow the successful acquisition of skills and the achievement of learning results. In turn, the specialist teachers in each of the subjects are the ones who guarantee that the activities and methodological axes they plan are suitable for the achievement of such



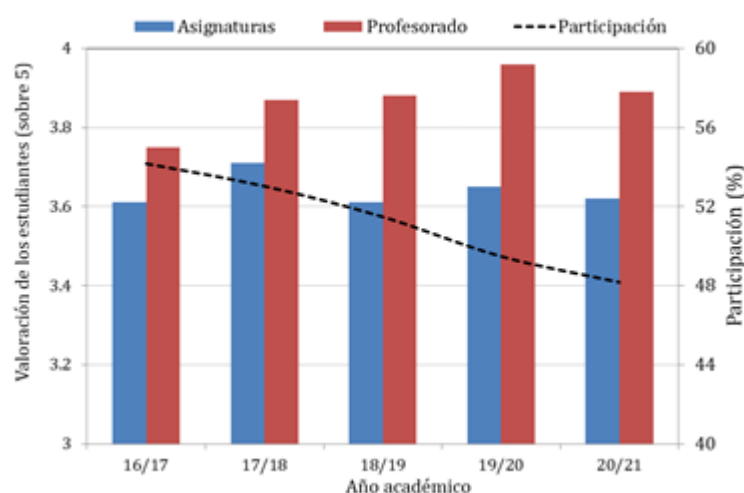
requirements and results, in accordance with the academic framework of the Center. All the information regarding each subject, including a specific section in which the assessment is detailed, is found in the teaching guide. The coordinator and the quality manager of the EPS methodically review the teaching guides of the different subjects to guarantee homogeneity and uniformity(<http://www.graumechanica.udl.cat/es/>). This revision is held twice each year and teachers are required to complete their guide if some lack has been detected.

In March 2020, due to the pandemic situation, the competent authorities confined the population at home so that, suddenly, all EPS subjects had to change their methodology towards virtuality once the second semester had started. The teaching staff involved in the subjects affected by this singularity responded in an exemplary way by preparing materials and changing methodologies to try to ensure the most adequate teaching possible. The EPS, in turn, responded quickly by supporting both students and teachers to face the avenue situation. It is absolutely necessary to mention that the attitude of the students was commendable, in order to coordinate with the management / coordination to address this unexpected situation in the most effective and efficient way possible. In the 20/21 academic year, with a greater capacity in advance and taking into account the expected trajectory of COVID-19, the undergraduate subjects were planned in a blended way. The blendedness was organized by carrying out the theory groups virtually and the groups of problems and practices (reducing them in such a way as to guarantee the safety and health measures established by the government) were carried out in person. The regular evaluations contemplated in the academic calendar were planned presentially. Unfortunately, in November 2020 the Catalan government recommended that all teaching should be carried out virtually again, except for very specific activities. In the case of the EPS, and of this degree in particular, the exams and certain practical activities were held in person. Subsequently, in the second semester, blendedness was resumed in the first two courses of the degree, although in the third and fourth the virtual model was maintained until the end of the course following the recommendations of the competent authorities.

Most of the subjects organize their continuous assessment in a similar way, through a series of activities typified and detailed in their teaching guide. There are two particular subjects in terms of conducting the evaluation, which are the final degree project (TFG) and the PTE (supervised internship in a company). In both, a series of items and an evaluation and follow-up methodology (in accordance with the academic framework) that are adapted to their particularities have been established. As an example, the TFG consists of three evaluations that are carried out during the course and are evaluated by the tutor or tutors. These items reflect the follow-up and dedication that the student has made in the future of the TFG. The three evaluations are weighted with a percentage of 70% of the final grade of the TFG (Initial report, 10%; Follow-up report, 10%; Final document, 50%). Once the tutor considers that the content is adequate for an engineering project, a court is appointed that finally evaluates it according to its oral and written presentation, which is public and it is properly announced in the web page of the school. The corresponding percentage that is evaluated by the tribunal, made up of three members, is 30%. All the information related to the evaluation of the TFG and its procedure is openly available at:<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/tramits-secretaria/treballs-de-final-de-grau-master/diposit-lectura-tfg-tfm/>.

In general, the opinion of students about the learning support systems / virtual campus is very good or excellent, with average scores of 4.0 ± 0.3 out of 5. The subsection of structure of the curriculum, teaching methodology and learning valued by graduate students, remains with a

satisfactory score higher than 3 (3.3 ± 0.1). Jointly, EPS-UdL ensures that the teaching and learning methodology is adequate and dynamic. Although the results obtained are satisfactory, these figures are expected to improve in subsequent courses. It is necessary to point out that the percentage of participation by graduate students is not very high and has a significant deviation between courses ($27.0 \pm 16.5\%$) and, therefore, its extension from sample value to population may contain important deviations. An attempt will be made to improve the participation of graduate students in this regard to improve the representation of the data obtained.



The previous graph shows the evolution of the evaluation of the teaching staff and the subjects by the students. It can be seen that the average assessment of the different subjects of the degree, including those of the first two courses of the common core, is in the interval [3.6-3.8] points. With regard to teachers, a clearly positive trend is observed throughout the courses, with the average assessment in the 2019/20 academic year being practically 4. It should be pointed out that the teacher assessment indicator has decreased during the academic year 20/21. This fact may be due to the singularities of the course linked to the pandemic and the positive trend of previous courses is expected to be recovered the following course 21/22. The values obtained in this degree are in total agreement with those registered in the other degrees of the EPS, being the average deviation negligible during this period (-0.08 points). It is worth to emphasize that the degree has subjects of a diverse nature, from the basic block mainly located in the first year to the optional block of the fourth year. This difference is reflected in the standard deviation of the subject and teaching staff assessment averages, with average figures for the period of around 0.5 points out of 5. In general, elective subjects have higher scores than basic training subjects. It is considered in a certain way normal in a degree of the engineering branch, in which students must study subjects of different kinds that give them a global training, that specialized subjects, with lower ratio of students per group, are perceived in a more positive way than others.

As can be seen, the impact of COVID-19 on the assessment of students in relation to teachers and subjects has not implied a significant variation with respect to the previous year. These figures support the good work of the EPS teachers, coordinators and study directors in the face of the exceptional situation experienced. Likewise, the response of the students has been, in the same way, excellent.

Finally, the figure shows the evolution of student participation in the assessment of subjects and teachers. A negative trend in participation is perceived, which does not represent a very high



decrease in figure but which has drawn the attention of the EPS team. This fact is attributed to the fact that for a few years the assessment surveys by the student body have been carried out in a virtual and autonomous way. Being an appropriate decision to move the format to virtual, it is believed that specific and scheduled periods should be allocated in the course for students to respond to the surveys, as was done in face-to-face format.

The evaluation system, which can be found in each of the teaching guides of the degree subjects, is totally public. In turn, always in accordance with the Academic Framework of the EPS and the Regulations for the Evaluation and Qualification of Teaching in the Bachelor's and Master's degrees of the UdL, the different evaluation items proposed by the teaching team responsible for the subjects are appropriate for the assessment and, therefore, the certification of learning outcomes and competencies.

In the specific case of the Final Degree Project and company internships, the evaluation criteria followed are uniform regardless of the tutor teaching staff, since they are uniquely defined in the academic framework of the EPS. The academic tutors of the internships of the different degrees in the school conform a team, so they work coordinately and the evaluations and procedures are transversal and uniform. This team is stable and it is appointed out by the direction of the school, which provides solidity to the overall internship process.

Since March 2020, some changes were made due to the state of alarm and the consequent confinements. In some subjects, the teachers made some modifications to the evaluation items agreed with the EPS management. In addition, the exams were carried out electronically, so that the teachers' expertise, innovation and good work were used to redefine some of the tests so that the skills acquired by the students could be evaluated in the best possible way. For this, the tools available in the virtual campus of the UdL were used. As for the TFG, the evaluation in the first instance and until the circumstance of the alarm state changed was carried out telematically through videoconference. Subsequently, the defense was allowed to be carried out in person (with limited number of attendants) or electronically. Even so, the evaluation sections defined in the academic framework have been followed without notable incidents. On the contrary, given the situation, the internships in the company had to be suspended, proposing to the students different ways to carry them out in the best possible way. In the 20/21 academic year, the evaluation was carried out in person, maintaining all the necessary security measures. Regarding the TFG, the mixed modality has continued, allowing the student body to defend in person (if the authorities allowed it) or electronically.

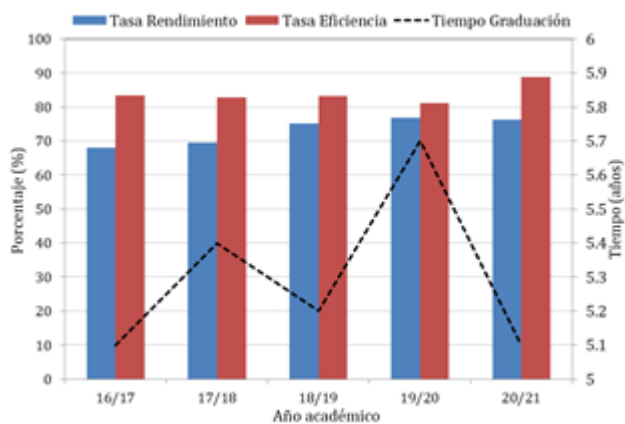
Academic indicators

The academic indicators of the Degree in Mechanical Engineering are fully aligned with those obtained in the rest of the EPS degrees.

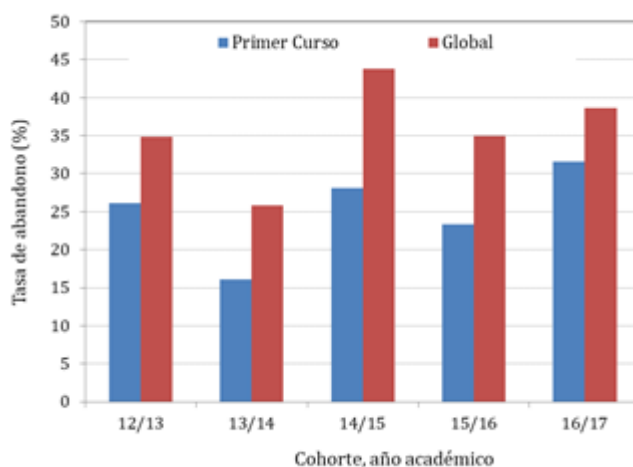
The rate of return has been increasing significantly since the 2010-11 year of implementation of the degree, standing at a percentage of 79.2% in the 2020/21 academic year, which is considered very satisfactory given the intrinsic difficulty of the studies. The efficiency rate recorded, in line with the rest of the EPS degrees, stands at 88.8%. Regarding the average graduation time, the evolution undergoes certain fluctuations between 5.1 and 5.7 years. Precisely, in the last year the average time has returned to the value obtained in the course 16/17 of 5.1 years. It should be taken into account that it is quite common that students enroll in companies before they finish their studies, due to the high pressure from companies to incorporate technicians, which results in a slower graduation rate. The figure below shows the



trends discussed.



The dropout rate per cohort fluctuates slightly in their records, standing at 35%. This value, in line with the degrees in the field of engineering in Catalonia, is considered acceptable. In the detail of the drop-out rate in the first year, the percentages obtained from the rate are somewhat lower than the global values, and in a similar way they are considered acceptable and in line with the engineering degrees in Catalonia.



Indicators of labor insertion

The occupation values, provided by the AQU, for the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer, mechanical specialty, show that 100% of the graduates are working. This figure of full occupation positions the degree in Mechanical Engineering of the EPS as the only one that achieves full occupation of Catalan universities for its graduates. The figures have been updated in 2020, given that they have remained static since 2017, and 100% occupancy has been ratified. In contrast, the assessment of the level of the Occupational Quality Index (IQO)¹ is somewhat

¹ Index calculated from four indicators: type of contract, job satisfaction, remuneration and job adequacy. The higher the values, the better the occupational quality (greater stability, satisfaction, remuneration or adequacy).



lower than the average of the Catalan universities included in the report (68.6 vs. 74.9). This lower-than-average index is mainly due to a lower-than-average gross remuneration (- € 328) and the matching between training and skills. General satisfaction regarding the current job of EPS graduates in mechanics is exactly the average for Catalonia (7.8). On the contrary, only 67% of mechanical engineers have a permanent or indefinite job compared to the 77% registered among the 4 Catalan universities sampled.

Regarding the level of remuneration, it is necessary to point out that the standard of living in Lleida is markedly less economically demanding than that of Barcelona or Girona, which are the other two cities whose Schools are included in the study. Regarding the percentage of fixed or indefinite work below the average, it is expected that it is an isolated fact that is corrected autonomously in the following available data.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The evaluation system of the different subjects of the degree is governed by the regulations of Evaluation and Qualification of the UdL Degrees, (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/normatives/avaluacio-i-qualificacio/>), approved by the Governing Council of the UdL, and the Academic Framework of the EPS (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/normatives/marc-academic-eps/>), approved by the EPS Studies Commission. The teaching staff, in accordance with the regulations and guaranteeing compliance with the defined learning outcomes, decides how the evaluation system will be applied in each of the subjects and specifies it in detail in the teaching guide.

All the teaching guides of the subjects contain a mandatory section that specifies in the three languages (Catalan, Spanish and English) the details of the evaluation, such as the number of tests, their weight with respect to the final grade, the type, the content evaluated, etc., always maintaining the maximum coherence with their training objectives. It is worth highlighting the work carried out by the teaching staff to keep the teaching guides updated year after year, with a notable effort to carry out an adequate evaluation that covers all the expected results of the subject. The teaching guides are updated at the beginning of July, and if there are no exceptional incidents, they are not modified throughout the course. In this way, the student can know all the details of the evaluation before enrolling by consulting teaching guides on the degree website, which are open access.

As a general rule, according to the Evaluation and Qualification Regulations of the UdL, the evaluation must be continued and with a minimum of 3 evaluative tests/activities and where no activity can exceed more than 50% of the final grade. Depending on the nature of the subject and the intended learning outcomes, the type of assessment tests varies slightly, although as they have to assess progressively and integrated in the school period, most subjects have various types of assessment activities. The more theoretical subjects, normally subjects of the basic training module, base the bulk of the assessment score on exams or written tests, while the more

It is shown in the job placement surveys of graduates conducted by AQU.



practical subjects, such as the elective module and the specialization module, rely more on an assessment continued through lab work and practices.

The EPS Academic Framework defines that 10% of onsite hours may be devoted to assesment.. These are divided into 3 evaluation periods that are repeated each semester: partial exam period in the middle of the semester, final exam period at the end of the semester, and a subsequent recovery period. Normally, these periods are used to take written face-to-face tests, although depending on the needs of the subject, they are sometimes dedicated to other types of evaluative activities such as, for example, carrying out or delivering practical work or oral presentations. In all subjects of the degree, the continuous evaluative activities are executed chronologically with the content of the subject taught and offer the student a very useful feedback on their knowledge for the progress of their learning. Likewise, each teacher is responsible for ensuring that the student has reached the required knowledge, so that students only obtain a satisfactory evaluation if the teacher can confirm that the work carried out reaches the educational level required by the degree.

Due to the situation derived from the COVID-19 pandemic, in the 19/20 academic year the evaluation of the second semester was carried out completely online. The tools of the Virtual Campus (CV) of the UdL were key to delivering these activities and correcting them. Due to the difficulty in guaranteeing adequate examination conditions, without copies, external aids or identity theft, in most subjects the weight of the exams was reduced and the number or weighting of other activities such as exercises was increased, problems, jobs, projects, etc. These modifications were specified in the teaching guides by introducing an addendum. Thanks to the enormous effort of the teaching staff to adapt their teaching and to the adaptability of the students in the new model, together with the constant meetings and debates of all the parties involved to face the situation (students, teachers, coordinators, heads of studies, etc.), the evolution of the course in online format was excellent with a fast and fluid adaptation without affecting its development. In this last academic year 20/21, although it has also been affected with a model adapted according to the health circumstances, alternating online and mixed teaching (50% face-to-face and 50% online), the evaluation periods have remained 100% face-to-face. This has guaranteed the veracity and authorship of the results of the evaluation activities, which, according to the experience of the previous course and the feedback received from the students, was the most worrying aspect. If we compare the performance rate of these last three courses, in academic year 19/20 it was 68.6% with an increase of + 11.2% compared to 18/19, However, it cannot be identified as a problem in the online assessment, since it is practically the same performance rate as in courses 16/17 and 17/18 (69.4% and 70.6% respectively). The decrease in the rate of return in this last year (20/21) is more worrying, since it rises to the lowest value of the last 6 years (58.1%). In Criterion 2.2 the possible causes of this decline are analyzed.

Regarding the evaluation of the Final Degree Project (TFG) module, the evaluation criteria followed are uniform and independent of the tutor teaching staff, given that they are uniquely defined in the EPS TFG Regulation approved by the Study Commission and the Governing Council on December 17, 2020. In this case, the competences of individually documenting and



presenting a project have a very important weight in the evaluation. Specifically, during the continuous assessment of the TFG, the student has to deliver various intermediate monitoring reports to validate the work done to date (20% of the grade). At the end, the student presents the final TFG document (50% of the grade) and if it is suitable, it is allowed to defend it through a public presentation before a tribunal made up of three members, one of whom must be a professor in the same department, and external professional might be also included. This defense allows evaluating communication skills and, together with work memory, has an important weight on the final grade (30%). During these last two years, exceptionally due to the pandemic experienced, the presentations have been made online through the videoconference tool of the CV. The presentations have been made online through the CV videoconference tool, guaranteeing public access. In addition, the tutor-student follow-up was also carried out mainly via CV with success.

With regard to the evaluation of the compulsory external internship module, PTE (supervised internships in the company), there is also a regulation of the Vice-Rectorate of Education approved by the Governing Council on November 26, 2014, which defines, among other things, the basic criteria evaluation of external practices. In addition, the EPS has established specific evaluation guidelines included in the teaching guide, dividing the weight of the evaluation between the student's self-evaluation (10%) through an evaluation questionnaire carried out by the student, the company's evaluation (30%) through an assessment report by the company of the tasks performed, the evaluation of the memory (40%) by means of a memory of practices and a weekly follow-up notebook made by the student and reviewed and agreed by the tutor of the company, and finally, the evaluation of the presentation (20%) by means of a session public with a court represented by both the tutor and coordinator of the external internships of the UdL and the representative tutor of the company. With this defined evaluation system together with the correct selection of companies that represent the qualification profile of the degree, a resounding success has been ensured in recent years in the benefits provided to achieve the degree of training required by the degree. In the 19/20 academic year, due to health consequences, the internships that could not be adapted to telework were temporarily postponed. In this last course, the situation has already normalized without any notable incident.

The EPS contemplates the Curricular Evaluation, in the first year and in the final one, giving general information on the performance of a student. These grades based on blocks (initial and final) help to monitor the evolution of each student's learning to detect possible temporary permanence problems and, if necessary, compensate some subjects according to the criteria defined in the approved Curricular Qualification Regulations. by the Governing Council of the UdL on June 15, 2017 (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/normatives/qualificacio-curricular/>). This system of evaluation by blocks has continued to be applied in recent years since the last accreditation and its results are valued very positively, since they help to treat exceptional cases of students who are hindered in a specific subject and guarantee progress in the appropriate time, protecting those with a high risk of dropping out of school.

Academic data for the last 4 years show that the degree drop-out rate varies slightly between 19.5% and 22.7% in the 1st year. It does not reflect a rise in abandonment as a result of COVID-



19. Furthermore, the dropout rate is slightly lower than the overall dropout rate of the UdL in the 19/20 academic year (29.5%). Regarding the gender perspective, dropout from the GEEIA in the 1st year tends to be more significant in men (21.1% compared to 17.6% in women). The efficiency rate of the students (relation between credits of the degree and credits actually enrolled) in recent years continues to remain at very good rates, which indicates that, in general, students pass the minimums of the evaluation designated by the faculty. In the 18/19 course there was a subtle outbreak of 86.3% efficiency rate, but in the 20/21 academic year it has returned to similar values of the previous years (82.6%). Regarding this indicator, the gender perspective does not show any clear trend. Regarding the average qualification of the graduate students' record, it has remained stable since the delivery of the degree with variations between 6.25 and 6.46 out of 10. The segregation by sex shows a constant balance according to their average marks..

In relation to student satisfaction, the surveys show a high satisfaction of the evaluation system used. In academic year 20/21, among the 31 subjects that conform the degree, 14 of them (45.1%) have a score of the evaluation system higher than 4 points out of 5, 12 subjects (38.7%) have received scores between 3 and 4, while the remaining 5 (16.1%) have the lowest scores between 2 and 3 points. These valuations are remarkable, and they have shown this good performance in the last years. . It is worth pointing out that for those subjects with lowest results, the teachers have been inquired to analyse the situation and plan improvement actions. It should be noted that the evaluations of the previous course with the online evaluation format (course 19/20), the satisfaction of the students was even better with a total of 20 subjects of the degree (64.5%) valued with more than 4 out of 5. This very good reception by the students is possibly due to the fact that, being online, continuous evaluation was further promoted through the completion of assignments and projects, reducing the weight of written tests, some of which were transformed into questionnaire-type exams through of the CV.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

Analysis of training activities

The contents, methodology and development plan of the different subjects can be consulted through the teaching guides available on the degree website (<http://www.grauenergiasostenibilitat.udl.cat/es/>). All teaching guides are updated annually before the start of the academic year.

Due to COVID-19, during the 2020-21 academic year the undergraduate subjects were planned following a blended model, where classes were combined in the classroom (medium groups) with other online (theory groups). However, as in all Catalan universities, as of November 2020, virtual teaching began, maintaining the presence of the practices and exams. In February and March 2021, the blended model was resumed in the first and second years, respectively. Virtual teaching was maintained throughout the academic year in third and fourth years. The transition to the virtual model was held efficient and successfully, thanks to the effort that both teachers



and students devoted, and has been deployed with no remarkable incidents.

In the 2020-21 academic year, with the implementation of the fourth year of the degree, the first students of the degree have carried out the internship in the companies (PTE) and the final degree project (TFG). In relation to the PTE, it should be pointed out that those students who wish to obtain a mention must take the PTE in a company in one of three proposed areas: Energy Installations, Sustainable Construction, Environmental Mention. The students who have taken the PTE this course, have opted for the mention of Energy Installations, doing internships in companies in this field. The implementation of internships at GEES is valued very positively, an example of this is the fact that 83.3% of PTE students have obtained an excellent rating, a result much higher than the usual excellent percentages in the PTEs of the other industrial grades. Regarding the TFG, the proposed topics fully correspond to the GEES training profile and include areas such as energy efficiency, renewable energies, energy storage, refrigeration systems, etc. All these areas are in correspondence with research lines of the teaching staff of the degree. It should be noted that some of the TFGs are carried out with external co-direction of professionals or research centers, which implies an additional enrichment for the student. In relation to the global satisfaction of students with the subjects, it is observed that in the 2020-21 academic year, 37% of the subjects presented a score (average mark of the questions about the subject) equal to or greater than 4 points out of 5 (very satisfactory), 37% had a score between 3 and 4 points (satisfactory), 10% between 2.6 and 3 points (satisfactory with recommendations) and 16% with less than 2.6 points. Therefore, in general, a high evaluation from students is observed. A follow-up is made of those cases in which satisfaction is lower than expected, with a view to improving in successive courses.

Among the improvements applied throughout the period analyzed (academic years 2017-18 to 2020-21) stands out the acquisition of a set of didactic laboratory equipment that will allow the performance of new practices in the fields of energy and sustainability (they are detailed in Criteria 4.3)

Assessment system analysis

The evaluation system complies with the criteria established in the "Regulations for the Evaluation and Qualification of Teaching in Bachelor's and Master's Degrees at the University of Lleida" (http://www.udl.cat/export/sites/universitat-lleida/ca/udl/norma/.galleries/docs/Ordenacio_academica/Normativa-davaluacio-i-qualif.-graus-i-masters-UdL-Acord-33-CG-18-2-2020.pdf) and in the Academic Framework of the EPS Degrees (http://www.eps.udl.cat/export/sites/Eps/ca/.galleries/DOCUMENTS-Normatives/Marc_Acadxmic_dels_Graus_EPS_DEFINITIU.pdf). It is a continuous assessment model, where no activity can account for more than 50% of the final grade and none can be less than 10%. In compulsory subjects, a minimum of two written exams are usually taken during the weeks set for this purpose in the academic calendar and where these tests cannot have a weight greater than 80% of the final grade. These exams are complemented by other activities that vary according to the subject, adapting in each case to its typology (practices, external visits, exercises, work, etc.). The activities and evaluation criteria for each subject are public and can be consulted by students in the teaching guides, available before the



start of the academic year. The continuous assessment system has the advantage of allowing monitoring of the student's learning process, progressively certifying the results achieved and facilitating the correction of those points that could be improved.

Although, as a general rule, the type of assessment is continuous, the possibility of an alternative assessment is regulated, designed for those students who combine studies and work, in which an exam or work may represent up to 85% of the Final note. The exam calendar is approved by the Study Commission and is published on the school's website before the start of the course (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/informacio-academica/horaris-i-calendaris/calendaris-dexamens/>).

The exams are distributed in such a way that the subjects of the same course are examined on different days. In addition, and taking care of those students who take subjects from several courses, time overlaps between degree exams are avoided. Once the exam scores have been published, students have the right to review the results obtained before the professor as indicated in the "Regulations for the Evaluation and Qualification of Teaching in Degrees and Masters at the University of Lleida" previously referenced. In case of disagreement, there is still the possibility to request an additional assessment held by an independent panel, which includes students. However, this procedures are required rarely.

As indicated in Criterion 2.1, supervised work placements (PTE) are a 15 ECTS subject taken by all students of the degree. Its evaluation is based on the "Regulations for external academic practices of the University of Lleida" (http://www.udl.cat/export/sites/universitat-lleida/ca/udl/norma/.galleries/docs/Ordenacio_academica/Normativa_prxctiques_acadxmiques_externes-Reforma_Normativa_6_revisada_ILxrefosa_modif_26-11-2014x.pdf) and the report issued by the tutor of the entity where the PTEs are carried out, the student's memory (description of the tasks carried out, connection with their studies, learning achieved, etc.) and the report of the academic tutor (school teacher who monitors the development of the practice). The students present orally their memories to the evaluation panel, conformed by the academic tutors of the PTE. The PTE evaluation system is valued positively since it includes inputs from the different actors involved in the process.

The Final Degree Project (TFG) also follows a continuous assessment model, where the final grade is the result of four items:

- Initial report (10%). It is evaluated if the student has assimilated the objectives of the TFG and has correctly planned the tasks to be carried out.
- Follow-up report (10%). The monitoring of the planned planning, the development of the work and decisions that are derived are evaluated.
- Final document (50%). The writing and structure of the report, the difficulty and innovation of the TFG and its development are considered.
- Presentation (30%). The ability to convey information, ideas, problems and solutions and to answer court questions is assessed.

The first three items are evaluated by the director or co-directors of the TFG while the presentation is evaluated by a panel made up of three members. As has been detailed, the continuous evaluation of the TFG allows taking into account relevant aspects (planning, monitoring, etc.) that cannot be considered solely with the presentation.



Analysis of the evolution of academic performance indicators

The GEES rate of return (credits approved / credits enrolled) shows a very favorable evolution since the beginning of studies in 2017: 43.6% (academic year 2017/18), 63.2% (academic year 2018/19), 71.2% (2019/20) and 73.5% (2020/21 course). The success rate (percentage of credits passed compared to the credits that have been presented in the evaluation tests) has evolved in a similar way: 53.5% (2017/18 academic year), 75.9% (2018/19 academic year), 80.8% (2019 / 20) and 80.2% (course 2020/21). These rate increments respond to the progressive deployment of the degree. Thus, in the first two years the rates were lower since only the first and second grades were active, which usually present lower rates. It is also noteworthy that this last year (2020/21), with the implementation of the fourth year, an increase in the rate of return has continued, despite the fact that the situation derived from COVID-19 has caused the opposite behavior in other degrees. The current rate of return (73.5%) is similar to that of the other two industrial grades (2.7% lower than GEM and 4.1% lower than GEEIA), and the difference existing in the first years of deployment of the degree have been substantially reduced. Analyzing these results from the gender perspective, in the 2020-21 academic year the performance and success rates in men have been 72.8% and 80.9%, respectively. In women, the rate of return was 76.9%, that is, 4 points higher than in men. The success rate in women has been equal to their rate of return, which indicates that they have taken all the evaluation tests of the enrolled credits.

The results of the first and second years must be analyzed jointly with the other degrees in the Common Core of Industrial Engineering Degrees, since students are not disaggregated. When comparing the 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 years, a favorable evolution of all the indicators is observed in the 2019-20 academic year and an inverse evolution in 2020-21. Thus, the rate of presented took values of 81.6%, 89.3% and 78.3% in these three courses, the success rate was 64.6, 65.3% and 57.1%, while the rate of return was 52.7%, 58.3%, and 44.7%. These indicators reflect the effects of the change to virtual teaching derived from the COVID-19 pandemic. At this point it should be remembered that first year students must face a process of adaptation to the university context where face-to-face teaching plays a key role. In the 2019-20 academic year, the impact of the pandemic began with the advanced course. However, the realization of virtual teaching during a good part of the 2020-21 academic year, possibly explains the previous results. It is worth highlighting the enormous effort made by students and teachers to adapt to this situation. In the case of teachers, the learning and rapid adoption of a good number of online tools (videoconferences, digital whiteboards, online tests, etc.), as well as the application of new teaching methodologies (reverse class, gamification, etc.) stands out. In this sense, the EPS organized in February 2021 a Workshop on teaching in times of COVID, where the school's teachers were able to share their teaching experience. However, it is clear that, in addition to the aforementioned efforts, the recovery of the indicators will largely depend on the reestablishment of presence.

Data are not yet available on the average graduation time, the expected graduation rate, the first-year drop-out rate, or the efficiency rate. These indicators are calculated at $t + 1 = 5$ years from the beginning of the degree and only 4 years have elapsed. In the report "Evaluation of the Request for Verification of the degree" issued by the AQU (05/05/2017), it was urged in



relation to the graduation rate "to monitor it, proposing measures aimed at raising said parameter to medium-long term". Despite not yet having values related to the graduation rate, the performance rate is being monitored, the favorable evolution of which has been previously commented. Among the measures applied to improve the graduation rate, the teaching of Zero Courses in Mathematics and Physics in recent years aimed at newly hired students to facilitate their transition between secondary education and university stands out. Another noteworthy action aimed at improving the graduation rate is the Comprehensive University Tutoring Plan (Acompaña-Plan Néstor), in the context of which tutors are assigned to guide a group of students throughout their journey through the degree.

It is not possible to analyze the job placement of the degree, the rate of adaptation, or the assessment of the usefulness of the training received. This is due to the fact that, this course (2020-21), the deployment of the first year of the degree has been completed and, therefore, information on these indicators is not yet available.

4. Resources

Criterion 4.1 Staff

The different positions for teaching staff (PDI) in the Spanish university system are classified according to being full or part time, and permanent or non-permanent, as follows:

- Full time
 - Permanent:
 - Professor / Contracted Profesor (PhD)
 - Senior Lecturer (PhD), (also denoted as TU or Agregate)
 - University School Senior Lecturer (also denoted as TEU)
 - Permanent Collaborating Lecturer (also denoted as Collaborator)
 - Non-permanent:
 - Assistant Lecturer (PhD).
 - Postdoc positions or visiting positions (PhD)
- Part time non-permanent:
 - Adjunct lecturer: they are external professionals from companies
 - Predoctoral grantholder: PhD students are requested to give some few lectures on their area of study

During the last years the University has made an effort to facilitate promotion to higher positions. In the case of the School, the following table shows the calls made since 2018:

Position	Year				Total
	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Agregate		8	2	2	12
Professor		6	4	1	11
Assistant Lecturer	1	3	9	1	14
Total	1	17	15	4	37

These positions are related to the department and the area of knowledge that are detailed below:

Department / Area of Knowledge	Calls
Business Administration	1
Business Organization	1
Agroforestry Engineering	1



Agroforestry Engineering	1
Informatics and Industrial Engineering	25
Computer Architecture and Technology	3
Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence	5
Architectural Constructions	2
Chemical Engineering	4
Languages and Computer Systems	5
Thermal Machines and Engines	3
Electronic Technology	3
Mathematics	6
Applied Mathematics	6
Environment and Soil Sciences	4
Applied Physic	3
Applied Physics (Profile: Renewable Energies)	1
Total	37

In the case of Assistant Lecturers, they have 5 years to upgrade to Senior Lecturer. In order to apply for a promotion, candidates must pass an external evaluation held by the government, and then pass a selective and competitive process which is open to any candidate accomplishing the conditions.

Along their professional career, permanent teaching staff is submitted to periodic evaluations:

- Research track (Sexenio/tramo de investigación)
 - Every six years the teaching staff submits a report of the research activity he or she has done over that period: publications, conferences, projects etc. The report is assessed by a committee. If the amount and quality of activity is regarded as sufficient, that period is approved or recognised, and the person gets a salary increase.
 - The concept “live/active research track” is used to denote that a teacher has passed all the possible research tracks at a given moment. Having an active research track is important, since it leads to a decrement on the teaching hours assigned.
- Teaching track (Quinquenio de docencia)
 - Similarly, every five years the teaching activity is assessed, taking into account the completion of the guides of the subjects, teaching coordination, teaching and assessment methodologies, innovative teaching projects, teaching related publications, opinion from students and performance results. Each teacher has to present a self-report detailing and analysing his teaching, and suggesting improvement actions, which is completed with the data that the university collects. If this teaching track is approved, the person gets a salary increase.

DEGREE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The profile of the teaching staff is considered very adequate for the characteristics of the degree. 24 of the 26 permanent professors of the degree are doctors. The total of PhD professors teaches 68% of the teaching hours. The rest of hours are taught by non-doctor teachers. Most of these staff (91%) are adjunct lecturers, that is, professionals who bring their experience in the industry to the classroom.

The subjects of the first years are mostly assigned to full-time PDI, part-time PDI concentrate their teaching in the last years, in which their experience and their knowledge of the latest technologies provide to the students with knowledge and feedback of great added value. It must be noted that, in recent years, the number of full professors of the degree has progressively increased. Currently the degree has 6 full professors from the different research groups of the school, doing research directly related with the degree area of knowledge.

track The teaching staff is continually evaluated. The performance and results in both the teaching and research areas are evaluated in periods of 5 and 6 years respectively, called teaching track and research track. The period from the last evaluation to the next one is an active track. All the teaching staff has an active teaching track. Only a 3.4% of teaching staff has a non-active research track. These results report excellent quality levels for the standard, since the teaching staff is periodically evaluated, obtaining mostly a positive evaluation.

Regarding the opinion of the students, the teachers' assessment is very positive, the results show for the majority of subjects a score higher than 3.5 out of 5. Only one subject, suspends the evaluation of the students (mark less than 2.5). In that case, a review process is initiated by the head of studies, the degree coordinator and the teaching staff involved in the subject to identify the aspects that may have motivated this assessment. In most cases, the low valuation is usually due to the high level of demand of the teaching staff or that the students consider the workload excessive.

There have been no substantial changes in the assignment of teaching staff to the different subjects. Except for sick leave, the assignments are quite consolidated and do not undergo many changes from one year to another. Regarding the tutors assigned to the TFG a dual model is followed where the professor proposes the TFG proposals that students can carry out and the latter are the ones who choose the ones that seem most attractive to them. So far, the demand of bachelor thesis has been covered by the topics offered by the teaching staff as well as by the topics proposed by the companies, mostly with students doing an Internship.

The details of the data presented in the previous paragraphs are shown below.

Teaching staff by category

	Permanent	Assistant lecturer	Adjunct lecturer	Others	Total
Doctor	24	5	3	1	33



No doctor	2		17	4	23
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Hours taught

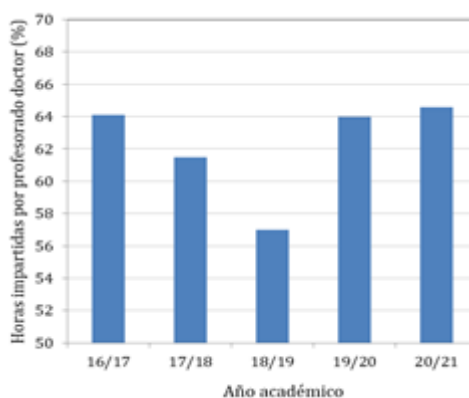
	Permanent	Assistant lecturer	Adjunct lecturer	Others	Total
Doctor	2766	212	145	32	3155
No doctor	463		1005	101	1569

Percentage of hours taught

Percentage of hours according to tract type	Without track	Non-active track	Active track
investigation	47.3%	3.4%	49.4%
teaching	31.7%	-	68.3%

DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

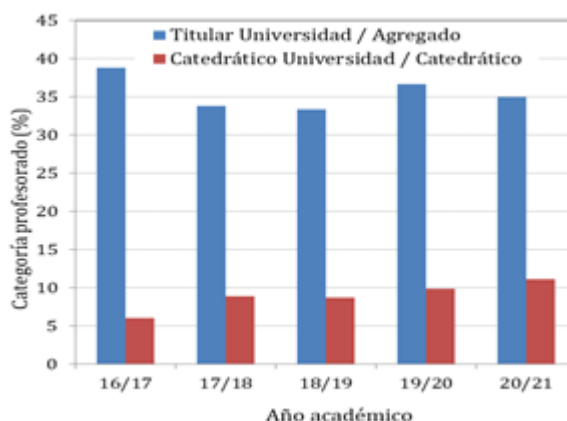
The current teaching staff is perfectly suited to the qualification levels required by the degree. The figures indicate that the category that teaches a greater number of hours is PhD teaching staff. That is, doctors specialized in their respective subjects who ensure teaching excellence. Specifically, currently 65% of the teaching hours taught are carried out by doctor teachers. It is considered very positive that this percentage has been maintained and even increased significantly in this last year. It should be noted that the percentage of the 2018/19 academic year is considered a particularity since in the following year the figure is normalized.



In turn, indicate that the remaining percentages of the hours, of approximately 40% correspond to permanent teaching staff (Collaborators or TEUs). The non-permanent teaching staff is located practically entirely in subjects of the last years, taught by professionals of recognized prestige from the industrial field, under the figure of adjunct lecturer. Regarding non-doctoral faculty members who are not adjunct lecturers, these are fundamentally researchers in training who collaborate by teaching practices and groups of problems supported and advised by their respective thesis supervisors. The percentage of credits taught by researchers in training is around 10% on average in the courses analyzed, specifically 8.1% in the 2020/21 academic

year.

Regarding categories of teaching staff, the largest group is made up of the figures of Senior Lecturer (TU or Agregate) , whose percentage with respect to the total teaching staff remains relatively constant over the years at around 35%. It should be emphasized that in recent years the proportion of full-time professors has increased, either in the public service or contract figure. Currently, the professors represent 11% of the degree staff. This figure is considered satisfactory, although it is expected to continue growing in the coming years. The figure of professor is associated with an evaluation that guarantees that teachers have an outstanding teaching career and highly relevant research in their respective areas of knowledge. The mentioned evolution of both figures of teaching staff is shown in the following figure:



Regarding to the gender of these contractual figures, the permanent teaching staff is mostly male. In the Senior Lecturer category, the percentage of women is 13.6% and in the Professor category, it is very similar (14.3%). In this sense, it should be mentioned that these percentages vary taking into account the figure of lecturer teaching staff (temporary category of access to the university teaching and research career) in which 50% are women and 50% are men. These figures for permanent teaching staff reflect, in a certain way, the data on the number of students taking the Degree in Mechanical Engineering and the degrees in the industrial field of the EPS of Lleida. For example, the percentage of women enrolled in the common core of the industrial branch in the last 5 years fluctuates around 10-15%, a value totally consistent with the percentage of female teachers.

Among the teaching staff of the degree that can request the evaluation of the teaching track, a majority percentage has the teaching track alive. Specifically, with respect to the hours taught by teachers with an active track, it is obtained that the average percentage from the 16/17 academic year is 65%. This figure provides a guarantee that the majority of teachers are teaching satisfactorily. The Polytechnic School, within the programme to improve teaching quality at the University of Lleida, repeatedly offers teacher training courses, many of them specifically for engineering degrees. These courses ensure that teachers carry out continuous training that allows them to update themselves in teaching methodologies and improve different aspects related to teaching.

In the case of the Final Degree Project (TFG), it is mainly tutored by full-time doctor professors (~80%), which is the guarantor of adequate continuous attention to the students enrolled in it, as well as in-depth knowledge about the requirements inherent to a TFG. In turn, the subjects of the first



two years and especially those of the first are taught mainly by full-time teachers, who have enough time to be able to dedicate the time they may require to the students. In the case of first-year subjects, the percentage of permanent teaching staff is higher than 80%.

Concerning external internships, the possibility to apply the knowledge acquired in the degree in different industrial activities is valued very positively by the student body, obtaining an average score in the last courses of 3.94 ± 0.7 , out of 5.

To finish the section, it is worth mentioning an important fact, which is the ratio of equivalent students to full-time students per full-time equivalent PDI. This ratio is, on average, approximately 15. This figure reflects an attention and availability towards the student body that can be excellent. In this sense, the students have valued the attention of the teaching staff with an average of approximately 4 out of 5 in the period 16/17-20 / 21, corroborating a very good perception of the attention received by the teaching staff.

The center has different tools to monitor the care received by the student body. Among them, mention should be made of the figure of the tutor who performs a detailed follow-up (groups of about 10-15 students) on the different aspects related to the delivery of teaching and its reception by the student body. The set of tutors and related actions are specifically managed by the figure of the coordinator of the tutorial action plan.

DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC, INDUSTRIAL AND AUTOMATIC ENGINEERING

The number of teachers involved in the degree has been maintained since the last accreditation of the degree with an average number of teachers of 59.6 ± 1.6 between academic year 16/17 and this last academic year, 20/21. In recent years, new teachers have stabilized, some directly involved in strengthening the specific subjects of the degree. This has produced an increase in full-time teachers with a total of 44 in the 19/20 course, 10% more than the 16/17 course. The current student to teacher ratio is 4.45. If analyzed by courses, in the 1st and 2nd year, as they are shared with the other degrees in the industrial branch of the center, Bachelor's Degree in Mechanical Engineering (GEM) and Bachelor's Degree in Energy and Sustainability Engineering (GEES), is where the ratio is higher, reaching 6.85. This ratio increased considerably in academic years 17/18 and 18/19 due to the entry of the GEES into the common core of industrial engineering, going from 3.20 in academic year 16/17 to 5.24 in academic year 18/19. However, for the 3rd and 4th years, where the specific training module and optional training are taught, it is 5.18 and 1.74 respectively, maintaining the order of magnitude of the last years. In the case of the 4th year, the ratio is very low due to the individualized assignment of the teaching staff to the Final Degree Project, maintaining the order of magnitude of recent years. Regarding the academic level of the teaching staff, currently 70.1% are doctors, of which 75.0% have a permanent positions, guaranteeing the involvement of the teaching staff in the quality and improvement of teaching. This good academic level of the teaching staff has been maintained in recent years, with a slight increase of 2 Ph.D. teachers in the last year. It should also be noted that 10.0% of the doctor's teaching staff comes from external professionals. This guarantees not only the quality of teaching but also the incorporation of research and professional experience in specialization subjects with a more practical component, better adapting the contents to the current demands of the industry. In recent years, with the new permanent incorporation of full-time teachers, it has been possible to reduce the external



teaching staff from 21 (academic year 16/17) to 16 (academic year 20/21). However, the number of external professors with doctorates has been maintained (5 and 4 in the respective years). This benefits, on the one hand, that the new teaching staff can become fully involved with the degree, both in management and dissemination issues, as well as in teaching and research, and, on the other, that the academic level of the external teaching staff is increased.

Regarding the labor category, the largest group is the one conformed by Senior Lectures (TU / Aggregate category) (24 teachers), which covers 42.1% of the total. In addition, the number of Professors (8 professors) has increased significantly, 60% with respect to the previous accreditation (15/16 academic year). This group has a recognized academic level and a wide and proven teaching experience. Currently, they cover 73.2% Teaching Hours Taught (HIDA) of the degree. Likewise, it should be noted that 84.6% of the full-time teaching staff of the degree have the teaching track (Five-year period) alive. This has been increasing since the 16/17 academic year, which was 77.5%, a fact that consolidates the excellent track record of the personnel involved in the degree.

Regarding segregation by sex, we can highlight that currently 22.8% of professors of the degree are women (13 women and 44 men) and it differs considerably from being egalitarian. However, in recent years the trend has been upward with a 30.0% increase in women compared to four years ago (16/17 academic year). The distribution of the teaching load between women and men who participate in the degree is currently not equitable. In the 20/21 academic year, the average HIDA per teacher and gender is 11.7 HIDA for women and 36.5 HIDA for men. However, in academic year 16/17 it was practically equal, 43.0 HIDA / teacher and 52.1 HIDA / teacher, women and men respectively. It is not a specific course, but it is a trend of recent years: the number of female teachers is increasing while the HIDA assigned to them decreases.

In terms of research experience, generally all permanent teaching staff are affiliated with some research group. In our school there are different research groups which the vast majority are integrated working in a multidisciplinary way through the Higher Polytechnic Institute of Innovation and Research (INSPIRES, <http://inspires.udl.cat/>). The University of Lleida ensures that the teaching load of the teaching staff is adequately balanced according to the research involvement through the Academic Dedication Plan promoted by the Vice-Rector's Office for Teaching Staff. This has guaranteed that the indexes of scientific production in the last years of the permanent staff of the degree have been excellent. Currently, 64.1% of the full-time teachers of the degree have an active research track (Sexenio). In this last academic year there has been a slight increase with respect to the previous years where it has remained around 60% (61% in the 17/18 academic year and 59.1% in the 18/19 and 20/21 years).

Regarding the consonance of the degree with the research and transfer activity carried out by the teaching staff, a large part of the teaching staff of the specialization module are members of the Research Group on Signal Processing and Robotics (GRPSR) of the center, <http://robotica.udl.cat>. Many of the activities carried out in this group are applied as practical examples and real cases in teaching. Likewise, the teaching staff of core subjects and transversal subjects with the other industrial degrees of the center, also form part of research groups within the university related to the degree. For example, the Group on Energy and Artificial Intelligence (GREiA), <https://greia.udl.cat/>, and the Group on AgròTICa and Precision Agriculture (GRAP), <http://www.grap.udl.cat/>, which also provide knowledge in energy and



the field of technologies in local industry, mainly agriculture. Students benefit, not only in the quality of the related teaching, but also in the experience of the teaching staff to carry out final degree projects (TFG), collaborations, and external internships in active research projects related to the degree.

The EPS Head of Studies establishes as a criterion to recommend the different departments, to assign full-time teachers in the first year subjects, so that they can dedicate the time that is necessary to the attention of the students and the follow-up of the subjects according to their needs. The department also prioritizes assigning external teachers to the 3rd and 4th year specialization modules so that they can contribute their valuable professional experience in training the student with the most recent techniques applied in the related industrial sector. In this case, these subjects are shared with one or more permanent professors of the department so that they can guide and coordinate the external teaching staff in accordance with the Academic Framework of the EPS.

In relation to the assignment of teachers to the TFG, the Coordinator is in charge of mediating between students and teachers so that the assignment of the subject with teachers and students is the most appropriate possible. The TFG proposal can come directly from the student, as well as from the teaching staff (usually linked to an active research project) or from external companies, for example, where they have carried out the curricular practices. The coordinator assesses the proposals and, if it meets the TFG's competency profile, facilitates contact between tutor and student so that they can agree on the final TFG proposal. In the case of carrying out the TFG with a company, the company assigns an expert professional as a supervisor. Besides, an academic co-supervisor is also assigned, in order to ensure compliance with the competence profile of the TFG. This procedure based on personalized attention is very well received by students during the process of starting their TFG.

In order to promote the quality of teaching within the School and encourage teachers to continue improving in their teaching work, the School has consolidated in recent years the EPS "Joan Gimbert" Teaching Distinction in order to recognize the efforts made by the teaching staff. and motivate them to continue working in this regard (http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/info_sobre/concursos_premis/distincio-docent-eps-joan-gimbert/).

The satisfaction of the students in reference to the teaching level and experience of the teaching staff is very good, as shown by the results of the surveys about the subjects and the teachers which are carried out in each semester. Thanks to the involvement of teachers in improving their experience with continuing training courses, attending educational conferences and promoting educational innovation projects, these indicators have evolved positively in recent years. In academic year 16/17, the global satisfaction assessment of the degree professor was 3.78 out of 5, practically the same as the average for the center (3.77). In courses 18/19, 19/20, 20/21, the result has progressively improved with a score of 3.84, 4.07 and 4.08 respectively, mainly thanks to the good training and experience that the teaching staff have acquired. It should also be noted that the students highly value the access of the teaching staff for consultations and tutorials, obtaining a very remarkable average assessment in this regard (4.21 out of 5).

Besides Concerning the academic performance, the performance rate in the specific modules of



the degree (3rd and 4th year), has also been increasing until reaching 83% in academic year 19/20 and remaining stable in the current course. In the case of the 1st year, which is part of the common branch for the industrial degrees of the center, the rate of return has been oscillating smoothly, but staying above 50%, unless this last year 20/21 that has slightly decreased to 46.2%. It is intuited that this decrease has been due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic both affecting the adequate pre-university training at high school and at the same time hindering the normal development of the current course. However, the rate of return increases at the 3rd year (89.5%), coinciding with the beginning of the specialization stage. This indicates that students have adequately achieved basic training and receive specific training with adequately prepared personnel to cover the required competency profile, as confirmed by the results of the student surveys.

DEGREE IN ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY ENGINEERING

In the 2020-21 academic year, the increase in hours of full-time teaching staff and lecturers stood out, which came to represent 69% of the teaching hours of the degree (41% in the 2019-20 academic year) and simultaneously, the decrease in hours corresponding to other figures (predoctoral fellows, postdoc positions, etc.) that fell to 15% (43% the previous year). Associate teaching hours remained at 16%. These changes are due, on the one hand, to the introduction of the fourth year, whose subjects are mainly taught by full-time teachers and, to a lesser extent, by adjunct teachers. On the other hand, a teacher in a postdoc position has been promoted to full-time lecturer, covering an important dedication to the degree.

It is worth noting the full academic and professional adaptation of the teaching staff of the degree. As an example, all the subjects of the specific training and optional training modules (third and fourth years) are coordinated by permanent professors with degrees in industrial engineering or chemical engineering, specialized in the fields of energy and sustainability. In addition to the permanent teaching staff, the adjunct lecturers contribute their valuable experience serving as a link with the professional environment. On the other hand, predoctoral assistants facilitates the approach of the students with the remarkable research activity in energy and sustainability carried out by the school groups. It is important to highlight that, beyond the changes previously exposed, a large part of the assigned faculty members is common with the other industrial grades of the school and has remained stable over the last few years. The assigned teaching staff is considered sufficient, both in number (46 teachers) and for their dedication, to serve the students of the degree.

In relation to the satisfaction of students with the teaching task of the teaching staff in GEES, it is observed that in the 2020-21 academic year, 58% presented a score (average mark of the questions about the teaching staff) equal to or greater than 4 points out of 5 (very satisfactory), 37% had a score between 3 and 4 points (satisfactory), 5% between 2 and 3.

Analyzing the teaching staff from a gender perspective, it is observed that since the implementation of the GEES in 2017, the total number of teachers has evolved as follows: academic year 2017-18 (total: 21; women: 3; men: 18), course 2018-19 (total: 45; women: 6; men: 39), course 2019-20 (total: 51; women: 8; men: 43), course 2020-21 (total: 46; women: 8;



men: 38). Throughout the period analyzed, even if the trend goes in the right direction, a significant imbalance is observed between the number of women and men who teach in the degree. This imbalance is also observed when students enrolled in the degree are analyzed (Criterion 1.4). Analyzing the teachers of the 2020-21 academic year by categories, it is observed that of the total of 46 GEES teachers, 23 (women: 4, men: 19) were permanent teachers, 15 (women: 2, men: 13) were adjunct lecturers and 8 (women: 2, men: 6 :) corresponded to other figures (predoc, postdoc, etc.). It is therefore observed that the gender imbalance is manifested in all categories. In relation to the teaching and research merits of the teaching staff, 4 women and 18 men have active teaching tracks, while 3 women and 13 men have active research tracks. Within the personnel standard, the main improvements made throughout the evaluated period (academic years 2017-18 to 2020-21) have consisted in the incorporation of new professors specialized in the field of energy and sustainability. This has allowed, on the one hand, the stabilization of several full-time professors with intense research activity in the areas of the degree. These incorporations are valued very positively since the greater availability of permanent teaching staff and fully integrated lecturers in the degree will help to consolidate it. On the other hand, professionals of recognized experience have been incorporated together with researchers who carry out their doctorates at the school in topics fully related to the degree.



Criterion 4.2 Staff development

In the 2019 accreditation, the support and opportunities offered by the institution to improve the quality of the teaching and research activity of the teaching staff were valued positively. It was considered that the teaching staff has considerable institutional support for the development of its functions and for the improvement of the quality of its teaching and research activity.

The university and the EPS are interested in collecting the opinion of the teaching staff in relation to the degree. Based on a survey shared by AQU and all Catalan universities, the UdL organizes a survey every two years.

In the following table, it is observed that the most valued aspects of the EPS faculty are:

- Degree of teaching dedication
- The teaching methodologies
- The evaluation strategies
- The organization of the deployment curriculum (groups, schedules, etc..)

	Academic Year	
	2017-18	2019-20
Questionnaires	Average	Average
Degree survey - Teaching staff	3,88	4,07
0. Degree of teaching dedication:	4,24	4,39
1. Degree of teaching dedication in the degrees / master's degrees in which you participate (in% of your overall dedication as a teacher in teaching, research and management).	4,24	4,39
1. General aspects:	3,83	4,12
1. The institutional support (training / consultation / contributions of the central units) for the development of the teaching activity.	3,65	4,23
2. Teaching coordination in the degrees in which you participate.	3,86	4,10
3. The relevance of internal information mechanisms / systems.	3,90	4,05
4. The relevance of the request to provide evidence that you have received in order to prepare the follow-up reports and the self-report for accreditation.	3,93	4,09
2. Indicate your satisfaction with:	3,87	4,03
1. The admission profile of students	3,44	3,45
2. The structure of the curriculum (subjects and their weight)	3,64	3,94
3. The profile of competences (expected learning outcomes) in the degree	3,82	4,19
4. The organization of the deployment of the curriculum (groups, schedules, etc.)	4,24	4,31
5. The teaching methodologies you have used	4,21	4,37
6. The evaluation strategies you have used	4,26	4,32
7. The work and dedication of students	3,11	3,47
8. The adequacy of the approach, organization and evaluation of the TFG / TFM	3,83	3,92
9. Adequacy of the approach, organization and evaluation of External Internships (if applicable)	4,29	4,17



10. Available teaching resources	4,05	4,20
11. The learning outcomes obtained by the students of the subjects you teach	3,73	4,00
12. Overall assessment of the level of training of the graduate student of the degree in which you participate	3,92	4,04

The institution continues to offer important support to teaching and research activities. The University Teacher Training Service offers each course a Comprehensive University Teacher Training Plan with the aim of improving the activity of university teaching staff as a whole, taking into account that this includes not only teaching and tutorial action, but also research and management focused courses. Its website is: <http://www.formacioprofessorat.udl.cat/>. It is worth mentioning, that these courses also include teacher training in gender perspective. In this sense, three of the courses organized last year were:

- Applying gender perspective to engineering and building programmes.
- The gender perspective as a guarantee of quality and equity of university teaching
- Situation and approach to sexual harassment in universities

It should also be noted the support received by the teaching staff from the Unit of Support and Advice for Teaching Activity, the structure responsible for advising and supporting the face-to-face and online teaching-learning processes of the UdL. This unit promotes teaching innovation processes and the use of information and communication technologies in face-to-face and non-face-to-face teaching-learning processes, focusing efforts on achieving high levels of pedagogical quality. Its website is: <http://www.saad.udl.cat/ca/>. The support that the teaching staff receives from this unit in the use of the Sakai virtual campus is noteworthy, which is an essential tool in the day-to-day life of the subjects. Likewise, it is worth highlighting the language training offered by the UdL Institute of Languages (<http://www.udl.cat/serveis/il.html>). Given that our Center makes a clear commitment to the internationalization of our degrees, having these courses is a basic tool for improving the level of languages of the teaching staff.

Concerning research, the Vice-Rector's Office for Research and Transfer (<https://www.udl.cat/ca/organs/vicectors/vrt/>) are those who have research competencies and are responsible for the different actions (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/>).

The UdL annually announces competitive grants for the implementation of innovation and teaching improvement projects (<https://www.udl.cat/ca/organs/vicectors/voa/innovacio-docent/>). Specifically, in the 20/21 academic year, grants are offered, 5 of which are awarded to professors or EPS teams, who carried out the project during the 21/22 academic year. (4_03_MilloraDocencia_202021.pdf)

Teachers have the possibility, through the Erasmus + KA107 Scholarships for teacher mobility, to spend a week at a foreign university with which the UdL has signed an inter-institutional agreement in which they will teach classes and become familiar with the pedagogical experiences that are being developed in the reception institution. The grants also offer the opportunity to build international networks of contacts.

The Vice-Rector's Office for Research publishes on their website all the available grants that



teachers and doctoral students can apply for in order to encourage their research. It is worth mentioning those calls devoted to the promotion of research, mobility for research or even for setting up outstanding research project proposals (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/convoca/>).

Besides, the UdL has several research support services such as:

- The R & D & I Support Office is a service of the University of Lleida whose main objectives are to promote research activities and technology transfer to companies, responding both to the needs of researchers and as well as the needs of public and private institutions integrated in the research and innovation system (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/oficina/>).
- The GREC (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/grec/>) is a research management tool to locate, consult and update the data and curricula of research groups and researchers. The GREC application also offers information on calls for research grants, internal and external, which may be of interest to both teachers and students (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/convoca/>).
- The European Projects Unit (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/oficina/projectes/>) is a support and advice tool for the provision and management of projects.
- Scientific-technical Services (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recercaNew/serveis-cientific-tecnics/>) are the scientific resources (human and technological equipment) that the UdL makes available to its researchers, other public and private institutions, and companies.
- The Technological Springboard (<http://www.trampoli.udl.cat/>) supports the creation of technology-based companies and innovative businesses, and the exploitation of intellectual and industrial property.
- The University of Lleida Foundation (<http://www.fundacio.udl.cat/>) is a non-profit organization that aims to achieve general interest objectives where the beneficiaries are the university community and society. In particular, they promote relations between the University of Lleida and the socio-economic and cultural environment, promoting scientific, humanistic and technical research, as well as technological innovation, in relation to companies and the development of society
- The TECNIO Network (http://www.trampoli.udl.cat/centres_tecnio) supports the creation of technology-based companies and innovative businesses, and the exploitation of intellectual and industrial property.

The research structures of the UdL are the Departments (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/centres/>), Research Groups (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/oficina/grups/>) and the UdL Research Network (<http://www.udl.cat/ca/recerca/anella/>).

As part of this network, the INSPIRES center (<http://inspires.udl.cat/>) brings together all EPS research groups, setting up a multidisciplinary team specialized in the fields of energy management, efficiency, usability, high-performance computing and solving optimization problems, among other topics related to the field of sustainability and the technology. The INSPIRES center has an administrative support technician for researchers, to facilitate all administrative procedures related to linked research projects, which complements the support of the departments for research. In addition, the INSPIRES center regularly organizes seminars open to the entire EPS and UdL community in which the research carried out in the different research groups is shown, especially by doctoral students, As well as taking advantage of the



opportunity offered by visiting professors and researchers to be able to explain their scientific production and the training programmes of their universities of origin, and thus explore possibilities for future collaborations.

The improvements and good practices implemented as a result of the internal evaluation process since the 2015 accreditation are described below.

- **Actions to improve interaction with the business environment:**

The school has substantially increased its relationship with the industrial and business environment by promoting the following mechanisms:

- **Implementation of Dual Training**

Dual training has made it possible to further strengthen ties between the Polytechnic School and the surrounding companies thanks to continuous contact, since this training involves periodic meetings between academic tutors and company tutors, facilitating communication and enabling collaboration in other fields, such as research, participation in degree subjects, development of joint research projects, etc. Throughout the period considered, numerous visits have been made to companies to explain the dual training project, which have turned into a total of 24 offers of dual training places for the master's degree in industrial engineering and 52 for the master's degree in computer engineering.

At the same time, the early introduction of Dual Training in the EPS has allowed to be involved in the Working Group for the Promotion and Development of Dual Training in the University System of Catalonia. The recent challenges of the Government of Catalonia to build a future based on the Knowledge Society and that materialized in the National Pact for the Knowledge Society (PN @ SC: Pacto Nacional para la Sociedad del Conocimiento) calls on universities to develop strategies and actions that promote collaboration between the system higher education and the business system. More specifically, the Pact suggests the promotion and development of dual training in the Catalan university system, for which it is necessary:

- Promote dual training in university degrees with a professional profile through a closer relationship between the university and companies and other organizations, to improve the skills of university training students.
- Develop and apply policies for higher-level dual training, based on the specific context (productive sector - prioritization).
- Establish a university-company relationship mechanism, to bring together the needs of the professional profiles on the part of the industrial fabric and the productive fabric, characteristic of each territory, the dual nature study plans.

In this framework, and to consolidate a Catalan university model of dual training, the Academic Programming and Organization Commission considered the creation of a Working Group, within the framework of the Interuniversity Council of Catalonia (CIC), with the main objective of elaborating and agree on the proposals for actions to develop dual training, at the level of the Catalan university system, in order to provide it with mechanisms that facilitate its implementation, both face-to-

face and virtual, as an innovative training option to improve employability and the individual development of students, by increasing the adequacy and continuity between the professional world and the academic training of students and achieving better efficiency in the use of economic resources and better social integration.

The Working Group for the Promotion and Development of Dual Training in the University System of Catalonia is made up of a representative of each University of the Catalan university system, representatives of the General Directorate of Universities and the General Secretariat of the Interuniversity Council from Catalonia, from the Department of Business and Knowledge and a representative from AQU Catalunya. This group is coordinated by Margarita Moltó Aribau, professor at the Polytechnic School of the University of Lleida.

- **Promotion of Industrial Doctorates**

The Industrial Doctorate Plan aims to contribute to the competitiveness and internationalization of the Catalan industrial fabric, attract talent, and train doctors for companies within R + D + I projects. The essential element of the Industrial Doctorate process is the strategic research project of the company where the doctoral student develops his research training in collaboration with the university, and which is the subject of a doctoral thesis. For universities, industrial doctoral projects are an opportunity to transfer their technology and knowledge in the productive environment and thus strengthen ties with the business environment. EPS has not been left out of this great opportunity and has participated since its inception. So far, three industrial doctoral theses have been presented (in the companies Scytl, Ilerfred and Sallen) and another three are being developed, two in the computer company Lleida.net and one in the industrialized building company PMP Prêt-à-Porter casas.

[Link to Industrial Doctorates.](#)

<http://www.udl.es/ca/serveis/oficina/Noticies/La-UdL-inicia-els-seus-primers-cinc-doctorats-industrials/>

<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/noticies/LEPS-present-en-lacte-de-reconeixement-als-Doctorants-Industrials/>

- **Renewal of chairs with companies (INDRA)**

The University-company chairs are an effective way of achieving a stable cooperation in R+D+i between the University and the companies. In this context, the Polytechnic School has developed, through the Indra-Adecco Foundation chair, a set of accessibility tools that facilitate the access of people with motor disabilities to new technologies. Within the framework of this Chair, successful technological solutions such as the HeadMouse virtual mouse and the VirtualKeyboard virtual keyboard have been developed, of which nearly 400,000 downloads have already been recorded worldwide. In addition, REM and APR projects are being developed that can transform the way people interact with computers. The REM project consists of a hardware device that is connected to a computer with a USB connector that will allow to control the movement of the cursor with the movement of the eyes. This project is designed as an accessibility tool for users who cannot move with their head and, therefore, cannot use HeadMouse. And finally, the APR concept arises from the need for a worker with a disability to be able to carry out their work



electronically, attending meetings or enjoying moments of relaxation with their colleagues.

- **Strengthen the relationship with companies in the Gardeny Technology Park**

The Lleida Agrifood Science and Technology Park, located in Gardeny, is an ambitious and strategic commitment of the territory in order to promote innovation and technological quality in Lleida companies, favoring the transfer of knowledge and improving the competitiveness of the companies. It is a public consortium owned 50% by the University of Lleida and the City Council.

According to 2016 figures, the park welcomes 1,410 workers and researchers (mainly engineers and university graduates), with a joint turnover of € 124.1M and a total investment of € 85M.

Since its inception, the EPS has collaborated closely with the companies of the Park (INDRA, GFT, Eurecat, IFR, Semic, Lleida.net ...), both for the relationship of curricular or extracurricular practices of our students and for the development of degree or master thesis within these companies. In the last period, these relationships have intensified even more due to the necessary complicity for the implementation of Dual Training, as well as for the development of industrial doctorates in some companies.

This close relationship with the productive sector is a strength of the EPS that should undoubtedly continue to be consolidated.

- **Specific programme to improve teaching infrastructures and laboratories**

The Campus Vice-Rectorate launched a Call for Teaching Teams (47UdL_Convocatoria_Equipos_Docencia.pdf) during the 2016-2019 period, with the aim of updating, renovating, expanding or even creating new teaching laboratories in the different faculties. In the case of the EPS, the budget allocation has been significant, as shown in the following table:

Year	2016	2017.	2018	2019	Total
Endowment €	72,884	86,663	98,094	44,570	302,211

This call has made it possible to equip the EPS with laboratories with very up-to-date technological equipment, both in the field of industrial engineering, computer engineering and technical architecture.

The improvement of the facilities has continued throughout the 2019-2021 academic years, in section 2.4 you can find a detailed list of the improvements in infrastructures, laboratories and software.

- **Programme IMPULS to promote strategic teaching projects**

The UdL has a Teaching and Training Strategy, approved by the Governing Council in February 2014 and updated in July 2020 (48UdL Teaching and Training Strategy) that wants to build a differentiated teaching model with its own identity, within the Catalan and Spanish university system. A model that has its distinctive features in the academic and social prestige, in the integral quality of the teaching, and in the guarantee of the employability of the training. Among the different actions that this strategy contemplates, it stands out the annual Programme of



Actions to Promote the Academic and Social Prestige of Official Studies (Programme IMPULS)
This programme is addressed to the seven faculties , and its main objective is that the faculties develop a series of actions aimed at strengthening the academic prestige and social prestige of the different undergraduate and master's degrees. In EPS, this programme has allowed financing actions such as:

- Promotion of internationalization: international double degrees, WVEPS event of international partners, institutional visits to partner universities, increasing the number of mobility destinations ...
 - Promotion of scientific-technological vocations: organization of workshops for secondary schools, participation in activities to promote and disseminate technology such as the First Lego League, Ciència al Carrer, Mercat de la Tecnologia, etc.
 - Invite international teachers to do stays and conferences at the EPS.
 - Promote the mobility of teachers.
 - Improve the School's promotional resources: prepare a promotional video, new brochures, improve the presence on social networks, etc.
- **Administrative support for the INSPIRES Research Center and its researchers.**
 - The INSPIRES research center has hired an administrative support technician, whose functions are: Help research groups in attracting research resources.
 - Collaborate in the process of contacting companies interested in carrying out innovation and research with the INSPIRES research groups.
 - Administrative support to the INSPIRES own research center.
 - Support to research groups in the economic justification of the research projects developed by the center itself.

Analysis of changes due to the pandemic: The EPS has kept teachers informed of the updates made by the SIC (Information and Communication Systems) to provide all kinds of tools and services to facilitate remote monitoring of subjects (recorded classes, videoconferences, questionnaires, forums, tests) , as well as the Instructions in the preparation of the evaluation tests using the test tool and questionnaires of the virtual campus, with the aim of guaranteeing the proper development of the tests and eliminating incidents or possible overloads of the system.

Since the beginning of the pandemic, the UdL has offered various online courses to learn and improve on virtual teaching methodologies, as well as the use of the tools available on the virtual campus. The follow-up of the courses at the Polytechnic School has been as follows:

ACADÈMIC CURS	2019-2020
Course Name	Participants
Virtual teaching	39
III CONFERENCE ON UNIVERSITY AND ICT TEACHING ACTIVITY # ADUTIC20: THE MANAGEMENT OF NON-FACE TRAINING	15
THE VIRTUAL CAMPUS TOOLS TO CARRY OUT BLENDED TEACHING	20
USING THE UDL VIRTUAL CAMPUS TEST TOOL	3



ACADÈMIC CURS	2019-2020
Course Name	Participants
USING THE VIRTUAL CAMPUS VIDEOCONFERING TOOL	1
Altres courses	68
WE LEARN AND TEACH WITH COMMUNITY RESOURCES AND THROUGH ART. HOW WE CAN INCORPORATE IT IN OUR UNIVERSITY	1
CHALLENGE-BASED LEARNING IN THE CONTEXT OF DUAL TRAINING I	1
OPEN SCIENCE: OPEN PUBLICATIONS (IGUALADA CAMPUS)	8
HOW TO WRITE AND PUBLISH A SCIENTIFIC ARTICLE	1
HEALTH AND WELL-BEING EDUCATION	4
TOOLS FOR INTERVENTION IN GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE IN THE ACADEMIC AREA	1
INTRODUCTION TO MINDFULNESS	2
SCIENTIFIC DAY OF INDEST: THE INTERDISCIPLINARITY IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND THE HUMANITIES	3
CONFERENCE ON ACTIVE TEACHING TECHNOLOGIES AND METHODOLOGIES AT THE POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL AT THE IGUALADA-UdL UNIVERSITY CAMPUS 19/20	17
CONFERENCES FOR COORDINATORS OF TRAINING PROGRAMMES (DEGREES)	6
CONFERENCES FOR COORDINATORS OF TRAINING PROGRAMMES (MASTERS)	1
EUROPEAN PROJECTS. HOW TO WRITE A HORIZON 2020 PROPOSAL FOR RESEARCHERS WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS	6
EUROPEAN PROJECTS. FINANCING, HORIZON 2020 PROGRAMME AND ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL ASPECTS FOR BEGINNERS	4
WHAT CAN THE LIBRARY OFFER TO THE MEW EPS TEACHERS ON THE IGUALADA CAMPUS	2
COMPETECS SEMINAR: APPLICATION OF THE OBSERVATIONAL METHODOLOGY IN COMPETENCE-CENTERED RESEARCH	1
EMOTIONAL EDUCATION WORKSHOP FOR HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	1
ROUND TABLE: REVERSE CLASS USE EXPERIENCES AT UDL	9
Total	107

Academic year	2020-2021
Course Name	
Virtual teaching	101
ONLINE TEACHING TRAINING ACCORDING TO THE UNADISTA FRAMEWORK	8
STRATEGIES TO IMPROVE ONLINE EVALUATION	4
II TRAINING SEMINAR HYBRID CLASSROOMS PROJECT: RESOURCES AND ORIENTATIONS AFTER AN ACADEMIC YEAR OF HYBRID TEACHING. EDUCATION AND ADOLESCENCE CHAIR	1
IMPLEMENTATION OF A TEACHING VIRTUALIZATION PROJECT: USE OF THE VIRTUAL CAMPUS, INTERACTIVE TOOLS AND MOBILE DEVICES	1
IV CONFERENCE ON UNIVERSITY AND ICT TEACHING ACTIVITY # ADUTIC21: THE EVALUATION OF LEARNING IN TIMES OF CONFINITION	5



Academic year	2020-2021
Course Name	
CONFERENCE ON ACTIVE TEACHING TECHNOLOGIES AND METHODOLOGIES AT THE HIGHER POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL AT THE IGUALADA-UdL UNIVERSITY CAMPUS 20/21	17
THE VIRTUAL CAMPUS LESSON TOOL	2
THE KALTURA TOOL, VIDEO STREAMING ON THE VIRTUAL CAMPUS	16
LET'S TALK ABOUT VIRTUAL CAMPUS TOOLS: LESSONS, FORUMS AND TESTS	3
USE OF THE TEST TOOL OF THE UDL VIRTUAL CAMPUS	3
VIRTUAL WORKSHOP ON TEACHING IN COVID TIME AT EPS-UdL 20/21	41
Gender perspective	19
APPLICATION OF THE GENDER PERSPECTIVE IN TEACHING: FIELD OF ENGINEERING AND ARCHITECTURE	9
THE GENDER PERSPECTIVE AS A GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND EQUITY OF UNIVERSITY TEACHING	4
SITUATION AND APPROACH TO SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN UNIVERSITIES	6
Others	104
COMPOSITIONAL DATA ANALYSIS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES	1
ACTIVE LEARNING IN LARGE GROUPS	2
OPEN SCIENCE: PUBLICATIONS AND OPEN RESEARCH DATA	1
HOW TO WRITE AND PUBLISH A SCIENTIFIC ARTICLE	1
HOW TO CARRY OUT PATENT SEARCHES IN FREE DATABASES	6
COMPETENCES AND PEDAGOGICAL TRAINING OF UNIVERSITY TEACHERS	1
MANAGEMENT, CORRECTION AND EVALUATION OF TFG AND TFM	4
THE REVERSE CLASS MODEL: AN ALTERNATIVE TO ONLINE TEACHING	2
THE PROCESSES OF TEACHER ACCREDITATION BEFORE THIS CATALONIA: READER, AGGREGATE AND PROFESSOR	10
CONTINUOUS EVALUATION STRATEGIES IN LARGE GROUPS	6
STRATEGIES FOR IMPROVING THE WRITING OF SCIENTIFIC ARTICLES IN THE FIELD OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCES	1
STRATEGIES TO IMPROVE PROGRAMMING LEARNING IN ENGINEERING	12
ACADEMIC AND TEACHING MANAGEMENT AT THE HIGHER POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL (EPS) II - DDTEC	3
MENDELEY BIBLIOGRAPHY MANAGER - ADVANCED	1
BIBLIOGRAPHY MANAGER MENDELEY - BASIC	1
BIBLIOGRAPHY MANAGER MENDELEY (CAMPUS IGUALADA)	1
IMPLEMENTATION OF UNIVERSAL SUPPORT MEASURES FOR INCLUSIVE LEARNING WITH ALL STUDENTS	1
INDICATORS AND METHODS FOR EVALUATING SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTION: SCIENCES	1
INTRODUCTION TO THE USE OF ARCGIS FOR THE PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS OF SPATIAL DATA	2
THE REVERSE CLASS AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO DISCONTINUOUS PRESENCE	5



Academic year	2020-2021
Course Name	
TEACHING DIGITAL COMPETENCE: CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES IN THE DIGITAL CONTEXT	1
TEACHER-CENTERED TEACHING: IMPROVING EXPOSITIVE TEACHING	2
STUDENT-BASED LEARNING	4
LEARNING SERVICE AT THE UNIVERSITY AND THE OPTIMIZATION OF QUALITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION	2
LEARNING-ORIENTED EVALUATION: WHAT CAN WE DO TO GO BEYOND QUALIFICATION	2
OPTIMIZATION OF TIME AT WORK	3
EUROPEAN PROJECTS. HOW TO WRITE A HORIZON EUROPE PROPOSAL FOR RESEARCHERS WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS	2
EUROPEAN PROJECTS. STRUCTURE OF THE NEW HORIZON EUROPE PROGRAM, TECHNICAL, ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL ASPECTS FOR BEGINNERS	7
DATA PROTECTION	2
PROTECTION, VALORIZATION AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER. KEY STRATEGIES AND FACTORS TO KNOW	3
TEACHING RESOURCES IN THE FIELD OF ENGINEERING: INFORMATION RESOURCES AND TEACHING SUPPORT SERVICES (CAMPUS IGUALADA)	3
ROUND TABLE: INTERACTIVE TOOLS TO DYNAMIZE TEACHING	5
ROUND TABLE: EXPERIENCES OF USING GRAPHIC TABLES FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHING AT THE UDL	4
EMOTIONS, FEELINGS AND STRESS MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES	1
NEGOTIATION TECHNIQUES	1
Total	224



Criterion 4.3 Funds and equipment

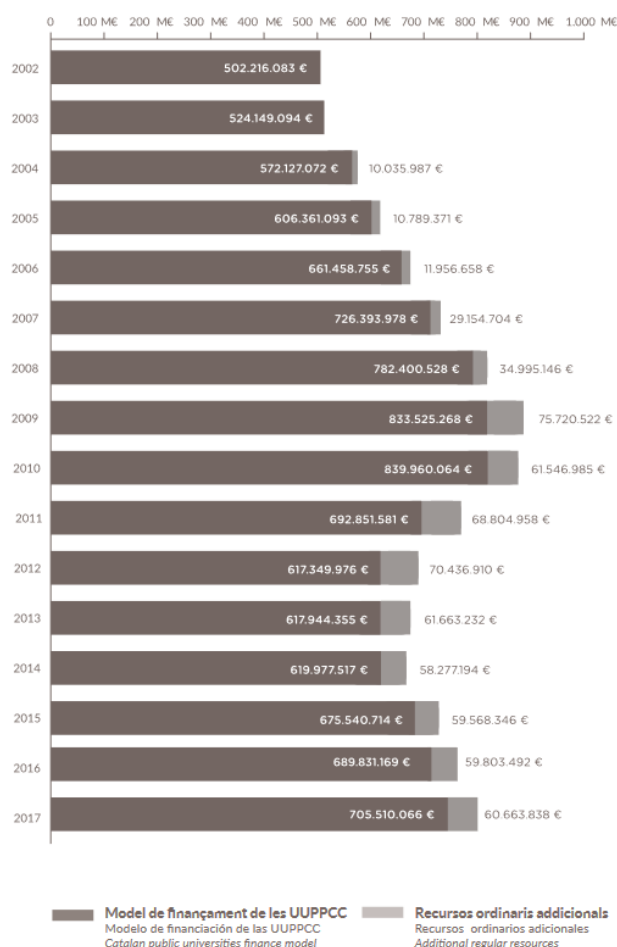
Financial resources

The University of Lleida is one of 7 Catalan public universities that receive funding from the Generalitat de Catalunya. The government annually sets the public price rates for university studies and therefore the basic source of income for public universities. Apart from income from fees, Catalan public universities receive public resources from the Administration of the Generalitat:

- for your running costs
- to achieve strategic objectives
- for investments and equipment

The Generalitat of Catalonia, which from 2003 to 2010 had notably increased public funding for university activity, applied significant restrictions during the hardest years of the crisis, from 2011 to 2013. As of 2015, it will rising slowly, reaching in 2017 at similar levels of 2007.

Figure 1. Evolution of funding in Catalan public universities



Source: Training and teaching indicators of Catalan public universities. Report 2018. ACUP.
https://indicadorsuniversitats.cat/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/informe_docencia_2018.pdf

The evolution of the financing of Catalan universities is reflected in the evolution of the budget of the University of Lleida, which is shown in the following table.

Evolution of the UdL budget. Period 2016-2021

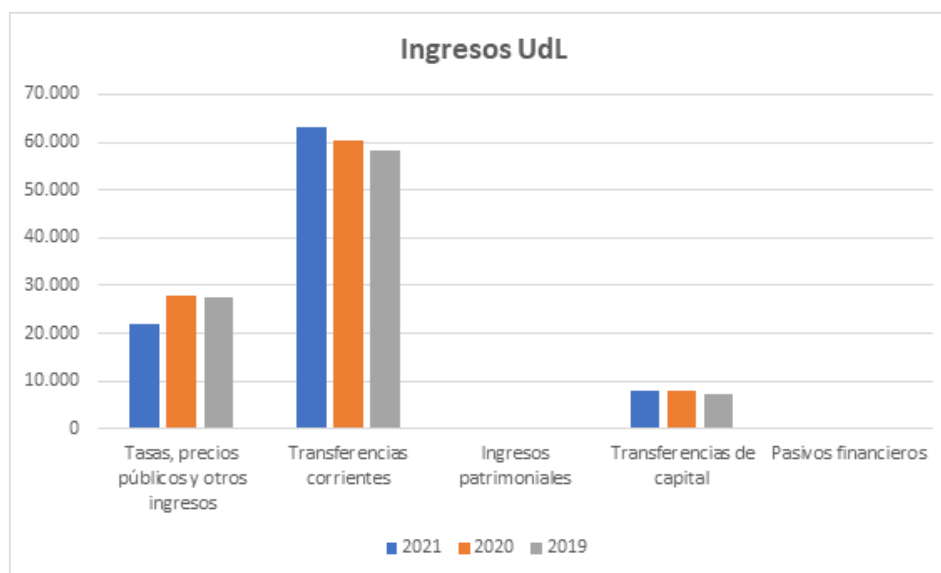
Year	UdL general budget	% Variac.
2016	81,351.00 M (€)	
2017	83,073.00 M (€)	2.12%
2018	84,871.00 M (€)	2.16%
2019	93,756.00 M (€)	10.47%
2020	96.304,00 M (€)	2.72%
2021	93,180.00 M (€)	-3.24%

Source: Own elaboration from UdL budgets

The budget increment that occurs in 2019 is due to the incorporation into the university of a new Campus located in Igualada.

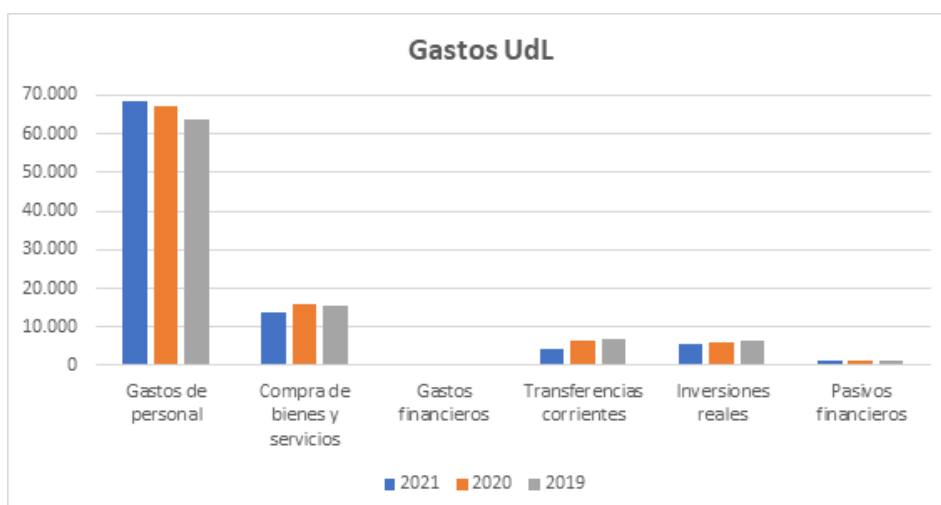
Figure 2 shows the total income corresponding to the UdL in the periods 2019, 2020 and 2021, where it can be observed that more than 60% of the budget comes from transfers from the Generalitat (Current Transfers), while 25% comes from tuition fees.

Figure 2: UdL revenue 2019-2021.



Source: Own elaboration based on the 2020 and 2021 UdL budget.

Figure 3: UdL expenses 2019-2021.



Source: Own elaboration based on the 2020 and 2021 UdL budget.

With this general budget, the University of Lleida finances personnel expenses, ordinary expenses and infrastructure associated with the 7 teaching centers and the different departments and services of the University, as can be seen in Figure 3. Likewise, Figure 3 shows the expenses corresponding to the years 2019, 2020 and 2021. In this same Figure it can be seen how the personnel expense accounts for 74% of the total expense. On the other hand, and in addition, it also distributes a budget, basically for the goods and services chapter, by teaching center and by department that allows the directorates and deans to make university policy and undertake strategic actions.

The amount of the budget that is distributed among the centers of the University is divided into three blocks:

- Block A (55%): dimension
- Block B (35%): financing by objectives
- Block C (10%): funding for programmes

Block A: It is an amount that the University of Lleida assigns to the different centers according to their size, where the key variables are the number of students at the Center, the number of teachers and the demand for teaching hours.

Block B: It is assigned based on the year-on-year evolution of the School performance indicators, which are:

- Efficiency rate
- Drop-out rate
- Performance rate
- Number of degrees with more than 30 new students per year

Block C: This assignment is the result of an agreement reached between the Center and the vicerectorate, based on the definition of a series of strategic improvement actions that must be achieved throughout the year. These strategic actions will have their origin both in the

monitoring reports of the degrees, and in the monitoring of the Center's Improvement Plan.

In this way, Blocks A and B will be assigned and transferred at the beginning of the budget period, while Block C will only be transferred at the end of the year in the event that the Center complies with the agreed agreements.

In the case of the Polytechnic School, the annual budget allocation received from the University of Lleida is shown in the following table:

Budget Allocation Polytechnic School. Period 2016-2021

Year	Block A	Block B	Block C	TOTAL
2016	25,277.68	14,383.91	4,513.00	44,174.59
2017	24,722.72	14,563.41	5,050.00	44,336.13
2018	25,947.93	12,783.43	6,064.42	44,795.78
2019	26,746.71	15,167.38	3,182.73	45,096.82
2020	26,746.71	15,167.38	5,347.00	47,261.09
2021	25,747.80	11,375.54	4,760.10	41,883.44

Source: Own elaboration from UdL

This budget is basically dedicated to the chapter of goods and services of the School, such as the rental of equipment (photocopiers and printers), hardware maintenance, purchase of office supplies, advertising and propaganda expenses, conferences, training of faculty, formal attentions, registrations in professional associations such as deans' conferences, etc. ...

Apart from this ordinary budget, the Polytechnic School has other sources of financing that are irregular in nature and that come from:

- EPS participation in the enrollment of the master's degrees, set at 20% by the UdL management
- Fee for extracurricular internship agreements signed at the School and for calls
- Announcements or programmes undertaken by the University rector's team to promote strategic actions.

Additional income from the Polytechnic School. Period 2016-2020

Year	2016	2017.	2018	2019	2020
Ingr. matr. Master's degrees	€ 1,915.65	€ 46,866.23	€ 10,861.75	€ 69,171.61	€ 19,860.91
Ingr. extracurricular agreements	€ 2,827.30	€ 4,636.41	€ 5,363.58	€ 6,000.06	€ 3,843.66
Ingr. Special programs	€ 25,000.00	€ 14,266.86	€ 0.00	€ 26,333.33	€ 17,658.00
Cross-disciplinary subject	€ 1,541.67	€ 3,843.18	€ 1,428.40	€ 2,253.24	€ 395.30
Repeated teaching	€ 26,982.82	€ 26,079.83	€ 35,598.19	€ 31,959.82	€ 33,679.31
Zero courses	€ 2,853.98	€ 6,423.30	€ 4,249.26	€ 7,905.60	€ 6,120.00

Source: Own elaboration based on EPS budgets.



These additional resources allow the management of the School to carry out strategic actions such as: internationalization, the promotion of scientific-technical vocations, the dissemination of the Center and the improvement of teaching infrastructures.

During the 2016-2019 period, the Infrastructures Vice-Rectorate launched a Call for Teaching Teams, with the aim of updating, renovating, expanding or even creating new teaching laboratories in the different faculties. In the case of the EPS, the budget allocation has been significant, as shown in the following table:

Calls for teaching facilities 2016/19 EPS

Year	2016	2017.	2018	2019	Total
Endowment €	72,884.00	86,663.00	98,094.00	44,570.00	302,211.00
Center contribution	25,168.91	13,854.87	14,714.10	6,685.50	60,423.38

Source: Own elaboration from the calls of the EPS

This call has made it possible to equip the EPS with laboratories with very up-to-date technological equipment, both in the field of industrial engineering, computer engineering and technical architecture. A detailed account of the improvements in infrastructures, laboratories and software during this period can be found below.

In this sense, from the 16/17 academic year, the EPS management undertook a policy of adapting the School's teaching laboratories to the new undergraduate and master's degrees, as a result of the process of adaptation of the UdL to the EEES. This was possible, despite the reduction in the budget allocations of the School by the UdL, due to the application of the additional financial resources shown in Table 11 and the remnants of different budget years that had been accumulated for this purpose. This has meant an investment in recent years of more than € 146,958.24

The financing of the center, which has its origin in public resources, is complemented by some contributions from the private sector by companies, in the form of sponsorships, or institutions (Lleida City Council, Lleida Provincial Council, Social Council of the UdL, Commission of Culture UdL and Igualada City Council in 2020).

Income from sponsorships of companies and institutions

Year	Income from public entities	Private sector income	Total Sponsorship Income
2016	€ 13,844.51	€ 7,300.00	€ 21,144.51
2017	€ 14,373.67	€ 8,000.00	€ 22,373.67
2018	€ 13,959.60	€ 9,500.00	€ 23,459.60
2019	€ 13,513.22	€ 9,500.00	€ 23,013.22
2020	€ 20,244.67	€ 9,000.00	€ 29,244.67



Source: Own elaboration from EPS budgets

These contributions make it possible to undertake extraordinary activities complementary to the strategic actions of the School such as: The First Lego League (<http://www.firstlegoleague.udl.cat/ca/>), "Technology Market" (<http://www.ice.udl.cat/ca/activitats/tecnologia/>) and the World Robot Olympiad (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/noticies/Emocio-i-Robotica-en-la-5a-edicio-de-la-WRO-Lleida/>). It must be said that these activities are basically aimed at promoting the scientific-technical vocation among secondary and high school students.

Regarding the two departments that are adscribed to the Polytechnic School, which are the Department of Informatics and Industrial Engineering (DIEI) and the Department of Mathematics, they also have a budget allocation that is presented in the following table:

Budgetary allocation of departments attached to the EPS. Period 2016-2021

Year	TOTAL BUDGET	
	DIEI	Math
2016	32,798.87	17,005.78
2017.	33,716.48	17,403.99
2018	34,204.23	17,338.87
2019	35,108.83	18,382.87
2020	34,531.11	18,923.30
2021	31,298.33	14,192.48

Source: Own elaboration from UdL budgets

This allocation is distributed among their professors and is devoted to expenses related to teaching, purchase of bibliography, renovation of personal IT infrastructure, ordinary expenses and supplies or assistance to conferences

Finally, it should be noted that the 9 research groups of the School, all of them classified as Consolidated Research groups by the Generalitat de Catalunya (<http://www.eps.udl.cat/ca/recerca/grups-de-recerca/#sections-tab-9>), have their own funding sources, obtained from competitive research calls, which allow them to finance the expenses associated with the research field.

Inputs		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	TOTAL
Special actions	34	2	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	41
Research grants	225	26	22	19	19	34	21	16	13	10	2	407
Contracts	604	43	33	3.4	31	22	44	124	238	189	122	1484
Aid to Consolidated Groups	8	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	26
Infrastructures	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
European projects	12	2	4	2	1	2	2	1	0	2	0	28
Research projects	81	2	5	4	4	7	7	6	7	8	0	131

Source: GREC (<http://webgrec.udl.cat/>)



These groups are integrated into the INSPIRES Research Center (Institut Politècnic d'Innovació i Recerca en Sostenibilitat), <http://inspires.udl.cat/>, which receives financing from the UdL shown in the following table:

Published INSPIRES financing budget. Period 2017 - 2020

Year	INSPIRES Budget
2017	40,000.00
2018	55,000.00
2019	50,000.00
2020	44,341.00

Source: Own elaboration based on data from the Vice-Rectorate for Research.

The available material resources and teaching infrastructures of the center and university were valued very positively as "in progress to excellence" in the previous accreditation of 2019.

The teaching classrooms, laboratories and offices, distributed mainly between the two EPS buildings, the EPS central building and the CREA (Center for Research in Applied Energy) guarantee the proper functioning of the degrees taught. Complementary services such as the integrated Common Spaces Management system (GEC), the Information and Communications Systems Area (SIC), the Library and Documentation Service (SBD), Sakai Virtual Campus, among others, allow us to offer all agents involved in the learning process all the necessary resources for its development with quality. Detailed information on these resources was described in depth in the 2015 Accreditation.

Both the 2015 and 2019 accreditation processes appraised favourably the infrastructures and resources of the faculty, such as the teaching spaces, laboratories and the SAKAI virtual campus. In particular, the integrated space management system GEC was positively valued, which remains active and is crucial to optimize room scheduling in a campus shared by three different faculties. Since the last accreditations, all these resources have been maintained and improved.

The actions carried out to improve and expand the teaching and research laboratories since 2015 are detailed below.

○ **Renovation and updating of laboratory equipment:**

○ **Course 14/15**

- **Metallographic microscope. Mechatronics Laboratory (CREA).** In order to teach the practices of the new optional Energy block corresponding to the Master in Industrial Engineering (Electric machinery in Industry and Analysis of Industrial thermal equipment), a Flir E4 infrared thermographic camera is purchased, a bench with electric motor and brake hysteresis and a variable speed ACU 0.37KW. Likewise, a TECMICRO metallographic microscope was also purchased to improve the practices of the GEI students and some analog modules per automaton and a linear / isopercent regulation valve.

- **Material for heat transfer practices. Thermal Engineering Laboratory (-1.05).** In order to carry out heat transfer practices for GEM, GEEIA GEEIA and MEIND students, a commercial team was acquired for this purpose.
- **Mobile laboratory of embedded systems.** For the improvement and adaptation of the laboratory material of this laboratory used by the MEInf students, as well as in various promotional actions of the EPS, we proceed to the purchase of 20 Arduino UNO boards, 20 ADXL335 accelerometers, 20 ultrasound sensors, 15 mice and 15 keyboards.
- **Bending device for prismatic specimens. Materials Laboratory - Building (CREA).** In order to improve the equipment of CREA's materials-building laboratory, a bending device for prismatic 15x15x60 specimens, Model CONTROLES, was purchased, as well as a complete set of work tools for the workshop located in the Materials laboratory.
- **Two Emotiv helmets. UsabiliLAB Laboratory (3.02).** In order to develop new practices with the discipline of Brain-Computer Interaction in the degrees of the GEI and the MEINF 2 Emotiv helmets have been acquired.
- **Laboratory instruments. Mechanics Laboratory (-1.04).** Up to 5 3D printers with FDM technology have been acquired to carry out additive manufacturing practices in the subject of "Advanced Manufacturing Systems". In addition, these printers make it easier for students to materialize prototypes that have been designed in their TFM. On the other hand, laboratory materials and instruments were also purchased for the study and analysis of shaft balancing and also for the realization of an experimental equipment to analyze the flexibility of shafts and resonance speeds, and to be able to compare them with the results obtained by simulation. of finite elements using the CREO programme.
- **Computer material. Electronic Control Laboratory (2.06).** We proceeded to the purchase of 2 BEEP TLM0596 computers with LG 19.5 "screen with keyboard and mouse.
- **Computer equipment and improvement of facilities. Computer Laboratory (3.05).** Installation of 21 PCs with Windows 7 Professional 64-bit and Linux Ubuntu 12.04LTS operating systems and a 21" widescreen monitor, and a new 2.20 m electric screen to replace the old 1.80 m manual screen,.The wiring of the classroom projector has been enhanced incorporating HDMI cable and a new connection box. Finally a sound system with self-amplified speakers was also assembled.
- **Improvement of facilities. Alcatel classroom (1.02).** The structured cabling of the extended workstations in the classroom was carried out so that the students of the GEI, GEEIA and MEINF can have access to the equipment of the different racks.
- **Stereo. Classroom 1.04.** Sound equipment was installed in classroom 1:04 of the EPS, which was the only classroom in the School where there was none.
- **Improve computer equipment. Degree Room (2.03).** The old monitor on the main table in the Graduation Room was replaced with a 19.5" reclining ACER LCD touchmonitor.

○ **Course 15/16**

- **3D printing and hydraulic bench. Equipment for the mechanical laboratory.** Equipment for the manufacture of pieces for 3D printing was acquired, which allows students to materialize their designs elaborated in subjects such as Graphic Expression III and Machine Design, in addition to learning a leading technology . This equipment consists of a milling machine, a 3D printer and the parts of a second 3D printer to build it in the laboratory, as well as transportation to and from the supplier for defective ones. A hydraulics bench was also purchased to carry out hydraulics practices. This equipment allows students to become familiar with real oleo-hydraulic equipment.
- **Experimental equipment (thermal power plant and linear heat conduction) for the Thermal Laboratory and facilities.** One of the most used cycles in the industrial world, both in thermal power plants and in cogeneration systems is the Rankine cycle. With the aim of knowing this cycle and that our students can study it experimentally, a steam power plant with a steam engine was acquired. Along the same lines, the practice "Linear heat conduction" was purchased with which students can experience the phenomena of heat transfer by conduction in linear systems.
- **Total surveying station for the Building Laboratory.** Purchase of a Leica Robotized Total Station TRCP1203R100 with automatic prism search "Power Search". The "Total Leica" station is a robotic equipment to carry out surveying field practices to be able to carry out topographic surveys with a single operator. This operation has been co-financed 50% with the ETSEA center of the UdL and is used basically in the degree of Technical Architecture and Building.
- **Blower Door Test Equipment for the Building Laboratory.** Acquisition of equipment for the measurement of air infiltrations and thermofluxometric analysis. The practice "Air infiltration analysis" was acquired to measure air infiltrations through doors and windows in an existing building, by means of the Blower Door Test. The Blower Door Test measures the tightness of a building, the air tightness, that is, it measures the energy efficiency of buildings. It is used to carry out energy audits of buildings and is used both in the Technical Architecture and Building qualifications, as well as in Mechanical Engineering, specializing in Sustainable Construction.
- **Improvement of the material of the Electronic Teaching Laboratories 02.05 and -1.03 EPS.** To improve these laboratories, the following material was purchased:
 - A high frequency oscilloscope with its corresponding analysis kits.
 - A Nase-2B pencil soldering station with corresponding components and common parts.
 - A compact CD-2SE soldering station with corresponding components and common parts.
 - A TE 2QD hot air soldering station with corresponding components and common parts.
 - A microscope attached to the DME-2^a soldering station
 - A welding source.
 - An electronic component positioner.

- A solder paste applicator for the component plates.
 To protect the tables where these soldering stations have been installed, table protectors were purchased. All this material is used in the degree of Engineering in Electronics Industry and Automation.
 - **Eyetracking Device for the Descriptive Technologies Laboratory.**The Eyetracking device has been purchased that allows usability studies to be carried out beyond the specific monitor that was available to date. Likewise, a cluster for Big Data processing was acquired, in order to have a Big Data computing platform that allows this new technology to be addressed in degrees in the computing branch.
 - **Structural kits for the Building Laboratory.**Kits to model structures and molds to manufacture concrete specimens. To improve the study of structures, 10 MOLA kits were acquired that allow to simulate a large number of different structures quickly, thanks to the use of magnets and balls to make the joints and thus be able to observe their real behavior.
 - **Improvement of the computer installation in Classrooms 0.01 and 0.05.** Since this academic year, all the classrooms of the School have a monitor installed on the teacher's table in order to facilitate the teacher's monitoring of the classroom projection: It was also used to install an AV box embedded in the teacher's table. teacher from where he can comfortably access the signal bypass, internet, USB port and HDMI.
 - **Alcatel Room Adaptation.** The last enlargement of the Alcatel Room (1.02) forced this course to reinforce the projection aimed at the last jobs in the Room with a 42 "TV, since the distance and the columns made it impossible to correctly visualize the projection cannon. Taking advantage of this intervention, the room was re-cabled with HDMI, an AV box was incorporated to be able to comfortably discriminate the output of the projection gun and the old projection gun was replaced by a modern one with HDMI input and better image quality.
- **Course 16/17**
- **Improvements in the Mechatronics Laboratory (CREA).** A KUKA six degrees of freedom industrial robot was purchased in order to analyze and visualize the three-dimensional kinematics of multibody systems. Currently, EtherCat, modules of both digital inputs and outputs and analog inputs and outputs, are being integrated into the robot's own communication network in order to provide the robot with information about its operating environment and facilitate its programming. Communication is also planned between the robot and the Siemens PLC, which is available in this laboratory, in order to be able to use a Siemens artificial vision camera to identify objects and programme movements of the robot. With all this, it is intended that students acquire skills in the control of processes in real time.
 - **1.03 EPS laboratory adequacy for project-based work.**A replacement of the furniture in the EPS 1.03 Project room was carried out. This replacement has been accompanied by a new redistribution of the classroom and the updating of computer equipment. Specifically, 24 new PCs have been installed.
 - **Adaptation of the 2.06 EPS Signal Processing Laboratory and creation**

of a new teaching classroom. In the summer of 2016, it was decided to divide the Signal Processing laboratory into two independent spaces, one with the same nature and purpose and the other transforming it into a teaching classroom with capacity for 28 students.

- **Classroom adaptation 0.04 EPS for autonomous work in computer science degrees.** In classroom 0.04, a series of interventions were carried out to adapt it to the needs of Computer Engineering students. Specifically, a wifi signal repeater-amplifier was installed, as well as plugs in the tables to facilitate the use of laptops. The classroom was also equipped with a camera system to facilitate the monitoring of classes by a new student with severe visual difficulties enrolled in that course.

○ **Course 17/18**

- **Creation of the Design Lab.** Some spaces on floor 0 of the EPS were reorganized in order to build this laboratory, which will be equipped with furniture, teaching equipment and Macintosh-type computer equipment during the 18/19 academic year.
- **Ethernet cabling in EPS classroom 1.04.** To complement the improvements implemented the previous year (Wi-Fi and plugs in the laptop tables), several direct network connections for Ethernet cable have been installed.
- **Renovation of the Physics and Chemistry laboratory equipment (-1.02).** Various materials were acquired with the aim of improving the performance that the physics laboratory already has and replacing some equipment that was already at the limit of its useful life. This material is used for the practices of the Physics I and Physics II subjects of the degrees of Mechanical Engineering, Industrial Electronics and Automation Engineering and Energy and Sustainability Engineering. List of purchased material:
 - 1 "Maxwell's wheel experiment, brand LD Didactic".
 - 2 1m lane dynamic system.
 - 2 PAStack curved rail system.
 - 1 Capstone Programme, classroom license.
 - 1 Capstone Programme, lic. Monopost.
 - 4 Airlink interface.
 - 2 Wireless force / acceleration sensor.
 - 6 Wireless temperature sensor.
 - 4 Motion sensor.
- **Teaching equipment for the generation of renewable energies and systems simulation.** Didactic equipment for the generation of renewable energies and systems simulation were purchased. In addition, work is being done on the purchase of a photovoltaic energy trainer with virtual instrumentation and a solar panel with a rolling mast and collector. A Synchronous Generator Trainer team was acquired for the practice of electrical machines. All this material is intended for specific subjects, basically second and third year, of the new degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability.

practices to be carried out and the spaces to be used. A protocol has been defined for its use and acquisition through the UdL store.

- **Building laboratory equipment.** Acquisition of a BTC machine (Block of Compressed Earth), assuming a new teaching resource for the degree as well as at the research and promotion level. The machine is used in the course of Materials 2. A universal traction-compression press is also acquired, along with a HP computer for the universal press control.
- **Energy and Sustainability Laboratory** the following materials are acquired:
 - Edibon Internacional solar thermal energy equipment with specific computer for the management of the control system and display
 - Three-phase power line simulation equipment
 - Work bench
 - Diligent Testing Accessories
 - Sensor and actuator consumables

○ **Course 19/20**

- **Robotics laboratory.** Acquisition of a high-performance 3D printer used as a teaching tool in various undergraduate and master's subjects, as well as in workshops for high school students.
- **Extended Reality Lab.** Two Virtual Reality equipments are acquired, HP Z VR BACKPACK G2 and HP REVERB glasses, together with the docking stations, which allow the consolidation of the Extended Reality Laboratory of the EPS-UdL, in which immersion activities are carried out in virtual reality in the Degree in Technical Architecture and Building specifically in the subjects of Graphic Expression 2 and Graphic Expression 3, in which the 3D models made with the specific digital representation software are transformed into VR format and the students can take immersions in their own designs. In the field of Architecture and Design, Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality allow to preview projects before being executed, in order to detect possible errors, improvements, interact with the environment, etc. Furthermore these technologies provides the engineer/architect with an intuitive sense of scale and proportion of the building, so it can be shown to a potential client without the need of building a scale model.
- **Energy and sustainability laboratory.**
 - Purchase of two pneumatic benches to carry out didactic practices.
 - Computer and screen for 1500 kN lab uniaxial compression testing machine. building the Solar Energy Team
 - Workbench for the Energy and Sustainability laboratory
- **Electronics Laboratory.**
 - Purchase of a test device: "Analog Discoverer Studio" for laboratory practice with students.
 - Purchase of 10 Mechatronics Laboratory multimeters

west, the idea was to incorporate a panel of companies collaborators and sponsors at the entrance of the center.

○ **Course 15/16**

- **Informative Screens EPS - CREA.** Updating and expansion of the EPS information screen system that fulfills the function of informing about events. Specifically, the following tasks were carried out:
 - Installation of new information management software.
 - Adaptation of the information point in the EPS lobby.
 - Installation of a new information point in the study area of the EPS basement.
 - Installation of a new information point in the lobby of the CREA building.
- **Improvements in the corridors of the EPS.** With the aim of giving visibility and enhancing the teaching activities that are developed in the EPS in the different actions associated with the promotion and dissemination of the studies that the School carries out on a regular basis among high school and CFGS students, the MotoStudent Showcase and Estació de Dades IBM 3741 Showcase.

○ **Course 16/17**

- **Adequacy of common area EPS Address.** In order to complete the comprehensive reform of the management area started in the 2015-16 academic year, in this course the "decorative" part and the furniture of this area were adapted. Basically the furniture was replaced (two armchairs and a side table) and two decorative vinyls were incorporated, one of them with the new EPS logo in relief.

○ **Course 17/18**

- **Start of EPS vestibule adaptation.** In the first quarter of 2019, the adaptation and modernization of the EPS main lobby is scheduled to be completed. The year 2018 began to relocate the heating radiators and replace the old carpet in the entrance.
- **Basement floor information screen replacement.** The television, intended as an information point, located in the EPS basement study area, was damaged. It was replaced by a new TV and it was used to go from a screen of 42 "to 55"

○ **Course 18/19**

- **Comprehensive reform of the school lobby.** An interior design project in °the lobby of the center has been executed. Two 44" interactive touch screens have been installed in order to allow browsing through the school's website. Hence students can consult information related to the center, degrees, timetables, exam calendars, etc. Besides, a video wall consisting of four 44" screens is also installed (offering a total projection surface of 215 x 120 cm) to disseminate various information such as new degrees, events, final master's or degree projects, project presentation and promotional information about the school. Finally, an amplifier and speakers are installed that allow for ambient sound in this area.

○ **Course 19/20**

- The creative studio of Lleida, CactuSoup carried out the design and illustration, going through a whole process of creation and development of the interior design and institutional image project for the new laboratory of the degree in Digital Design and Creative Technologies that was installed in November 2019, the DissenyLAB. The installation affects the rear wall part and the side glass part of the classroom.
 - Enabling one of a "coworking" room. The spaces are adapted and the materials and technologies necessary for the development of shared work are acquired.
 - The "vending" area on the ground floor of the EPS is fitted out with the installation of a sofa area.
- **Course 20/21**
- A 75" TV has been acquired for the meeting room in the management area. The projector at Classroom 2.01 has been replaced.
 - Calibration and updating of the anti-impact protection systems according to the current occupational risk regulations issued by the inspectors.

During the closure period due to Covid-19, the Library and Documentation unit has disseminated the electronic resources offered to students: specifically, access to more than 200 databases, 15,000 journals and 24,000 books. Through the thematic biblioguides (<http://biblioguies.udl.cat/campusvirtual>) offered tips for finding information and using the virtual library.

The SIC (Information and Communication Systems) has been carrying out actions to expand the capacity of the virtual campus platform and eliminate performance problems on an ongoing basis. At the same time, it has provided the students with the tools and services to facilitate the monitoring of the subjects, such as the AppsAnywhere application, which gives access to the applications that we find virtualized in the EPS laboratories. The Teaching Activity Support and Advice unit has advised the teaching staff on the use of the most used tools of the virtual campus in online teaching.

The UdL has provided equipment (computers and tablets) and has financed mobile data to students who did not have access to continue teaching online.

For the academic year 20/21 the following improvements were implemented:

- Laboratory acquisition of laptops and audiovisual support equipment to face the distance and prevention measures imposed by Covid-19.
- Purchase of material to carry out virtual or mixed teaching:
 - 8 professional installation HDMI cable from VISION
 - 10 USB extension cables
 - 6 Logitech C930 webcam - Color webcam
 - 3 micors Blue Yeti - USB connection
 - 4 Advance RF- 31 tripods
 - 1 Compact 2-Port VGA Video Splitter Splitter Cable
 - Adequacy of spaces to guarantee distance measures and group reorganization.



- Approach to schedules 50% face-to-face - 50% virtual, with the corresponding adaptation of schedules and grouping of groups for days of presence.
- Preparation of spaces for recording and / or conducting classes in virtual format
- Creation of classrooms to be able to broadcast live classes in case of confinement of the teaching staff or of any of the students during the course of the course.

5. Transparency and documentation

Criterion 5.1 Module descriptions

The main way to disseminate information is the School website and the websites of the degrees and master programmes. On these websites, all the relevant information is specified, not only for each of the degrees, but for any aspect of interest to the agents involved: students, former students (alumni), future students, families, teachers, collaborating companies, etc. .

The Center has different communication tools to facilitate and guarantee that the relevant information on Bachelor's and Master's degrees reaches all stakeholders. Among these we can highlight: communication spaces through the existing virtual campus on the SAKAI platform, intranet, EPS website, information screens and social networks, telegram channel and monthly newsletter. Through all these means, correct communication between the Center and the groups interested in having these relevant data is guaranteed.

Attending to the different interest groups, the information is accessible specifically to:

- Future students: specific access to both the website of each degree and the EPS website.
- Current students:
 - a specific website for each degree and each master's degree, as indicated in the description of the previous sub-standard.
 - a communication channel by email addressed to all students of the School (Trobada-EPS)
 - a communication channel per degree aimed at all students of each degree
 - a communication channel incorporated in the virtual campus of each subject
 - a virtual space that allows each student to communicate with their tutor.
- Former students:
 - Specific access to the School's website,
 - Email,
 - Informative bulletin (Newsletter).
 - LinkedIn
- Foreign students: specific access to the School's website.
- Employers:
 - As regards curricular and extracurricular internships and job offers, there is a specific section on the School's website.
 - Informative bulletin (Newsletter)
 - Regular meetings with the EPS management team.
- PDI:
 - Specific access to the School website and the degree website,
 - Regular meetings with the coordinator of the degree,
- PAS: Specific access at the School's website.

It should also be noted the large amount of information offered by the website of the University of Lleida (<http://www.udl.cat/>), which is perhaps the most natural access route for future students. From the UdL website, you can access the School website through the tab "The



University: Centers and Departments" and the degree website through the "Studies" tab.

Likewise, for communication with and between the different groups that conform the EPS, there is a communication channel by email addressed to all the PDI and the PAS of the EPS (Tots-EPS). There is also a specific communication channel with the students of the School (Trobada-EPS) with which the information is disseminated for the students, for example, the academic secretariat sends reminders of deadlines for the extension of enrollment, the enrollment of the TFG, the results of the curricular qualification, etc ...

The University has a virtual campus, also called the SAKAI platform (<http://cv.udl.cat/>) that contains specific spaces for:

- Each subject. This facilitates the relationship between the teacher and the student.
- Each degree or master programme. The coordinator of each programme manages this space and allows the relationship with the teaching staff and / or students jointly.
- The tutoring plan. The relationship between the tutor and the student is streamlined through this tool.

The virtual campus has several communication tools such as an email, a document repository, a list of notices and an agenda. Likewise, it allows the delivery of assessable activities by the students and manage the grades.

The websites of the programmes have been recently renewed with the aim of offering homogeneous information between all the degrees, as well as in the teaching guides of the subjects, which are offered in three languages, Catalan, Spanish and English. To facilitate the access of the different groups to the information, the website presents a tab called "information for ..." that filters and orders the contents of interest according to the user.

The following information can be consulted on the website of each degree:

- **Future students:**
 - Admissions
 - Support service
 - Address / Getting here
- **Syllabus:**
 - Objectives and competences
 - Syllabus structure and course guides
 - Course guides of previous courses
 - Cross-curricular subject Bachelor's Thesis
 - Third language regulation
- **Teaching staff**
 - **Dates and timetables:**
 - Academic calendar
 - Degree timetable
 - Examinations
- **Internships:**
 - External academic internships of the UdL
 - Degree regulations
- **Mobility:**
 - Academic mobility and programmes
 - Validation of credits
 - ECTS system
 - Degree mobility programmes
- **Scholarships and grants**



- **Regulations** UdL academic regulations
- Faculty/School

Regarding the teaching guides, the following information can be consulted for each subject of the degree.

- Subject code
- Coordinator, teaching staff of the subject and contact address
- Number of credits
- Distribution of the teaching load face-to-face class / autonomous work
- Theoretical / practical credit distribution
- Language of delivery
- Academic goals
- Competencies
- Fundamental contents of the subject
- Methodological axes of the subject
- Course development plan
- Evaluation system
- Bibliography and information resources
- Additional information

On the other hand, on the degree/master website there is also the tab "The degree in figures" where you can consult data and indicators of the degree disaggregated by sex. More specifically, in the degree dossier, information can be obtained disaggregated by sex regarding:

- Registration and access route
- Access note
- Teaching organization
- Teaching hours by type of teaching staff
- Performance tax
- Efficiency and graduation
- Cohort follow-up

Every June, there is an annual review of the School's websites and the degrees. This review process is framed within the SGIQ procedures and has been consolidated as a very useful and efficient means to ensure that the information appears complete and up-to-date. so that the quality office makes a detailed review of the School's websites and an Excel sheet is generated with all parameters checked. This Excel is later verified by the management team and coordinators of the EPS, so that, annually and before the enrollment process, the School's websites are set up so that all the information is truthful, complete, up-to-date and accessible. The team of coordinators and the management of the School work on this purpose in a coordinated way, holding meetings to share the aspects to be improved, together with the communication technician for management support. This way of working allows detecting those cross-cutting issues on the webs, which often depend on other services of the university and not on the School or the coordinator.



Criterion 5.2 Diploma and Diploma Supplement

Once the student has passed the university studies leading to obtaining a specific official qualification (Bachelor, Master or Doctorate) and, in the case of degrees, having proven knowledge of a third language, the student must apply for the title through the Electronic Office of the University and make the payment of the corresponding fees.

The price of the fees is set for each academic year by the Official Pricing Decree of the Generalitat of Catalonia.

Once the application for the issuance of the official title has been processed, all the documentation is checked by the Secretariat of the center and a receipt of the title is sent to the interested party, also electronically. Such a receipt along with the payment of the fees will be the provisional documentation to prove a degree/master has been obtained, upon the diploma is definitely issued. Alternatively, one may request the issuance of a replacement certificate of the title. This certificate has the same validity as the official diploma and it is issued on a provisional basis at the express request of the student.

The secretary of the center will inform the graduate when they can pick up the title.

Official degrees will be issued, on behalf of the King, by the Rector of the University of Lleida, in accordance with the requirements regarding their format, text and issuance procedure are established in current regulations.

The issuance of titles is regulated by the [Royal Decree 1002/2010, of August 5](#), on the issuance of official university degrees.

Once your request for the issuance of an official title has been processed, the center will proceed to generate the receipt of the title, which will be available in your electronic file.

According to current legislation, the title, once issued, must be personally withdrawn by the interested person, presenting the corresponding supporting document (DNI if it is a Spanish person, identity card if it is a national of an EU country or passport if it is a non-EU nationality).

If the holder cannot collect the diploma himself, he can authorize another person, always by means of a power of attorney, to remove it on behalf of the person concerned.

The European Diploma Supplement (SET) is the document that accompanies the official university degree and valid throughout the national territory with unified, personalized information for each university graduate, on the studies completed, the results obtained, the professional skills acquired and the level of your degree in the national higher education system. This document is issued by the center according to current regulations.

The SET is regulated by the [Royal Decree 1002/2010, of August 5](#), on the issuance of official university degrees and by the [Royal Decree 22/2015, of January 23](#), which establishes the



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requirements for issuing the European Supplement to the degrees regulated in Royal Decree 1393/2007, of October 29, which establishes the organization of official university education and modifies Royal Decree 1027/2011, of July 15, which establishes the Spanish Qualifications Framework for Higher Education.

The Ministry has published some guides to regulate its expedition

[Bachelor's degree SET Expedition Guide](#)

[Master SET Expedition Guide](#)



Criterion 5.3 Relevant rules

All the regulations that affect EPS qualifications are:

- Academic regulations of degrees and masters of the UdL (enrollment, permanence, evaluation and qualification, curricular qualification)
- Regulations for Tutored Practices in the Company,
- Regulations for End-of-Degree and Master's Projects,
- Academic Framework of the EPS,
- Regulations on double degrees,

All of them can be found in the Academic Information section of the School's website, in the specific section of Regulations

(http://www.eps.udl.cat/info_acad/normatives/normatives.html).

These regulations have been designed after analysing and considering the needs and requirements, so that they entail a positive impact on the development of the School's teaching.

Among the regulations mentioned, two of them are specific to the EPS and have a positive impact on the results of the qualifications: the curricular qualification and the Academic Framework of the EPS.

The **Curricular qualification** aims to determine whether:

- a student has globally acquired the knowledge necessary to pass each of the curricular blocks, and
- a student will be able to complete the programme within a reasonable period of time.

There are two curricular blocks in each Bachelor's Degree:

The Degree Start Curricular Block includes all the compulsory subjects of the first year

The Degree Completion Curricular Block includes all the compulsory subjects of the second, third and fourth years. Optional and specialization subjects, Internships and Bachelor's thesis will not be included.

The Evaluation Committee of the Start Curricular Block is responsible for applying the criteria approved in the Regulations, and assess the level of training acquired by each student, extracted from the analysis of the subjects that make up the curriculum block. It will also establish which students pass the Start curricular block, what is the mark that must appear in the minutes and transcript of each student, and prepare a report with the results of the curricular evaluation, to be signed by the director of the Center.

Students in the Completion Curriculum Block, who meet the conditions approved in the Regulations for this Block, may make a request addressed to the director of the Center so that they can be compensated for the corresponding subjects. The Curricular Qualification of this block will be the result of applying the criteria established in the approved Regulations.



The student will be considered to have passed a block and will be compensated for the subjects not passed, as long as he / she meets the criteria established in the regulations or when the Curricular Commission of the Block so decides.

The **Academic Framework of Degrees and the Academic Framework of Masters** of the EPS (http://www.eps.udl.cat/info_acad/normatives/MarcAcademicEPS.html) intend to establish the general bases for organizing teaching. Currently, the versions approved by the School Board in July 2014 are used, which result from the improvement of previous versions, started from the 2009/10 academic year. Among others, these documents establish bases to set the academic calendar and how to carry out the sequence of the different evaluation activities, from the written tests to the delivery of practices. Bases are also established on the number of evaluation activities and their weight in the final grade of a subject. In this way, continuous evaluation has been standardized in all EPS studies without overwhelming the student with these evaluation activities.

All these regulations are submitted to periodical updates. The most significant changes and improvements introduced recently are:

- **Approval of the Methodological Framework of Dual Training.**

With the implementation of Dual Training in some programmes, a set of protocols and work standards have been defined and established that are currently included in procedure PC 008: management of dual training in the masters of the Polytechnic School (6_01_EPS_PC008) and that has been reinforced with the approval in 2021 of the Methodological Framework for Dual Training for bachelor's and master's degrees at EPS (6_02_EPS_Marco Metodologico Formaci3n dual.pdf). The methodological framework of dual training includes aspects such as the organization, management, monitoring, evaluation and qualification of Dual Training in the bachelor's, master's and double-degree degrees taught at the EPS, following the general guidelines approved in the Regulations of the UdL

In addition, with the collaboration of the legal services of the University of Lleida, the following documents have been drawn up, which are included in the indicated protocols:

 - A specific dual training agreement model that sets out the specificities of dual training with respect to the rest of the practices at the University of Lleida.
 - The tutor's guide, which includes the obligations and duties of dual training tutors (see evidence).
 - The learning notebook in three languages: English, Spanish and Catalan (see evidence)
- **Adaptation of the Curricular Qualification Regulations**

In 2018 and 2019, two degrees of 180 ECTS have been implemented. Therefore, the Curricular Qualification Regulations has been adapted to differentiate the maximum number of credits that a student can compensate in the overall degree depending on whether he is pursuing a degree of 180 ECTS or 240 ECTS.
- **Due to the crisis caused by Covid-19, on April 2020 the Study Commission center approved two documents in order to provide guidelines to adapt to lockdown situation:**
 - The Guidelines for the Adaptation of the Online Assessment, following the



indications of agreement No. 33/2020 of the Governing Council of February 18, 2020, which approves the Regulations for the assessment and qualification of teaching in degrees and master's degrees from the UdL. The document includes all the adaptations made to maintain teaching and non-face-to-face evaluation, the procedure for modifying the teaching guides to reflect the changes, as well as the criteria for alternative evaluation.

- The EPS Procedure for the Defense of TFGs and TFMs online through the videoconference tool of the virtual campus, ensuring that the session is public and disseminated through the dissemination channels used by the Center.

- Introduction of gender perspective
In relation to the gender perspective, Law 17/2015, of July 21, on the effective equality of women and men, in its article 28.1 requires universities to “introduce the gender perspective in a transversal manner and of the studies on the contribution of women throughout history in all areas of knowledge and in academic and research activity, which must be included in the curriculum of undergraduate and postgraduate programmes.

In the implementation of this law, and in accordance with the indications of AQU Catalonia to display the gender perspective in all degrees, the UdL has approved, in the Governing Council of December 17, 2020, a transversal competence for degrees and Master's degrees that the incorporation of this perspective proposes: "Apply the gender perspective to the functions of the professional field".

The EPS included this competence in all degrees and masters during the first quarter of 2021, incorporating the learning outcomes that will specify the deployment of the transversal competence. For the preparation of the learning results, the documentation published by the Xarxa Vives commissions and by the AQU Catalunya Guide has been used.

6. Quality Management: Quality Assessment and Development

Criterion 6 Quality management: quality assessment and development

The EPS has an Internal Quality Assurance System (SGIQ) that collects the activities carried out in the center with the aim of guaranteeing the continuous improvement of the quality of the programmes of the center, following the guidelines and standards for quality assurance in the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) and the AUDIT programme.

The document that serves as the basis for the SGIQ of the center is the UdL Quality Manual and the documentation related to the government of the University (Statutes and general regulations) and the internal regulations of the Polytechnic School have been taken into account.

The student body, the teaching staff, and the administration and services staff are the main interest groups in the School's SGIQ. Their participation is guaranteed since they are represented or are part of the collegiate bodies of the University, such as the University Senate, the Governing Council and the main commissions, and of the collegiate bodies of the Polytechnic School, such as the School Board or the study commissions.

Other interest groups such as employers, public administrations and society in general are represented within the structure of the university through the Social Council. Regarding participation in the School, the EPS organizes meetings with the different social agents involved in their degrees: companies, professional associations, business associations, public administrations ... These meetings therefore guarantee the involvement of society and future employers in the School's proposals related to its training offer. In addition, companies collaborate with the School through internships or dual training programmes, so they are actively involved in the training of the future engineers.

The director of the School is responsible of the development of the SGIQ of the EPS. The director of the EPS appoints the coordinator of Quality of the Center, preferably among the members of the management team of the center, who represents the director in the follow-up of the SGIQ of the School.

During the 2019-20 academic year, the UdL requested the evaluation of the implementation of the transversal procedures of the Internal Quality Assurance System, which the center admits as its own. The result of the audit was favorable and opens the door to the certification of the implementation of the SGIQ at the center level, scheduled for 2022. This first stage has also involved the deployment of a set of indicators that allow controlling the procedures and defining a specific Improvement Plan within the Programme Budget developed by the UdL Strategic Plan.

The SGIQ of the UdL follows the guidelines of the procedure "PG24 Define and develop the policy and objectives of improvement of the university" for the revision of the SGIQ itself, as well as the associated improvement Plan.

The EPS admits as its own the general procedures "PG02 Design training programmes", "PG03 Review and improve official training programmes" and "PG26 Accredit official qualifications", developed within the framework of the SGIQ.



These procedures are subject to periodic updates led and managed by the UdL's Teaching Quality and Planning Unit, with the aim of adjusting to changes in needs and regulations, thus establishing a system of continuous improvement of these SGIQ procedures. The history of the dates and reasons for these reviews can be consulted at the beginning of each of the procedures.

The purpose of these procedures is to establish the guidelines to be applied in the design and approval of new undergraduate and graduate degrees adapted to the EHEA, as well as the subsequent monitoring and review of their results in order to guarantee the quality of official training programmes, and finally its accreditation.

In all of them, special emphasis is placed on the participation of all the agents involved. Thus, in the "Stakeholder participation" section, present in all these procedures, it is clearly and transparently defined how this requirement is met in each case.

- **Updating of the PG02, PG03 and PG26 procedures.** During 2020, the procedures were reviewed and updated by the Teaching Quality and Planning Unit together with the corresponding Vice-Rectors.
- **Restructuring of the Improvement Plan.** Various changes have been introduced in the organization of the Improvement Plan: the year in which the improvement action is introduced is identified, it is related to the general procedure to which it is associated, it is identified whether the action corresponds to the center in general or to a specific degree and the origin of the action is indicated (monitoring report, accreditation, center agreements, ..). In the same document, a tab has been created with the "Completed Actions" and their corresponding follow-up.
- **Indicator analysis.** Annually, the management of the center together with the technicians of the Quality Office assess the indicators related to the procedures. Since 2020, the number of indicators has been expanded, which makes it possible to propose improvement actions based on the analysis of the information.

The gender perspective has been incorporated into the processes mentioned above, introducing the disaggregation by sex in part of the information. The center has participated in the deployment of the UdL Equal Opportunities Plan. Through the procedure PG03 Review and improve the training programmes, the transversal competence "Applying the gender perspective to the functions of the professional field" has been introduced, approved by the UdL Academic Organization Commission on December 17, 2020 in all degrees .

Regarding the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, from the beginning the Directorate of the EPS, following the indications of the Vice-Rectorate for Academic Planning, adapted to:

- Plan again all pending teaching using, as far as possible, the online methodology, offering virtual classes respecting the original timetables and the time bands established for each subject.
- Sizing and coordinating academic activities taking into account the workload of each subject and the set of subjects that were being studied.
- Maintain regular contact with the students to ensure that they were aware of the proposed novelties and that they allowed their observations to be collected in order to help improve the planning of changes and avoid possible overlaps.



In the case of external practices, as of the declaration of the alarm state, the face-to-face practices of students of all EPS degrees were suspended. Only in the cases that the typology of the functions to be performed allowed it, were they replaced by teleworking. The external practices were restarted with the lifting of the state of alarm. Before resuming the activity, it was necessary to sign a COVID declaration by the student, the company tutor and the University tutor where the agreement of the parties was recorded to return to the face-to-face modality of the practices.

Since March 13, 2020, no face-to-face meetings have been held with students and all communications have been made by mail or videoconference through a new space on the virtual campus called "Meetings with PTE students".

The Study Commission of April 16, 2020 approved the document "Guidelines for the adaptation of the online assessment" which included all the changes applied taking into account the procedures PG22 Programme the Annual Teaching Plan, PG29 Manage external academic practices and PG30 Plan and develop learning methodologies.

In the same Study Commission, the "Procedure for modifying the teaching guides" was approved, which included how to introduce addenda to reflect the changes introduced and to be able to monitor them.

The monitoring of the qualifications is carried out on an ongoing basis each academic year and is articulated mainly through the following mechanisms:

- Monthly meetings of all the coordinators of degrees and masters with the heads of studies.
- Meetings of the coordinator with the teaching staff of each degree at the end of each academic year.
- Periodic meetings of the coordinator with the students.
- Meetings of the EPS management team with different representative groups of the Center such as: the Student Council, the Heads of the Departments attached to the EPS, representatives of the industrial sector and the person in charge of the Academic Secretariat of the EPS, among others.
- Contributions and suggestions from the tutors of the UdL Tutoring Plan (Acompaña-Plan Néstor) based on individual or group tutorials with the students.
- Weekly meetings of the Center's Management Team.
- Specific intensive sessions of the management team for the review and evaluation of the completed course (month of July), in which the objectives of the following course are defined. In winter, intensive follow-up sessions are also planned, in order to review and adjust the planned strategic actions.

This constant work throughout the course allows EPS to carry out continuous management in which the aspects to be improved can be precisely detected and can be addressed with diligence, thus contributing to the continuous improvement of all processes.

In addition, and specifically for the preparation of the monitoring report of the degrees, during the months of June / July of each course, the monitoring data of each of the degrees is evaluated, which the Quality and Planning unit makes available to available through DATA, the results are



analyzed and discussed in the meetings of the Coordinators Team, then proposing the improvement actions that they want to carry out for the following year. The result of this process is the preparation of an annual Improvement Plan in which all those improvement actions that are intended to be tackled during the following academic year are specified. This document is discussed and approved by the Studies Commission and by the Studies Commission of the corresponding Official Postgraduate Programme (POP).

Since the 16/17 academic year, the Quality and Teaching Planning unit has established the monitoring of the SGIQ through indicators, which have been expanded during the 19/20 academic year, in such a way that the quality technicians have been brought together with the EPS management team. The results obtained for the different defined indicators are discussed, are valued and specific proposals for improvement are established. This procedure is valued very positively as it encourages participatory and consensual decision-making, as well as allowing the detection of strong points and areas for improvement.

Finally, it should be noted that annually, the School management meets with the Vice-Rectorate for Academic Organization and Planning, as well as with the technicians of the Quality and Planning unit, with the aim of defining those strategic improvement actions that will be linked to the Budget of the School in the following academic year, through the signing of the Center Agreements.

The Improvement Plan systematically includes the process and timing of the achievement of the different planned actions and is approved by the Undergraduate Studies Commission and the Official Postgraduate Programme Studies Commission. The constitution of these commissions is defined by the SGIQ and all groups are represented.

All the information is available in the Center's Portfolio, a document repository that contains all the information and documents generated in the quality assurance process of all the centre's degrees.



IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Improvement plan for Master's degrees submitted for evaluation

The following Improvement Plan includes the monitoring of the actions that are currently being developed and the proposal of new actions that arise from the analysis carried out in this report.

Proposed Origin	Year Proposal	TITLE / CENTER	PC	Objectives Achieved	Improvement Actions	Modification. Memory of the title Yes / No	Responsible for the action	Implementation calendar
Accreditation report / IDA	2019	Center	PG 30 Plan and develop teaching methodologies	Regulate and organize the new procedures originated by the implementation of Dual Training	Develop regulations for Dual Training that regulate the process in all its areas	No	Heads of Studies	1st Semester 2020 Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2019	Center	PG 02 Design training programs	Increase the offer of double degrees	Explore the feasibility of a double degree for the Degree in Engineering in Industrial Organization and Logistics and for the Degree in Chemical Engineering	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinators	Course 19/20 Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2019	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Consolidate the single entry into undergraduate degrees in the industrial branch	Consolidation of the unification of criteria and contents in the common subjects of the five branches of Industrial Engineering.	No	Head of Industrial Studies	Course 19/20 Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2019	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Give visibility to the Igualada Campus	Send the School Newsletter to the addresses of secondary schools and institutions in the Igualada area	No	Management of the Center	Course 19/20 Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 28 Welcoming and guiding students	Improve student representation	Consolidate the Student Council of the Igualada campus and renew the Board of the Lleida Campus Council.	No	Management of the Center	2nd Semester 2020



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Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Give visibility to the Igualada Campus	Improving the promotion campaign for the Igualada Campus; including the centers of cycles of formative degrees and intensifying the actions in the counties of Osona, Baix Llobregat, Penedès and Conca del Barberà.	No	EPS address	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Disseminate degrees in the area of influence	Promote the school and its degrees through the presentation of projects.	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 28 Welcoming and guiding students	Improve student representation	Improve student representation; promote classroom delegates of all degrees and courses.	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 23 Publish information and report on training programs	Increase participation in surveys	Send emails to graduates to fill out satisfaction surveys	No	Management of the Center	November 2020
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Promote technological vocations	Start a Talent Program. It is a program aimed at high school students with good academic results and aims to expand their training	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Disseminate the degrees of the School in the area of influence	Look for an EPS promotion coordinator.	No	Management of the Center	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 29 Manage external academic internships	Promote actions that enhance the level of interaction with the business environment generating new synergies	Analyze the desirability of activating a business advisory board.	No	External Internship Coordinator	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 28 Welcoming and guiding students	Improving the sub-standard 5.1 Academic guidance services adequately support the learning process and vocational guidance services facilitate	Promote the Progateway program and incorporate GATE into the program	No	Management of the Center	Course 20/21



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				incorporation into the labor market				
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 28 Welcoming and guiding students	Improving the sub-standard 5.1 Academic guidance services adequately support the learning process and vocational guidance services facilitate incorporation into the labor market	Promote a monograph on employability for students of 4t.	No	External Internship Coordinator	2nd Semester 2020
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 08 Manage outgoing mobility students	Encourage the internalization of our students	Perform WVEPS virtually.	No	Deputy Director of International Relations	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 32 Manage complaints and suggestions (centers)	Consolidate the relationship between the school, students and alumni	Explore the possibility of using LinkedIn to consolidate the relationship between students and school	No	School Management	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 06 Capturing future students	Disseminate degrees in the area of influence	Improve the number of followers on the networks.	No	Management of the Center	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center	PG 32 Manage complaints and suggestions (centers)	Systematize the collection of complaints and suggestions	Review procedures and protocol for handling student complaints.	No	Head of Studies / Coordinators	2nd Semester 2020
SIGQ monitoring	2020	Center	PG 26 Accredite the qualifications	Highlight the quality of the degrees taught and give it international recognition	Renewal of ASIIN labels: EUR-ACE for GEM, GEEIA, GEES and MEInd degrees EURO-INF for GEI and MEInf degrees	No	Management of the Center	Course 20/21
SIGQ monitoring	2020	Center	PG 26 Accredite the qualifications	Prepare the institutional accreditation of the center	Formalize the quality policy of the center in a document	No	Management of the Center	1st semester 2021



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SIGQ monitoring	2020	Center	PG 15 Develop and execute the training plan for academic staff	Encourage teaching improvement and innovation actions by applying teaching methodologies and sharing good practices adapted to teaching on the occasion of the changes brought about by COVID-19	Organize seminars for teachers to apply new teaching methodologies and share teaching experiences related to the transition to virtual teaching	No	Heads of Studies	February 2021
Center agreements	2021	Center	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Design measures to improve student permanence.	Perform an analysis of the results of the dropout rate of the degrees with the highest rates	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	In 2021
Center agreements	2021	Center	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Identify the extreme cases of student dissatisfaction with the subjects	Analyze the information of the subjects with values lower than 2.5 and propose measures	No	Center address	In 2021
Center agreements	2021	Center	PG 08 Manage outgoing mobility students	Design an administrative mobility management procedure.	Write the center procedure	No	Deputy Director of International Relations	In 2021
Center agreements	2021	Center	PG 31 Review and improve the internal quality assurance system	Review the IQAS Manual of the centers	Approve the revision of the centre's IQAS Manual	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	In 2021
Center agreements	2021	Center	PG 32 Manage complaints and suggestions (centers)	If the confinement is maintained, set up virtual meetings with students to collect complaints and suggestions regarding the quality of the degrees.	Organize meetings with students in 6 degrees of the center (degree and master)	No	Deputy Director of Students, Promotion and Quality	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	Center (COVID-19)	PG 22 Schedule the annual teaching plan	Report on adaptations in the curriculum resulting from the pandemic	Coordinators-students meeting to explain the measures taken due to the pandemic and the adaptations of schedules and teaching activity.	No	Head of Studies / Coordinators	September 2020



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Follow-up report	2020	Center (COVID-19)	PG 22 Schedule the annual teaching plan	Provide the center with tools and resources to maintain the quality of teaching during the COVID-19 situation	The teaching guide will reflect the specific safety measures of each subject for the realization of the practices in the laboratory.	No	Management of the Center	September 2020
Follow-up report	2020	Center (COVID-19)	PG 27 Manage material resources for teaching	Provide the center with tools and resources to maintain the quality of teaching during the COVID-19 situation	Acquisition of a laboratory for laptops and audiovisual equipment to support the exceptional situation experienced as a result of the Covid-19	No	Management of the Center	September 2020
Follow-up report	2020	Center (COVID-19)	PG 27 Manage material resources for teaching	Implement protection measures against COVID-19	Adequacy of spaces to ensure distance measurements.	No	Management of the Center	September 2020
Follow-up report	2020	Center (COVID-19)	PG 06 Capturing future students	Implement protection measures against COVID-19	Carrying out workshops and promotional activities in virtual format.	No	Management of the Center	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2021	GEE IA	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Improve the quality of the training program	Review the catalog of training activities, field visits, in order to promote the Automatic aspect of the degree	No	Degree coordinators	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	GEE IA / GEM	PG 30 Plan and develop teaching methodologies	Establish project work in degrees	Reactivate the MotoStudent project	No	Degree coordinators	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2019	GEE S	PG 06 Capturing future students	Disseminate degrees in the area of influence	Make efforts to link schools of training cycles with the Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability	No	Degree coordinator	Course 19/20 Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	GEE S	PG 22 Schedule the annual teaching plan	Increase the offer of double degrees	Implementation of the double degree: Degree in Mechanical Engineering and Degree in Energy Engineering and Sustainability.	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 20/21
Follow-up report	2020	GEE S	PG 06 Capturing	Increase the offer of double degrees	Explore the feasibility of a double international degree with the University	No	Head of Studies /	Course 20/21



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			future students		of Perugia (Italy).		Degree Coordinator	
Accreditation report	2021	GEES	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Improve the training program	Analyze the optional subjects of the GEES that involve mentions in the title	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22
Accreditation report	2021	GEES	PG 06 Capturing future students	Increase the offer of double degrees	Consolidate the GEES degree, as well as the double GEM / GEES degree	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22
Follow-up report	2020	GEI	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Consolidate the offer of the training program	Consolidate the offer of Minor Global Acting in ICT	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 20/21 Course 21/22
Accreditation report	2021	GEI	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Design measures to improve student permanence.	Monitor dropout and fees for the first year of the degree	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22
Accreditation report	2021	GEI	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Improve the quality of the training program	Restructuring of the Curriculum in line with the changes to be introduced in the Master in Computer Engineering	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22
Accreditation report	2021	GEI	PG 03 Review and improve training programs	Improve the quality of the training program	Revision of the TFG registration regulations in order to speed up procedures	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22
Accreditation report	2021	GEM	PG 30 Plan and develop teaching methodologies	Establish project work in degrees	Incorporate the realization of integrative projects that involve different subjects in the formative itinerary of the students of the degree	No	Head of Studies / Degree Coordinator	Course 21/22



Annex: Correspondence between the AQU Catalunya and ASIIN standards

ASIIN	Notes	AQU Catalunya
1. The Degree Programme: Concept, content & implementation		1. Quality of the training programme
1.1 Objectives and learning outcomes of a degree programme (intended qualifications profile)		1.1. The programme's competence profile meets the requirements of the discipline and complies with the required level of study according to the MECES.
1.2 Name of the degree programme 1.3 Curriculum		1.2. The curriculum and structure of the curriculum are consistent with the programme's competence profile and learning outcomes.
1.4 Admission requirements		1.3. Students who are admitted have an admission profile that is suitable for the programme and the number of students is consistent with the number of places offered.
	ASIIN criterion 6	1.4. The existence of effective teaching coordination mechanisms for the programme.
	ASIIN criterion 5.3	1.5. The different regulations are complied with in the correct way and this has a positive impact on the programme outcomes.
2. The Degree Programme: Structures, Methods & Implementation		
2.1 Structure and modules		
2.2 Work load and credits		
2.3 Teaching methodology		
2.4 Support and assistance		5. Effectiveness of learning support systems



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		<p>5.1. The academic guidance services provide adequate support for the learning process, and the professional guidance services facilitate entry into the labour market.</p> <p>5.2. The available physical resources are adequate for the number of students and the characteristics of the programme.</p>
3. Exams: System, Concept & Organisation		6. Quality of programme (learning) outcomes
		<p>6.1. The learning outcomes achieved meet the expected training goals and the MECESlevel of the degree programme.</p> <p>6.2. The training activities, the teaching methodology and the assessment system are suitable to ensure the achievement of the expected learning outcomes.</p> <p>6.3. The values for the academic indicators are adequate for the characteristics of the programme.</p> <p>6.4. The values for the graduate labour market/destination indicators are adequate for the characteristics of the programme.</p>
4. Resources		4. Suitability of teaching staff for the training programme
4.1 Staff		<p>4.1. The teaching staff meet the qualifications requirements for programme delivery in the faculty, and they have sufficient and recognised teaching, research and, where applicable, professional experience.</p> <p>4.2. There are sufficient teaching staff in the faculty, and staff assignment is adequate for them to carry out their duties and attend the students.</p>
4.2 Staff development		4.3. The HEI offers support and opportunities for enhancing teaching quality in the faculty.



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4.3 Funds and equipment		
5. Transparency and Documentation		2. Relevance of the public information
5.1 Module descriptions		2.1. The HEI publishes truthful, complete, up-to-date and accessible information on the characteristics of the degree programme and its delivery.
	ASIIN criterion 6	2.2. The HEI publishes information on the academic and satisfaction outcomes.
	ASIIN criterion 6	2.3. The HEI publishes the IQAS which forms the framework of the degree programme and the monitoring and accreditation outcomes of the degree programme.
5.2 Diploma and Diploma Supplement		
5.3 Relevant rules	AQU subestàndard 1.5	1.5. The different regulations are complied with in the correct way and this has a positive impact on the programme outcomes.
6. Quality Management: Quality Assessment and Development		3. Efficacy of the programme's internal quality assurance system
		3.1. The implemented IQAS has processes which ensure the design, approval, monitoring and accreditation of the degree programmes.
		3.2. The implemented IQAS ensures the collection of information and of outcomes relevant to the efficient management of the degree programmes, especially including the academic and satisfaction outcomes of the stakeholders.
		3.3. The implemented IQAS is periodically reviewed and generates an enhancement plan that is used for its continuous enhancement.